



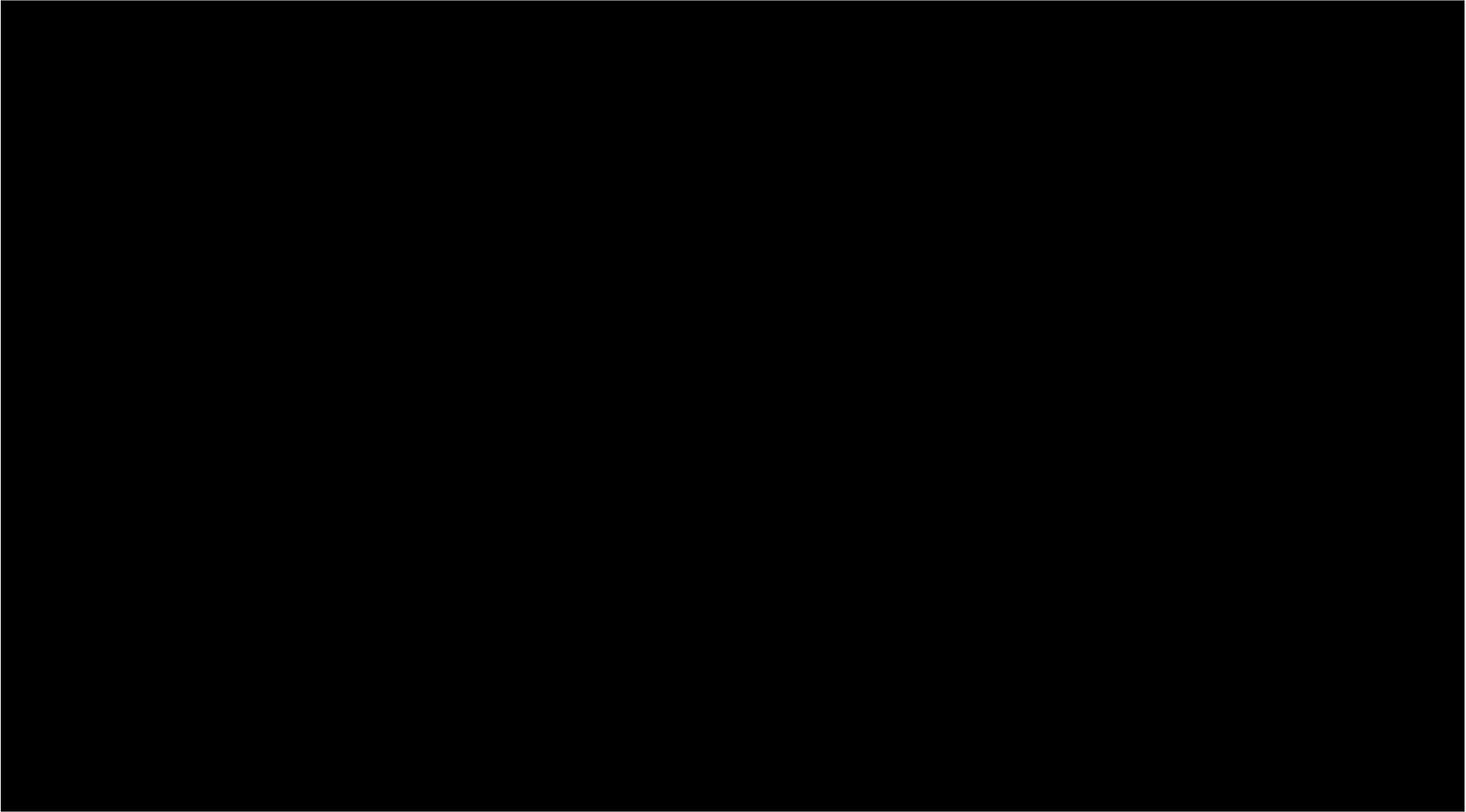
Jet Propulsion Laboratory
California Institute of Technology



Mars Helicopter

Leveraging Commercial Hardware and Open Source Software

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NASA Mars Helicopter Page:

<https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7121>

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Conditions at Mars

Long distance from Earth

Thin atmosphere (<1% of Earth's)

Cold Martian nights (~ -90°C)

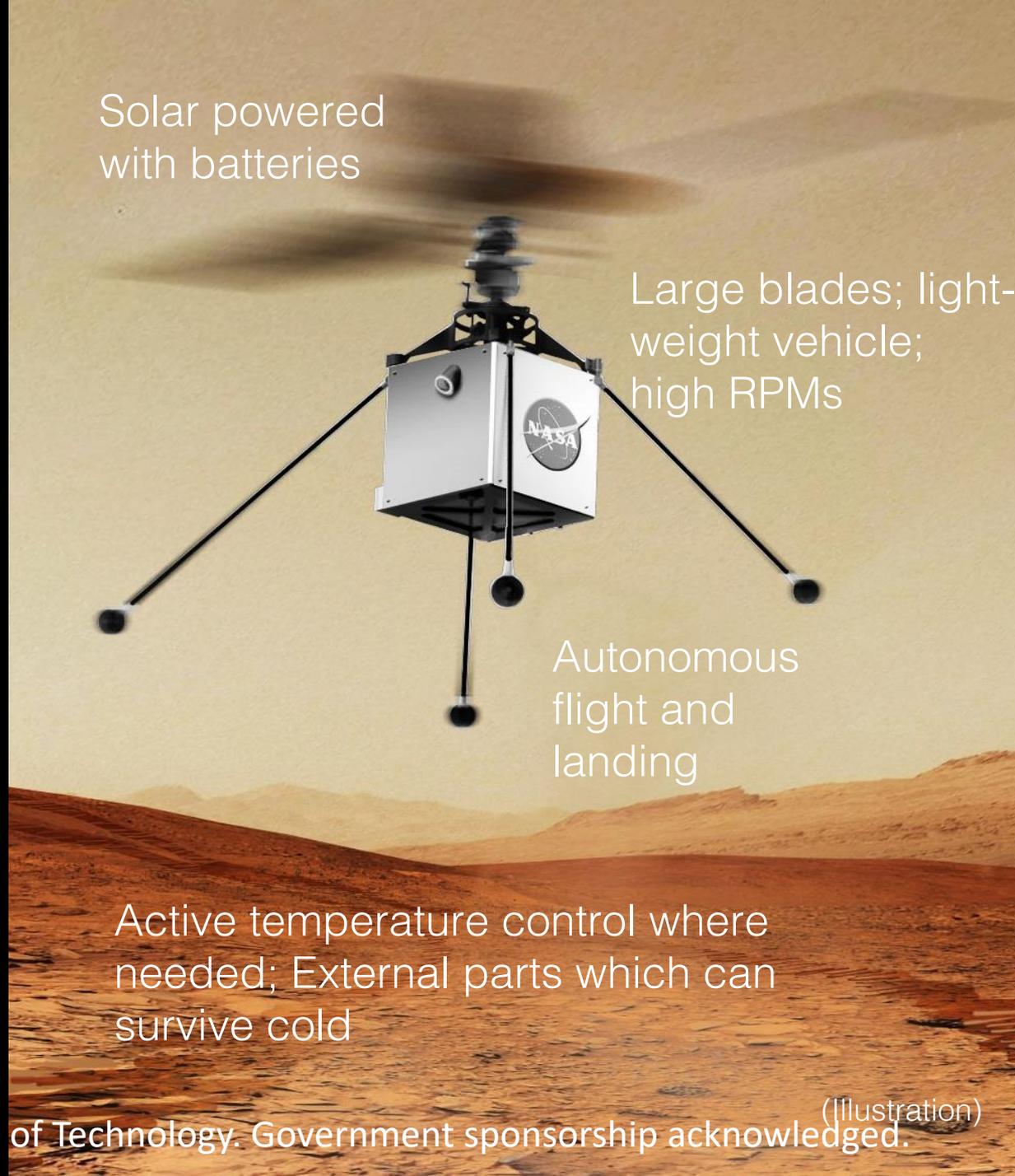
Need self-sufficient solar power system

Solar powered with batteries

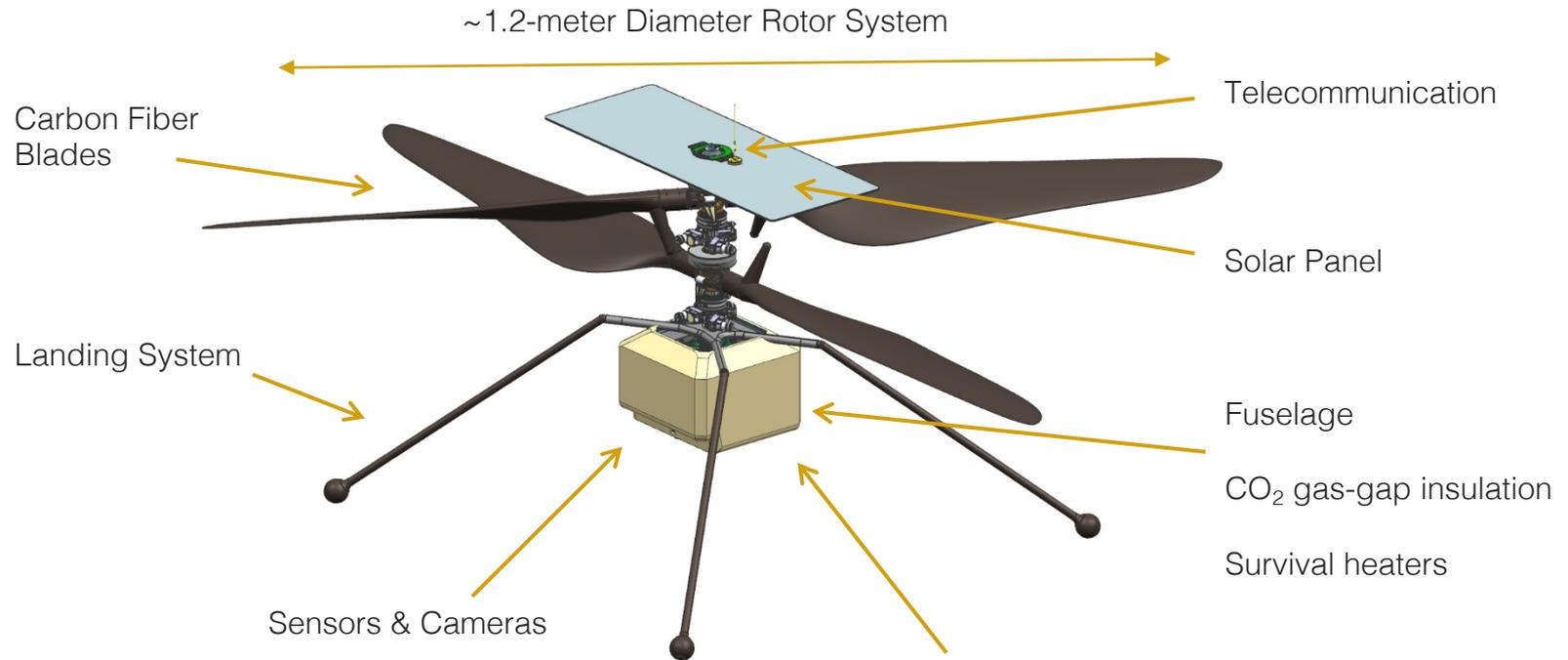
Large blades; lightweight vehicle; high RPMs

Autonomous flight and landing

Active temperature control where needed; External parts which can survive cold



Anatomy of Mars Helicopter



- ✓ Total Mass < 1.8 Kg
- ✓ Rotor Speed: 1900-2800 RPM
- ✓ Blade Tip Mach Number: < 0.7

Avionics Processing

Batteries

Autonomous flight control algorithms

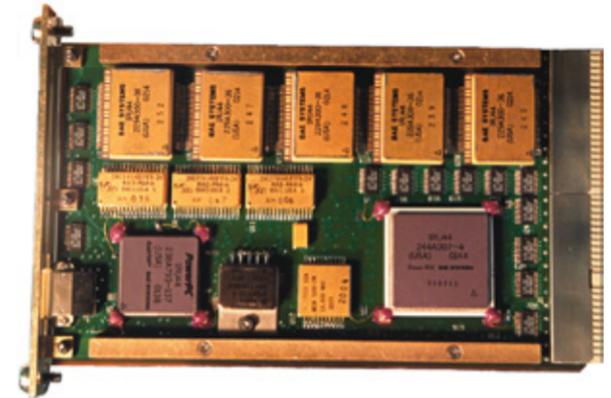
Built and Tested “Flight Model” Mars Helicopter



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Mars Helicopter Avionics Design

- The helicopter avionics needs to be light-weight, powerful, and low power.
 - 500Hz guidance loops
 - 30Hz vision-based navigation
- Current radiation-tolerant hardware is too bulky and does not have computing power needed
 - BAE RAD750 - ~200 DMIPS
- Choice was made to mix Commercial Off The Shelf (COTS) parts with some core radiation tolerant logic
 - RAD-Hard FPGA is the cop of the system
 - Provides clocks, core power management and watchdogs
 - Interfaces with sensors and motor system
 - Automotive grade microcontroller has responsibility for maintaining flight control
 - Dual lockstep processor can detect hardware faults
 - Redundant copies can fail over
 - Cell-phone grade ARM Linux processor does navigation, telecom, imaging and command/telemetry processing
 - Very fast
 - Lots of memory
 - Not as robust as other parts
 - Cell-phone grade cameras for navigation and pictures
 - VGA gray-scale navigation
 - 13MP color camera for pictures



BAE RAD750

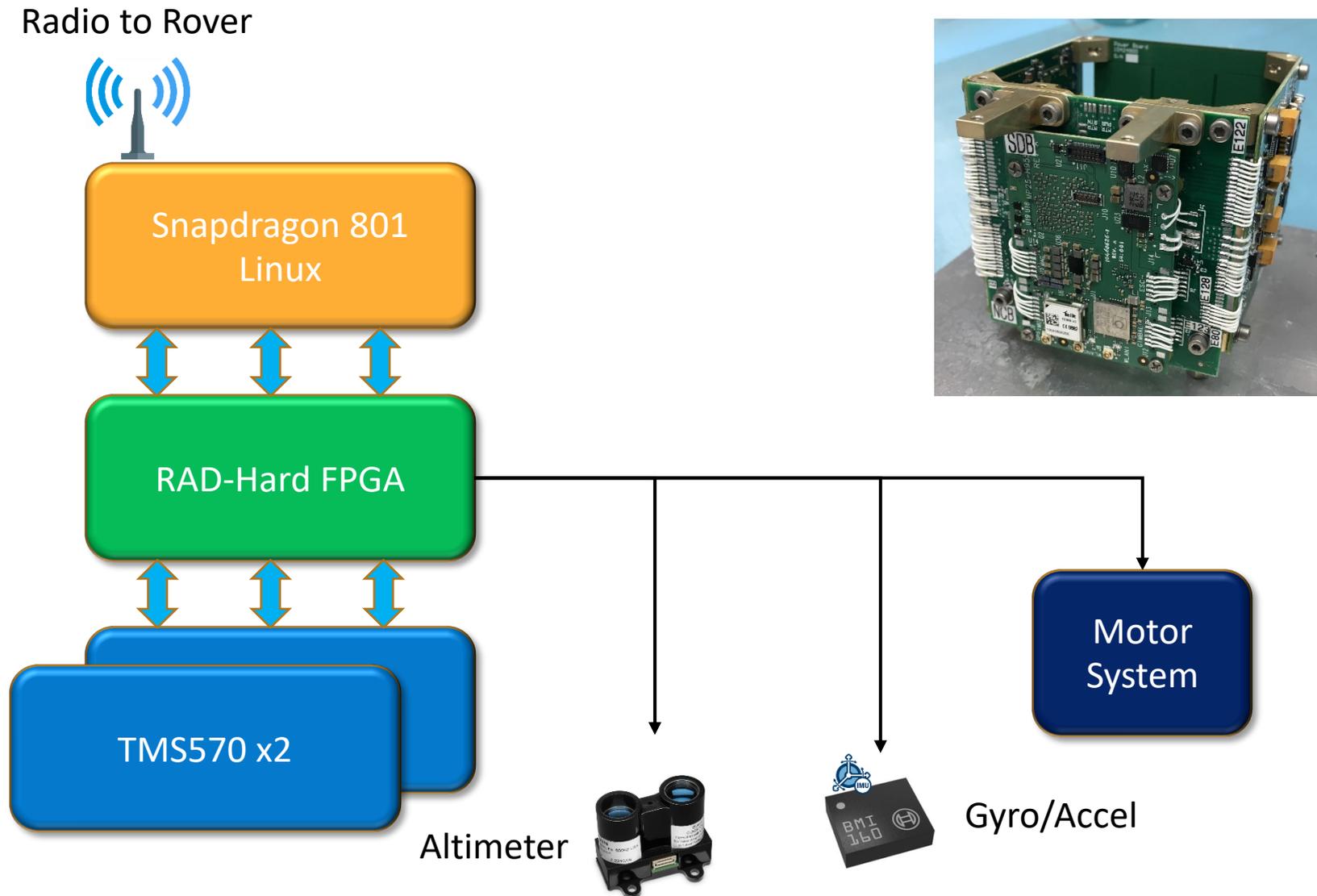


Texas Instruments TMS570



Snapdragon 801

Mars Helicopter Avionics Design Block Diagram

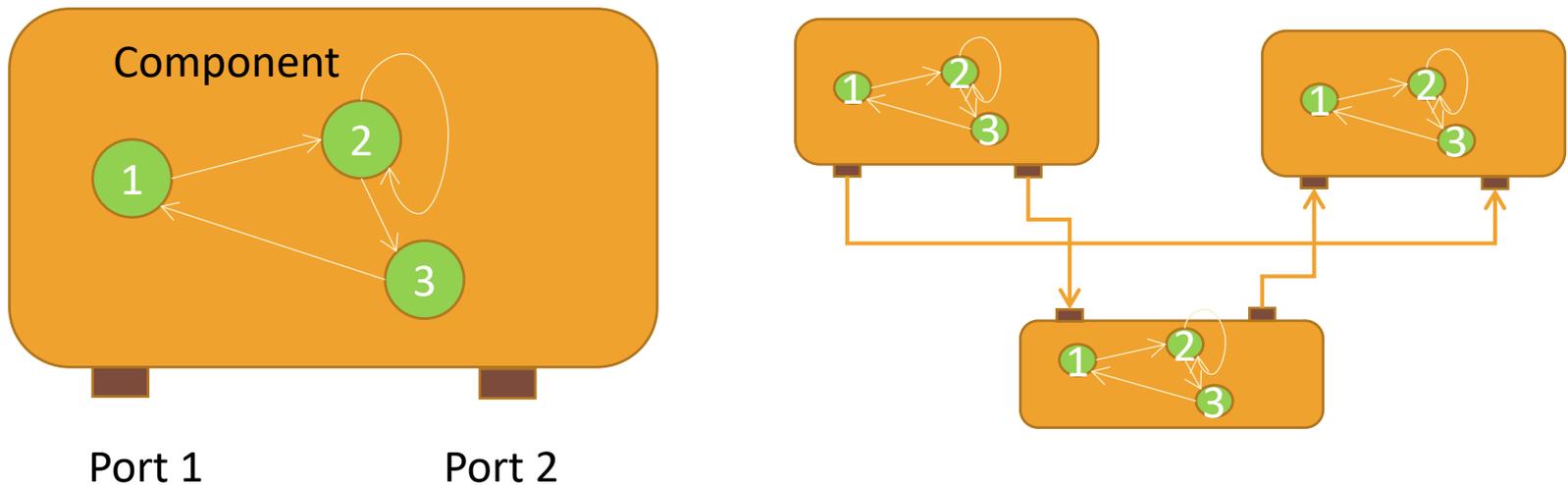


Mars Helicopter Flight Software

- Smaller software team, shorter schedule
 - No time to write software from scratch
 - Needed a reliable code base
 - Flexible architecture for multiple test configurations
 - Different test configurations for different venues
- Chose F Prime flight software architecture
 - JPL developed, but open sourced on NASA GitHub
 - <https://bit.ly/2XD31fl>
 - Used on previous projects at JPL
 - RapidScat
 - Asteria
 - Planned future missions
 - NeaScout/Lunar Flashlight
 - Future smallsat/instrument Leon4 platform
 - Collaboration with university CubeSat projects
 - Helicopter reused many infrastructure components from previous projects

F Prime Architecture

- F Prime is a component architecture
- Software is composed of **components** (behaviors) and **ports** (interfaces between components)
- Components are interconnected together to form **topologies**, which comprise the binary built as a **deployment**.
- Components are not link dependent on other components, so they can be easily recombined to form alternate topologies.
- Mars Helicopter had 11 different deployments for various test venues and ground support applications.



F Prime Development Process

- Define components and interfaces in XML
 - Code generation for boiler-plate code
 - Tasks, messages, commands and telemetry
- Developer writes C++ derived classes to implement component logic
- Generate unit test code to test component
 - Code generator generates component test harness
- Software lead assembles components into the topology
- System can be run with an included ground system with a python test API

Summary

- The use of COTS hardware allowed quick implementation of a compact, powerful avionics packet with a backstop of reliable flight parts
- We were able to achieve impressive performance that would not have been possible with conventional flight hardware
- The use of F Prime allowed us to leverage work done by other projects to mature the core components of the system
- The flexibility of F Prime allowed us support a number of venues and functions
- F Prime is available as open source
 - You too can fly code flown by the helicopter!
- Questions?

References

- BAE RAD750 - <https://bit.ly/2JFgM6T>
- Texas Instruments TMS570 - <https://bit.ly/2Yqhn02>
- Garmin Altimeter - <https://bit.ly/2xmh1M8>
- Bosch IMU - <https://bit.ly/2wBD2bn>
- JPL F Prime Framework - <https://bit.ly/2XD31fl>