

Designing for situation awareness
and operator control
with large data volumes
in NASA's Deep Space Network

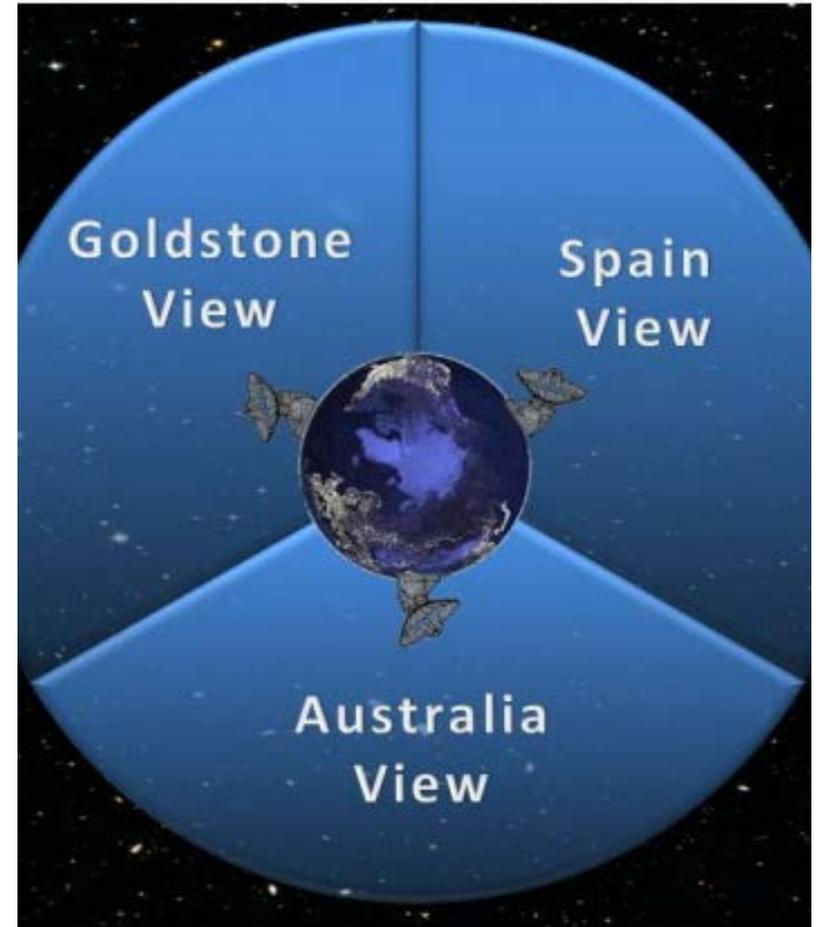
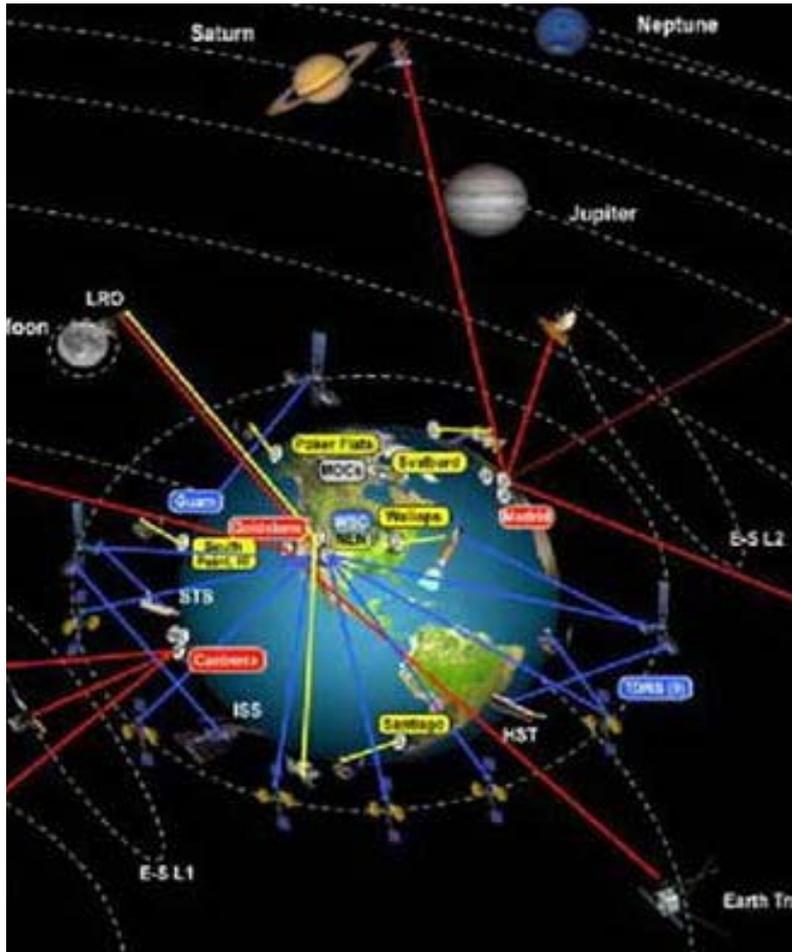


Alexandra Holloway

“From the Desert to the Stars”



DSN provides support to most of the world's spacecraft



Deep Space Network

13

Antennas

3

Sites

50

Years old

37 hour

Round-trip light time

Staffing

3–6

Operators per shift

2

Links per operator

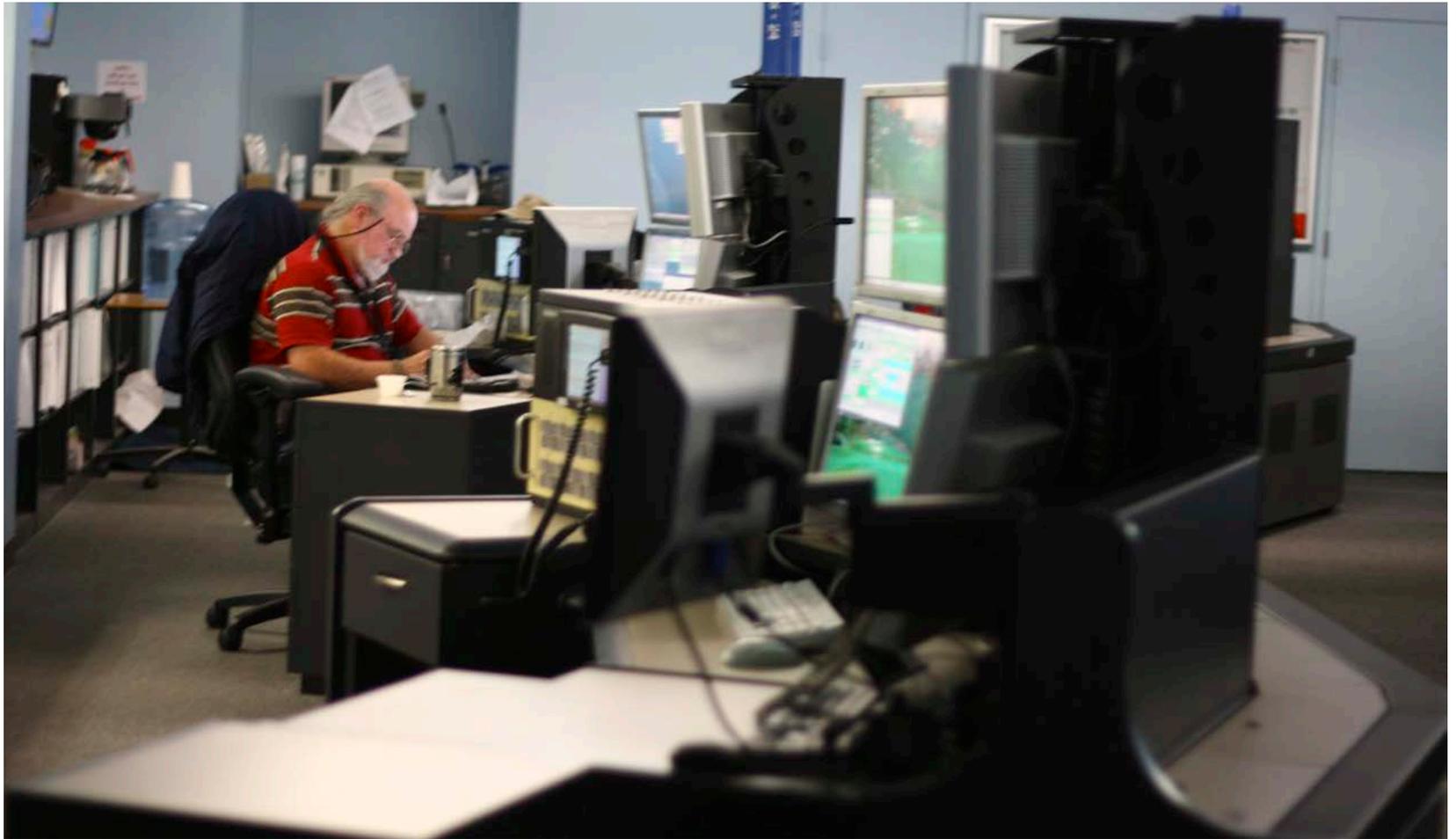
3

8-hour shifts per station

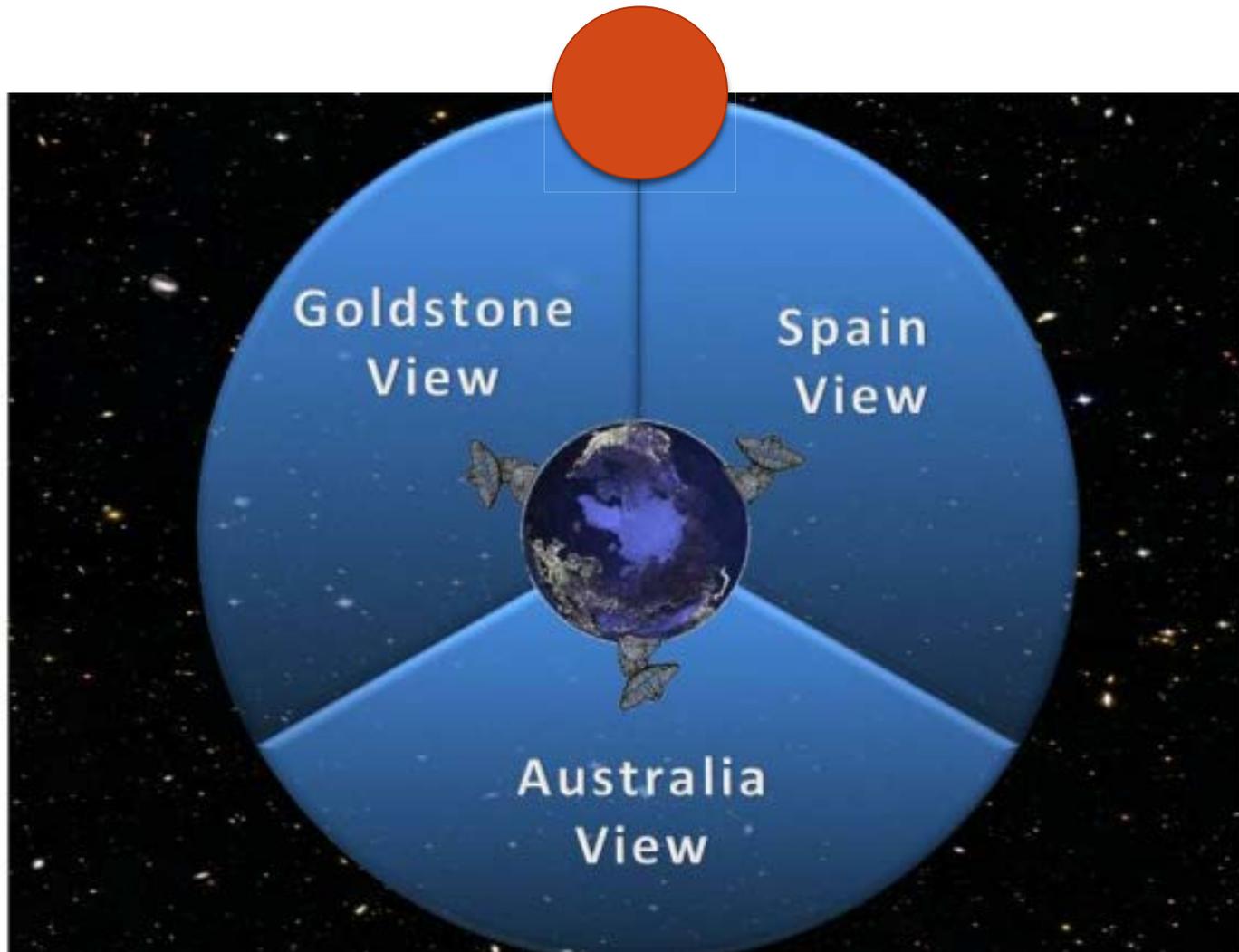
24

Hours per day

Two links per operator

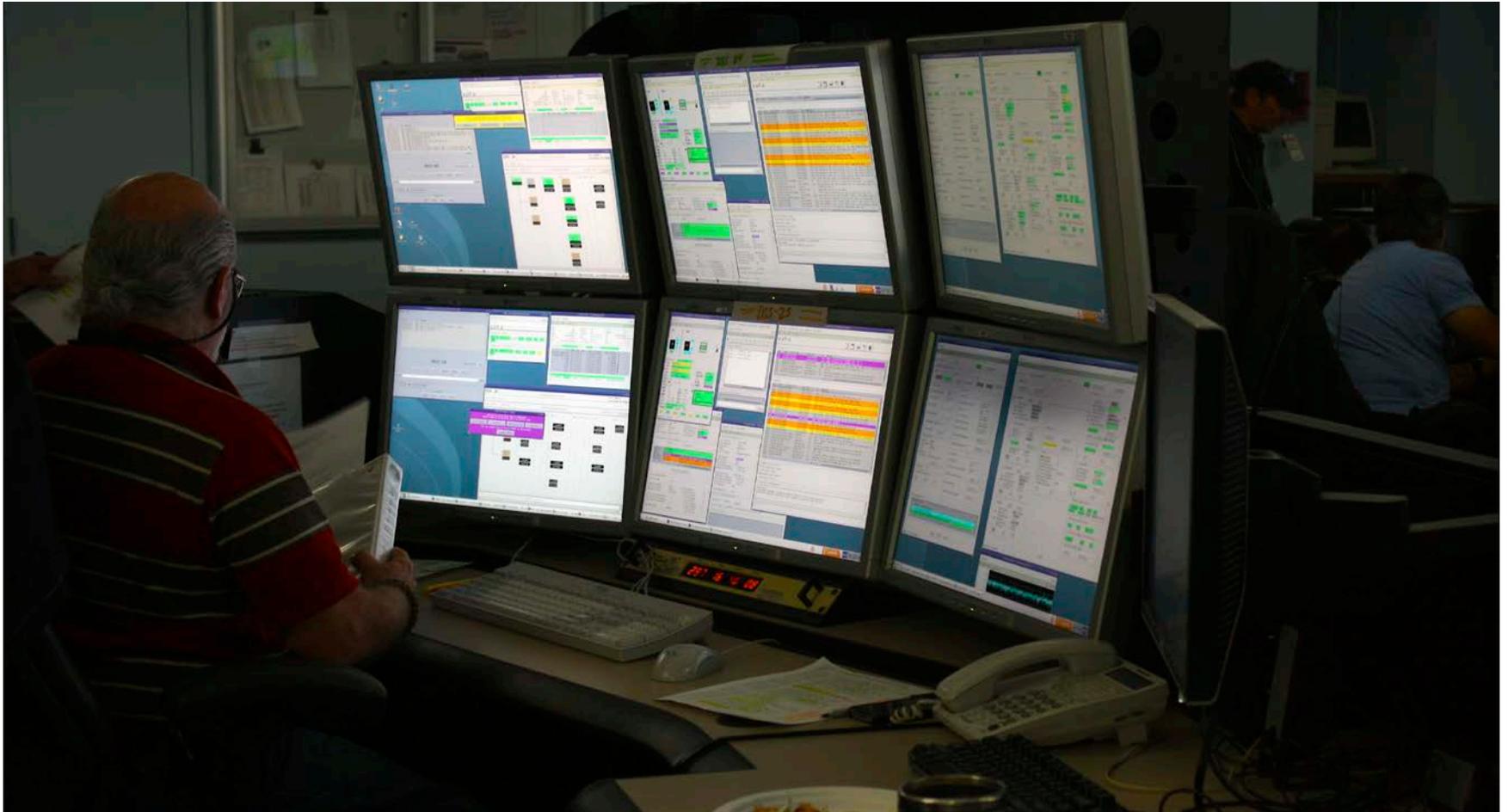


Following the sun



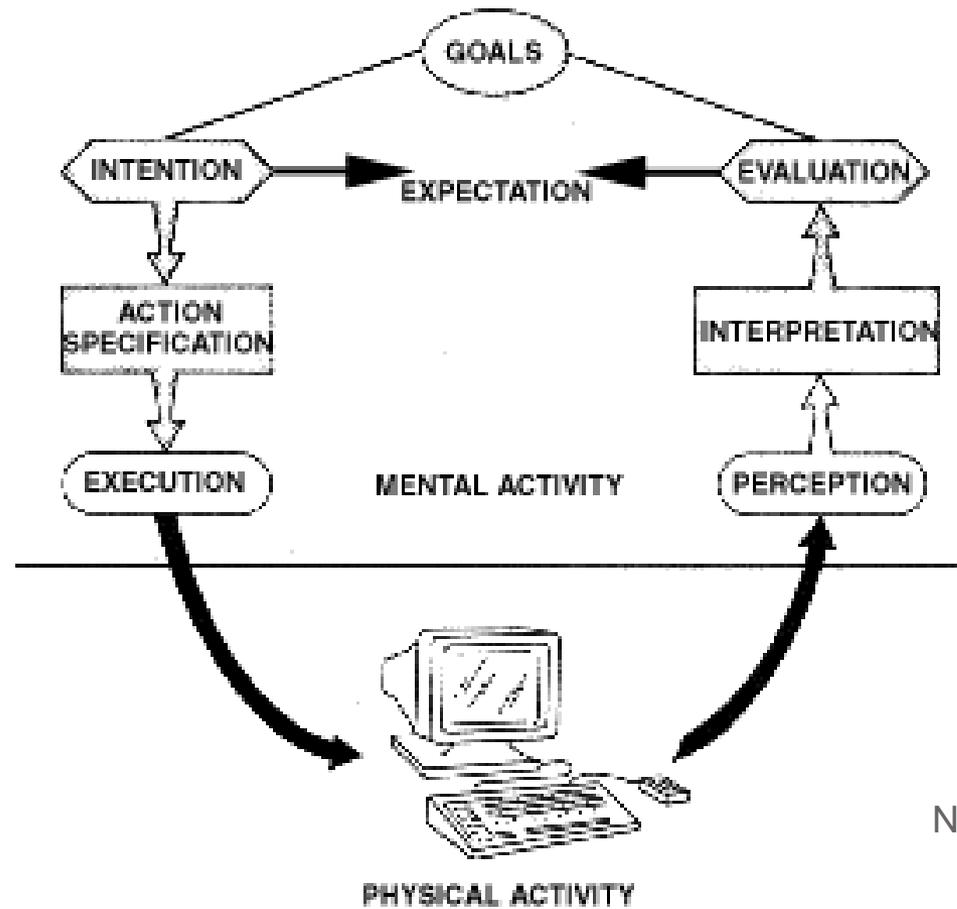
Human problems in “big” data

Q: What should I pay attention to?



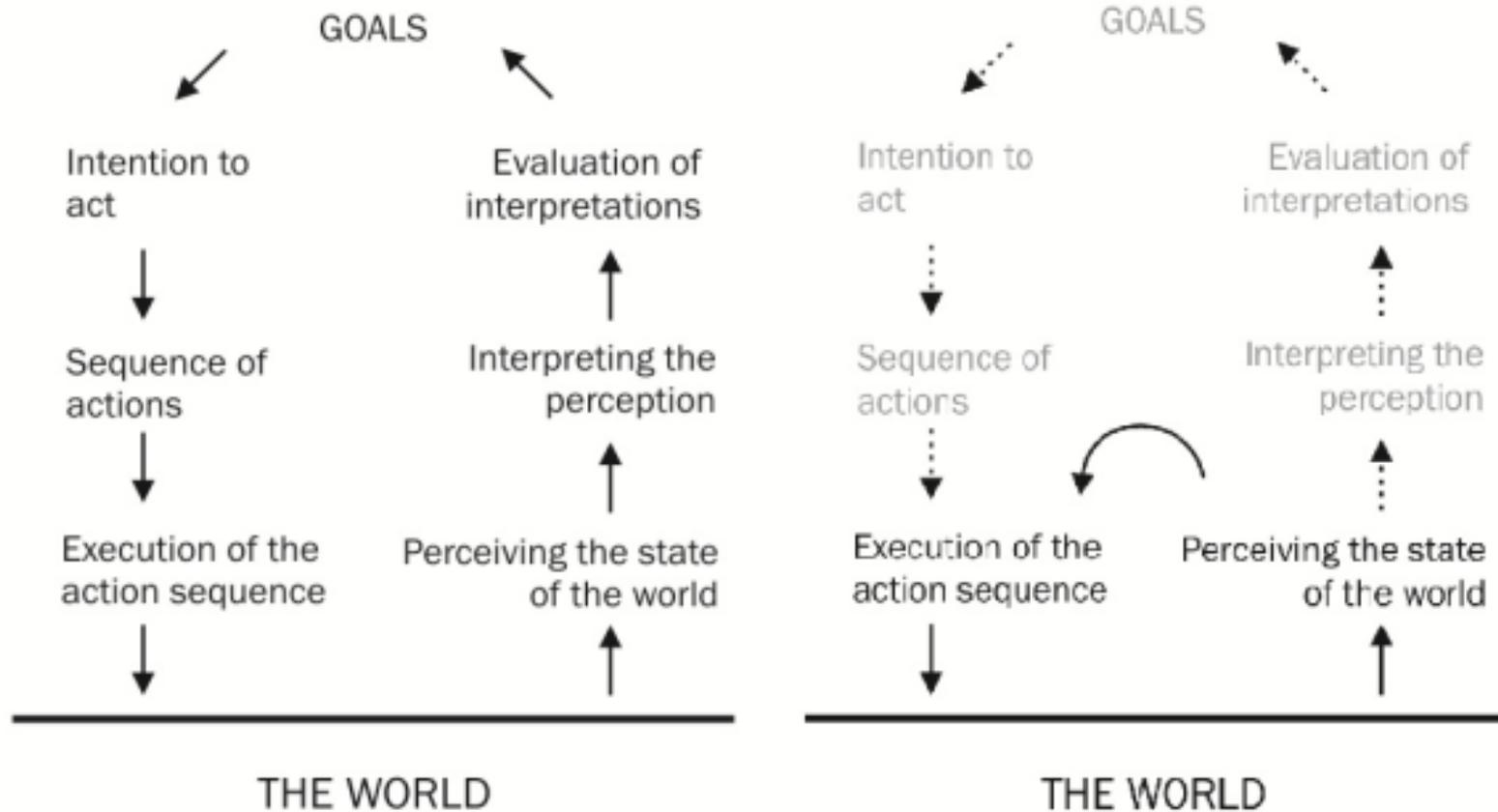
A: Only the things that need it.

Task Action Sequence, Basic



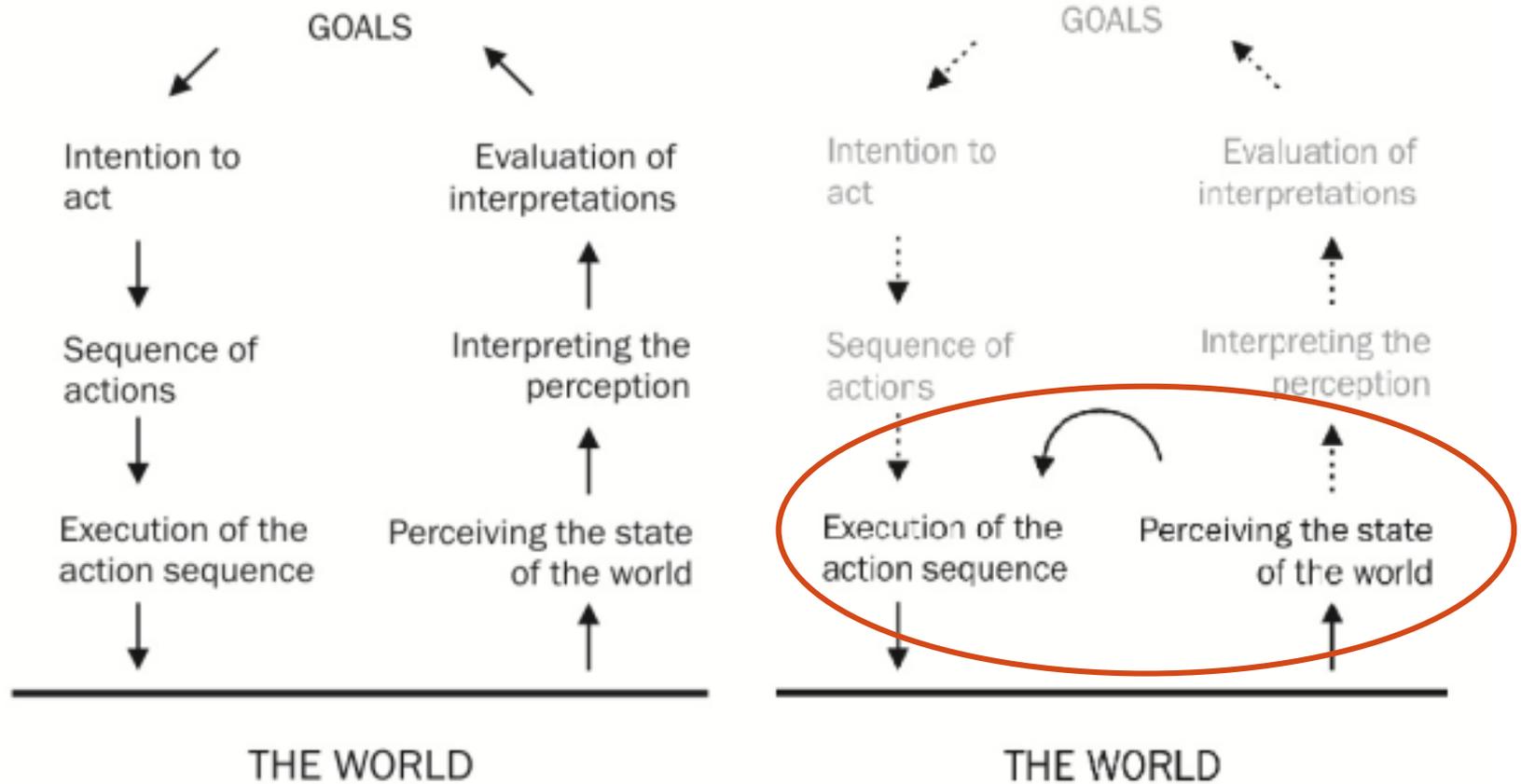
Norman (1986)

Task Action Sequence, Expert



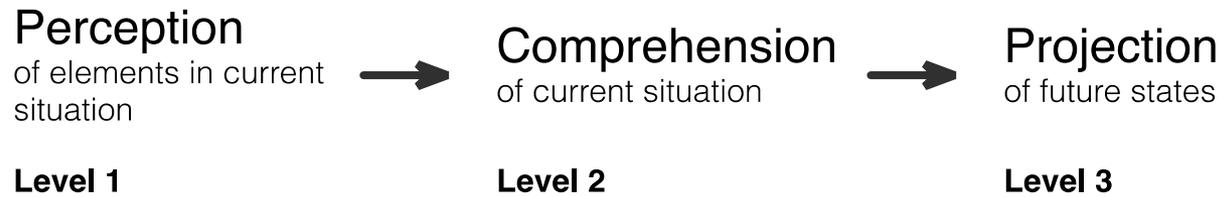
Berkman (2009)

Task Action Sequence, Expert



Berkman (2009)

Situation Awareness



Endsley (1995)

SITUATION AWARENESS

Perception

of elements in current situation

Level 1

Comprehension

of current situation

Level 2

Projection

of future states

Level 3

Decision

Performance

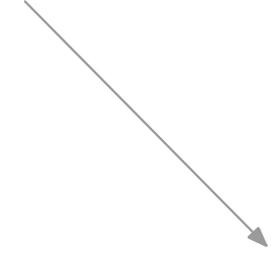
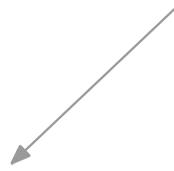
of actions

* Goals & objectives
* Preconceptions (expectations)

* Information processing mechanisms
* Long-term memory store
* Automaticity

* Abilities
* Experiences
* Training

* System capability
* Interface design
* Stress & workload
* Complexity
* Automation



SYSTEM

- * System capability
- * Interface design
- * Stress & workload
- * Complexity
- * Automation

SITUATION AWARENESS

Perception

of elements in current situation



Comprehension

of current situation



Projection

of future states



Decision



Performance

of actions

Level 1

Level 2

Level 3

- * Goals & objectives
- * Preconceptions (expectations)

- * Information processing mechanisms
- * Long-term memory store
- * Automaticity

- * Abilities
- * Experiences
- * Training

HUMAN

8 Things That Help Situation Awareness

Decreasing
workload,
fatigue,
anxiety

Verify necessary
support documents
and equipment

Step 1

Support
correct
mental
models

Verify necessary
support documents
and equipment

Step 1

Not relying
on short-
term
memory
alone

Verify necessary
support documents
and equipment

Step 1

Watch for
data
overload

Verify necessary
support documents
and equipment

Step 1

Misplaced
salience

Verify necessary
support documents
and equipment

Step 1

Complexity

Verify necessary
support documents
and equipment

Step 1

Out of the
loop

Verify necessary
support documents
and equipment

Step 1

Where do we add autonomy?

Where?

Raising SA in an autonomous world

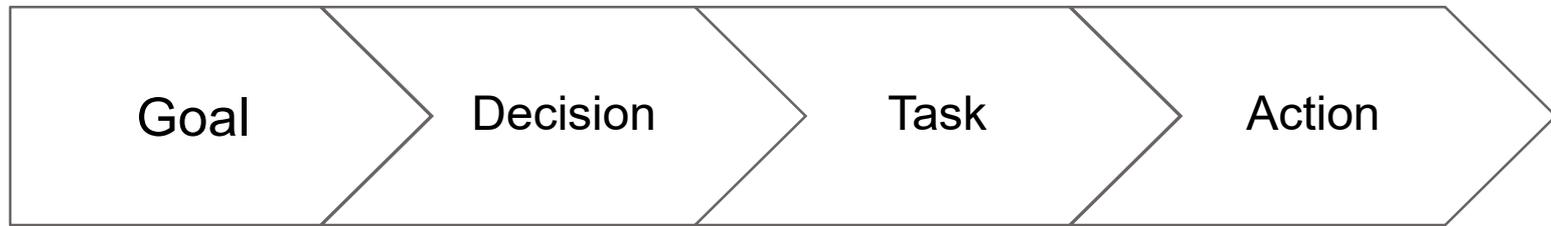
Levels of automation

Adaptive automation

Design principles

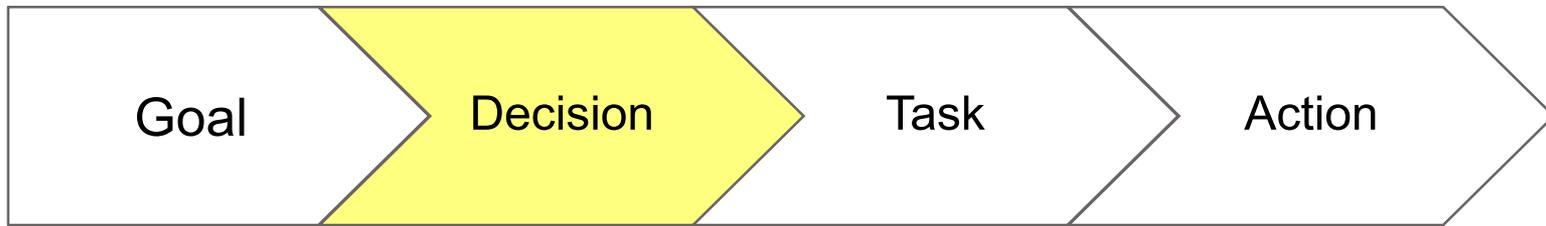
What should I pay attention to?

Goal-oriented task analysis



Endsley (2012)

Goal-oriented task analysis



Perception
of elements in current
situation

Level 1



Comprehension
of current situation

Level 2



Projection
of future states

Level 3

Endsley (2012)

Link control operator goals

Allocate resources

Set up and ensure proper working order of equipment for support activities

Goal 1

Operate and troubleshoot

Ensure supports are handled according to project instructions; prevent and respond to anomalies

Goal 2

Coordinate activities

Work with maintenance and test crews

Goal 3

Report and verify

Ensure and assist discrepancy reporting

Goal 4

Ensure safety

Be up to date on training and aware of surroundings

Goal 5

Holloway (2014)



2.0 Operate and troubleshoot

2.1 Ensure supported supports are executed according to briefing and/or documentation provided

!Do I have all necessary documentation; on briefing information; on? !Are there any changes since the previous support? !What are the expected and measured parameters? !How do I accommodate any deviations?

2.1.1 Ensure activities outside of the nominal operating parameters are properly executed

2.1.2 Ensure continued proper working order of equipment

2.2.1 Identify cause of alarm

!What is the most likely cause?

Causes:
 Predicted vs expected vs actual
 Equipment anomaly
 Environmental factors

2.2 Respond to anomalous conditions (alarms)

!What is causing the alarm? !Can I resolve the alarm? !Do I need to send out maintenance? !What is the impact on data return to the project?

2.2.2 Identify impact on data return

!What is the data integrity?

Discuss with project (\$)

2.2.3 Resolve problem

!What is the best way to resolve the problem?

Coordinate activities with maintenance

2.3 Provide proactive control

!What is the status at the other facilities? !What is the status of the other tracks at my facility? !Can I prevent an alarm from occurring? !What preventive actions are needed?

2.3.1 Assess status of adjacent facilities

2.3.2 Assess status of tracks at local facility

2.3.3 Unix admin as applied to equipment file structure

LINK CONTROL OPERATOR OPERATE AND TROUBLESHOOT FLOW ANALYSIS



Prepare

Verify necessary support documents and equipment

Step 1



Pre-cal

Configure, calibrate equipment

Step 2



In-Track

Provide necessary support

Step 3



Post-cal

Cool down and stow equipment

Step 4



Report

Document discrepancies

Step 5

Holloway (2013)

Process

User-centered design

Daily engagement of expert link control operators and other ops personnel

Data-driven prototyping

Realness of data contributes to realistic prototypes and richer conversations, even if the prototype is paper

Vision statement

Complex sentence serves as a guiding principle or overarching goal

Hypothesis-led iteration

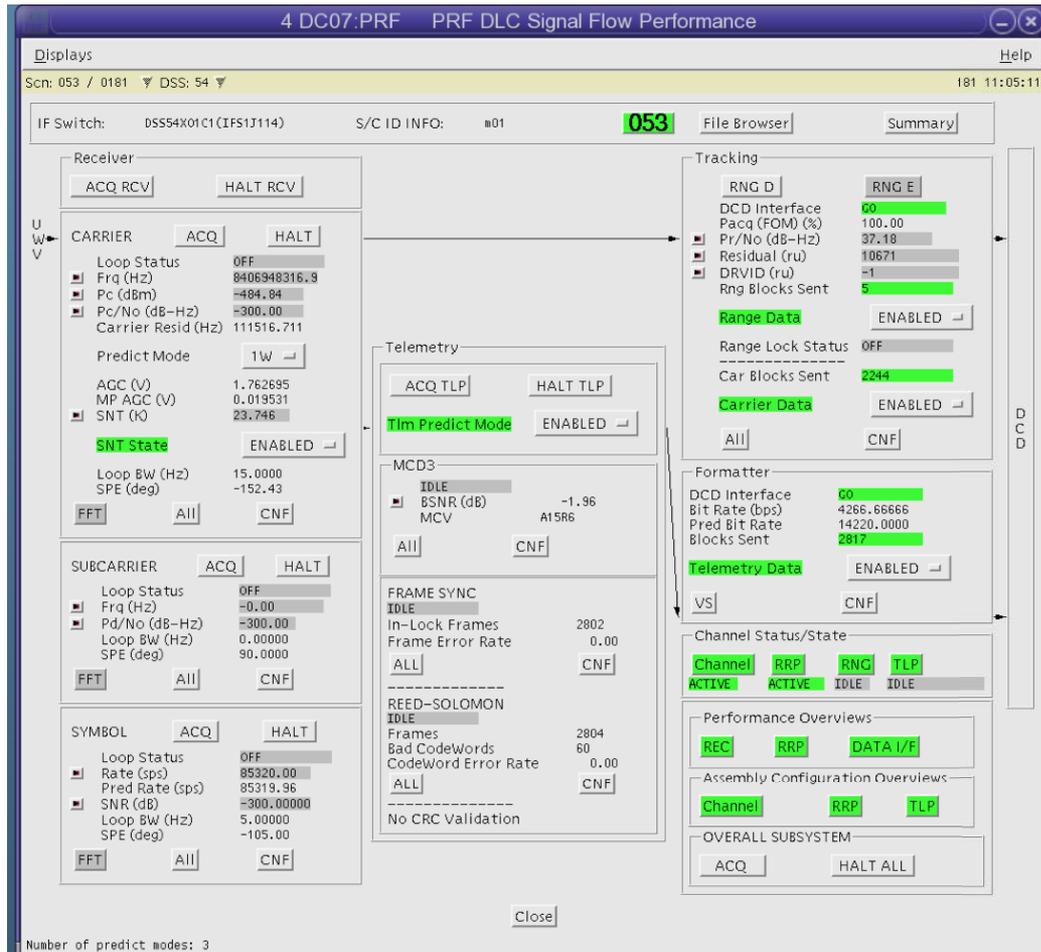
Each design iteration serves to address a specific hypothesis or open question

Frequent, short “sprints”

Two-week long sprints keep tasks focused; an overarching goal keeps sprints connected to vision

What's been tried

Original displays: One-to-one mapping with hardware



“There’s a billion displays.”

Davidoff (2013)

IRIS displays: too much hierarchy, latency

The screenshot displays the IRIS control interface with a top navigation bar and several data panels. The top bar includes an American flag, system status (CON 2 | Active), and UTC (219.21.03.38). The panels are as follows:

- DC03 X:** Shows lock status (Carrier: -145.570 dBm, Symbol: -6.241 dB, Range: 2.187 dB-Hz), carrier details (Frq: 8431447051.618 Hz, Car Res: -1.229 Hz, PDX: 2W, SNT: 30.758 K), subcarrier details (Frq: 0 Hz, PDR: 45.897 dB-Hz, SPE: 0 Deg), symbol details (Rate: 166643.937 sps, SNR: -6.241 dB, SPE: -0.810 Deg), and telemetry (TURBO: IN LOCK, Decoder Type: TURBO, Bit Rate: 27773.789 bps).
- U15 X:** Shows transmitter status (TXR: 19.535 kW), command details (MOD1, MOD2, TRK), and range information (Range Modulation: MOD2, XMIT: 185536, Ring Mode: TRK, Rng Blocks Sent: 15123).
- DC02 S:** Shows lock status (Carrier: OFF, Symbol: OFF, Telemetry: OFF, Range: OFF), carrier details (Frq: 2299999999 Hz, Car Res: 0 Hz, PDX: NPX, SNT: 26.580 K), subcarrier details (Frq: 16000.000 Hz, PDR: -300 dB-Hz, SPE: -42.480 Deg), symbol details (Rate: 124.599 sps, SNR: -300 dB, SPE: -104.216 Deg), and telemetry (Frame Sync: IDLE, Decoder Type: UNC, Bit Rate: 125.019 bps).
- AP15 X:** Shows antenna status (ANT: ACA, ALC, AMC, ARA, SR), antenna details (Antenna (AZ,EL): TRACKING, Subreflector (X,Y,Z): TRACKING, Conscan: DISABLED), antenna coordinates (RA: 108.365, DEC: 23.329), subreflector details (X, Y, Z coordinates), weather (Wind Speed: 27.180 km/hr, Wind Direction: 225 deg), and conscan details (AZ, EL, XEL, Y-Axis, Z-Axis offsets).
- US15:** Shows rainblower status (Operational).
- Visualizer:** A chart showing SFE (Signal-to-Noise Floor Error) over time, with a y-axis from -180 to 180 and an x-axis from 21:03:00 to 21:03:37.

“What we need is speed.”

Ames (2013)

Deep Space Network: Link 24

file:///Users/ahollowa/code/deepspacenetwork/index.html#/videofeed


24

OPERATIONAL Back 0

OPERATIONAL Back 0

```

> Lorem ipsum
Lorem ipsum dolor sit
amet,

> Consectetur adipiscing
Praesent hendrerit quis
tellus ac eleifend. Proin
pulvinar tincidunt

> Hendrerit

> Quisque sagittis
Dignissim orci eu aliquet.
Vestibulum interdum tempor
rutrum. Sed blandit ac
orci quis dignissim.

```

Summary

Antenna

Antenna (AZ, EL)		Subreflector (x, y, z)			Master Equatorial		Conscan	
TRACKING		TRACKING			STOWING		DISABLED	
123.45	67.89	-0.0003	-0.0003	-0.0003	-0.0003	-0.0003	DCC 5	PC

Uplink

Transmitter		Command		Range	
18.62 kW	18.23 kV	MOD1		MOD2	TRK

Downlink

Carrier	Subcarrier	Symbol	Telemetry	D. Range
-134.138 dBm	57.101 db-Hz	3.192 dB	O/L	WAIT FOR LOCK

Antenna - AP15 X

Antenna

RA	123.45	DEC	123.45	Azimuth		Elevation	
Pred Mode	DCOS	Tracking Mode	ac1	Actual (deg)	45.097	23.021	
Antenna	TRACKING	Wrap	THATS_A_WRAP	Residual (deg)	-0.123	0.456	
Downlink Band	X	ENC Model	123.sem	Brakes (deg)	Released	Released	
		AC1 Model	3expit.ac1				

Subreflector

SR	TRACKING	X	Y	Z	RPOS
Actual		1.186 inches	1.764 inches	1.764 inches	240.0 deg
Brakes		Set	Released	Released	Set

Master Equatorial

ME	TRACKING	HA	DEC	AC1	AC2	
Actual (deg)		40.123	342.456	Power	40.123	342.456

In-track >

Operate, troubleshoot

Ensure supports are handled according to project instructions; prevent and respond to anomalies

Goal 2

Context : Monitor

-- Develop, retain awareness of the big picture to prevent and troubleshoot anomalous conditions

Control : Command

-- Perform functions necessary to provide support while preventing and troubleshooting anomalous conditions

-- Take over others' work as needed



In the world



At my site



In the room



With my stuff

An organized control system for
developing and maintaining
situation awareness,
supporting operator control,
and
facilitating fast decision-making
surrounding
automatic setup and maintenance of
Deep Space Network support activities

Research questions

Does *intervention* lead to better decisions than *control*?

Does *intervention* lead to better decisions than *control*?

Increased performance

Shorter time to task and lower error rate

Outcome variable 1

Decreased perceived workload

May be related to “display clutter”

Outcome variable 2

Increased situation awareness

As measured by subjective and objective measures

Outcome variable 3

Is everything okay?

Develop and maintain global situation awareness

Operationalized by postage stamp

Research Question 1

State of the future

Develop and maintain a model of the projected future

Operationalized by stamp ribbon

Research Question 2

Details and deltas

Support level-1 situation awareness with quick details; support level-2 situation awareness by calculating deltas

Operationalized by the "All" sub-display

Research Question 3

Make it visual

Use a strong data-ink ratio for large information transfer, rather than showing measurements and numbers alone

Operationalized by downlink carrier FFT display

Research Question 4

Strengthen the mental model

Arrange by spacecraft, antenna, subsystem, device, and by everything; Will filtering and search be helpful?

Operationalized by logging

Research Question 5

Making changes

Investigate appropriateness of everything-editable versus modal lock/edit states or special configuration displays

Operationalized by modals and config displays

Research Question 6

By my own rules

Investigate level-3 situation awareness with operator control for forming rulesets for realtime data processing

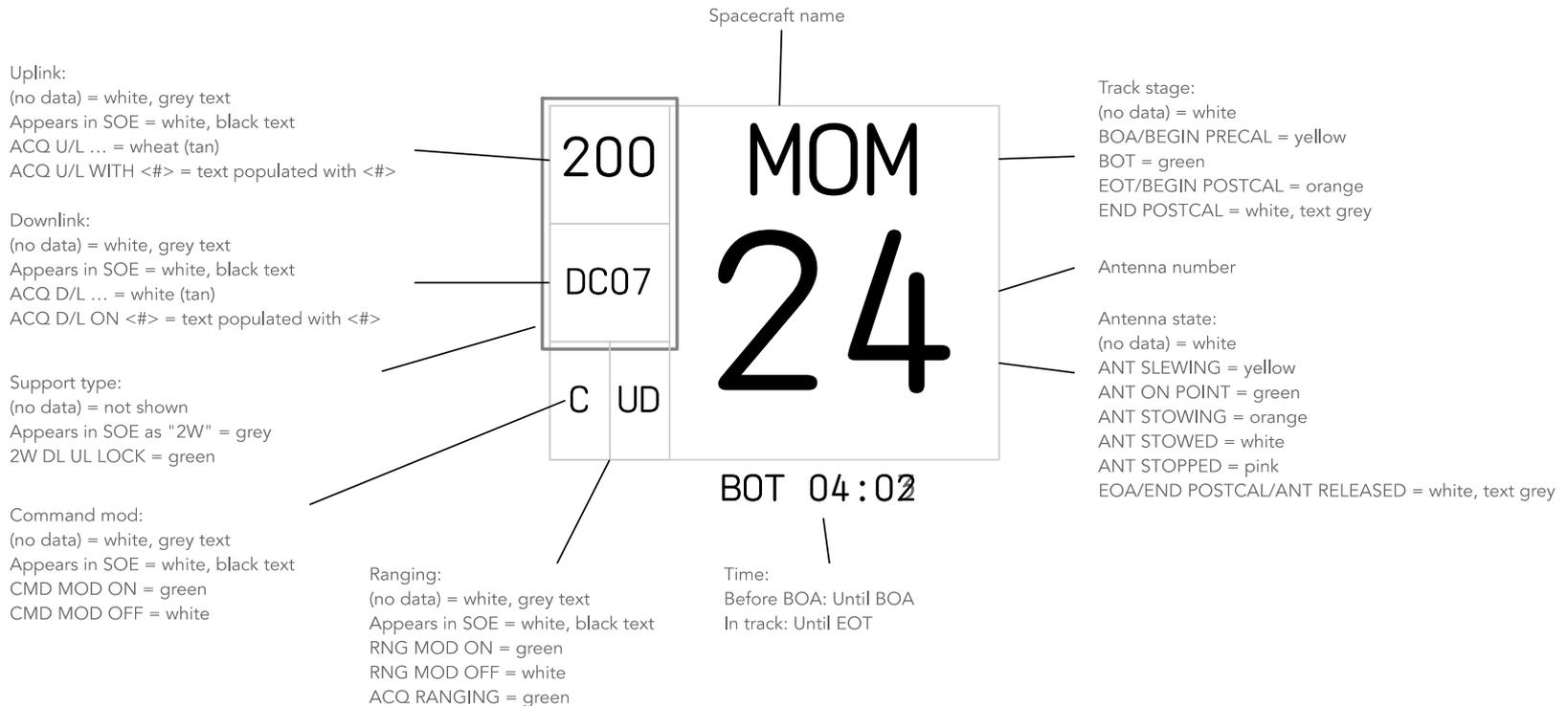
Operationalized by Complex Event Processing

Research Question 7

RQ1: Is everything okay?

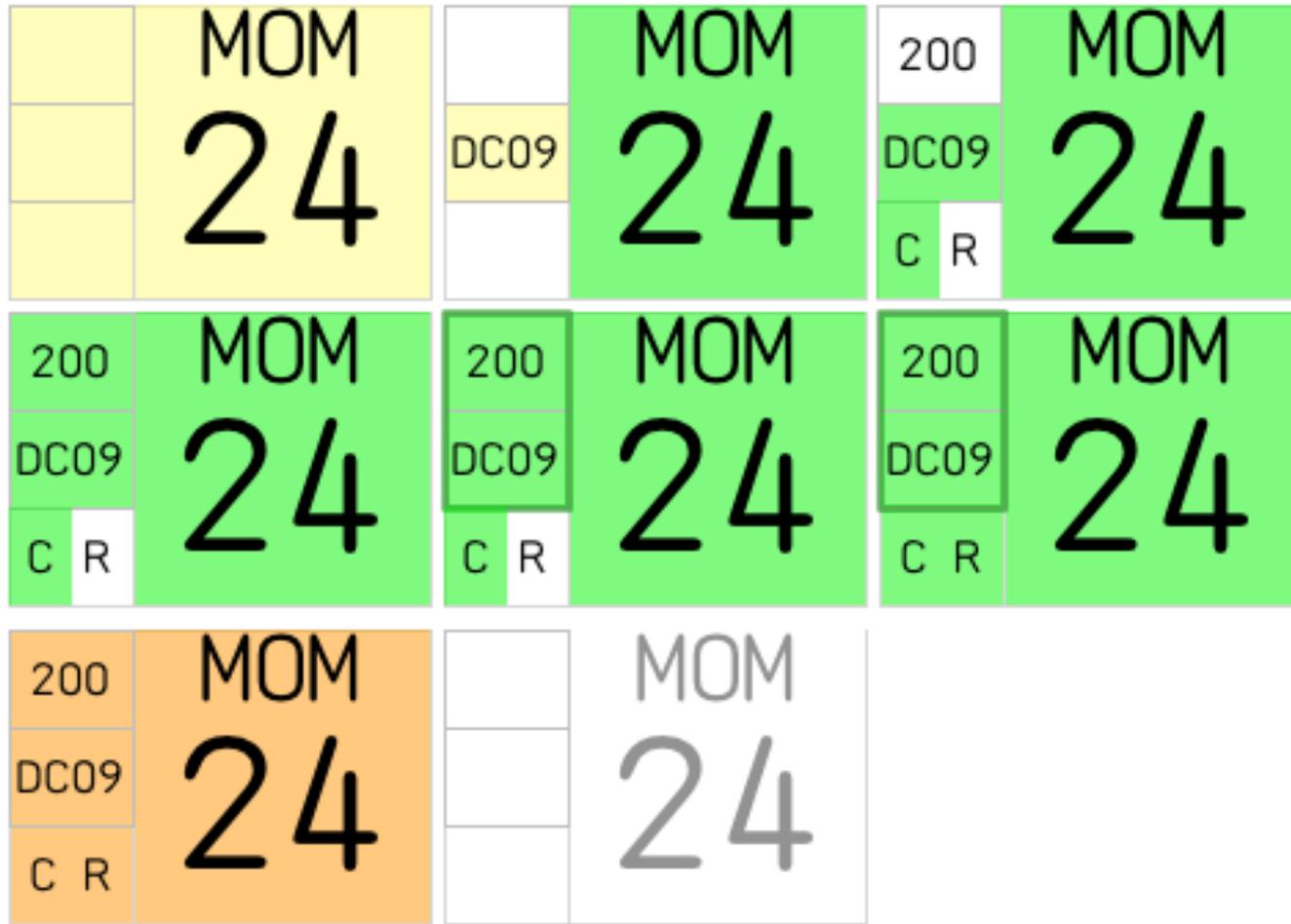
Develop and maintain global situation awareness

What's in a Postage Stamp?



RQ1: Is everything okay?

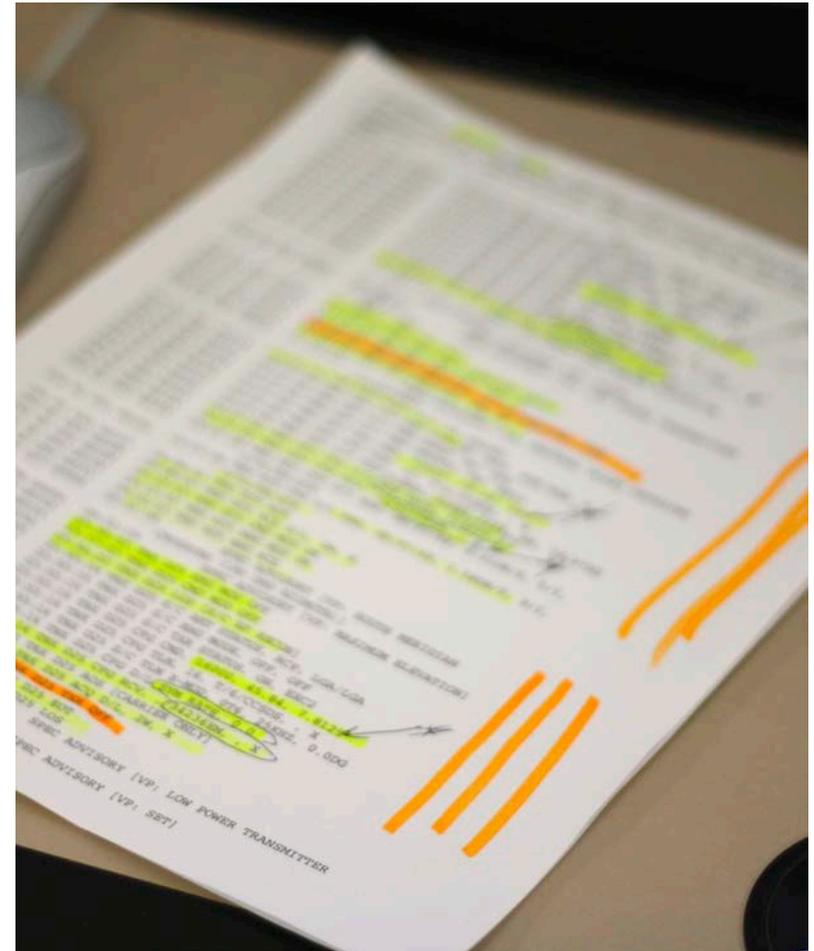
Develop and maintain global situation awareness



RQ2: State of the future

Develop and maintain a model of the projected future

VGR2 43	CLU1 43	VGR1 14	MOM 24
8:45:00 VGR2 DC07 43	9:40:00 CLU1 DC05 43	7:55:00 VGR1 DC11 14	10:15:00 MOM DC09 24
8:55:00 18kW VGR2 DC07 43	: 00:56:00 :	8:05:00 18kW VGR1 DC11 14	10:21:00 200 MOM DC09 C R 24
: 00:55:00 :	10:36:00 CLU1 DC05 43	: 04:00:00 :	10:27:00 200 MOM DC09 C R 24
9:50:00 18kW VGR2 DC07 43	10:55:00 CLU1 43	12:05:00 18kW VGR1 DC11 14	10:41:00 200 MOM DC09 C R 24
10:05:00 VGR2 43		12:15:00 VGR1 14	10:45:00 200 MOM DC09 C R 24
			: 05:55:00 :
			16:40:00 200 MOM DC09 C R 24
			16:55:00 MOM 24



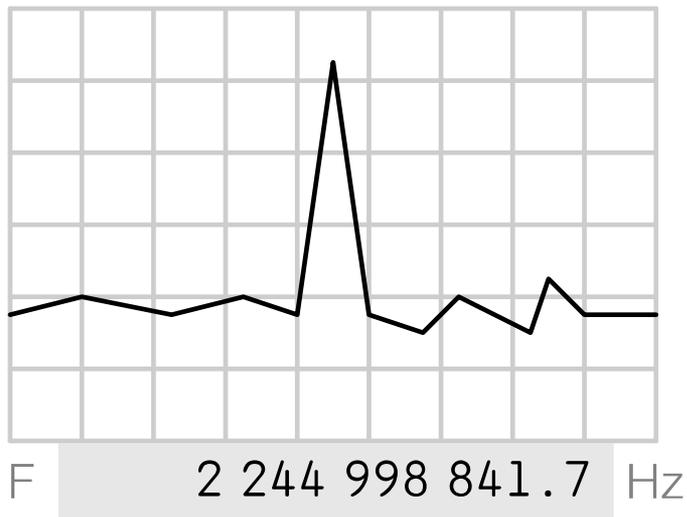
RQ3: Details and deltas

Support level-1 (perception) situation awareness with quick details;
 support level-2 (comprehension) situation awareness by calculating deltas

Acceleration	Predicted	0.000 002	Hz/s/s	Acceleration	Measured	-0.072 689	Hz/s
	Measured	-115.599 998	Hz/s/s		Predicted	0.000 002	Hz/s/s
	Delta	-115.599 996	Hz/s/s		Measured	-115.599 998	Hz/s/s
Pt	Predicted	-115.599 998	dBm	Pt	Predicted	-115.599 998	dBm
	Measured	-477.458 405	dBm		Measured	-477.458 405	dBm
	Delta	361.858 407	dBm				
Pc	Predicted	-120.671 280	dBm	Pc	Predicted	-120.671 280	dBm
	Measured	-482.229 614	dBm		Measured	-482.229 614	dBm
	Delta	361.558 334	dBm				
Pc/No	Predicted	-120.671 280	dB-Hz	Pc/No	Predicted	-120.671 280	dB-Hz
	Measured	-482.229 614	dB-Hz		Measured	-482.229 614	dB-Hz
	Delta	361.558 334	dB-Hz	Best measured	-300.000 000	dB-Hz	
	Best measured	-300.000 000	dB-Hz	Residual	-362.488 037	dB-Hz	
	Residual	-362.488 037	dB-Hz	Cumulative	-300.000 000	dB-Hz	
	Cumulative	-300.000 000	dB-Hz				
Pt/No	Predicted	67.559 319	dB-Hz	Pt/No	Predicted	67.559 319	dB-Hz
	Measured	-295.228 790	dB-Hz		Measured	-295.228 790	dB-Hz
	Delta	-362.788 109	dB-Hz				
Total power AGC	Measured	1.967 773	V	Total power AGC	Measured	1.967 773	V
	MP measured	0.000 000	V		MP measured	0.000 000	V
Loop SFE		-135.300 781	deg	Loop SFE		-135.300 781	deg

RQ4: Make it visual

Use a strong data-ink ratio for large information transfer, rather than showing measurements and numbers alone



CARRIER

Conscan

PC (dbm)

Car residual

Predicts

SNT (k)

SNT State

Car Band

AGC (V)

Config Table

IF

FC

I N LOCK

DC05

- 169. 613

1 673. 061

1W2W3W

16. 414 1

ENABLED

X S Ka

1. 704 1

7031b160

DSS14XO1C2

FJ_A

RQ5: Strengthen the mental model

Arrange by spacecraft, antenna, subsystem, device, and by everything;
Will filtering and search be helpful?

3505	10:05	PA	ant-43	stamp-VGR2	43	End postcal	VGR2
3506	10:05	PA	ant-43	stamp-VGR2	43	End of activity	VGR2
3507	7:10	AD	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	Beginning of activity	VGR1
3508	7:10	AD	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	Begin precal	VGR1
3509	7:20	PA	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	Antenna slewing	VGR1
3510	7:45	DR	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	Antenna on point	VGR1
3511	7:55	DR	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	Beginning of track	VGR1
3512	7:55	DR	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	Acquire downlink on DC11	VGR1
3513	8:05	DR	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	Acquire uplink with 18KW	VGR1
3514	9:00	DR	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	DROP downlink LOCK	VGR1
3515	9:03	DR	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	Acquire downlink on DC11	VGR1
3516	9:07	DR	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	One-way downlink LOCK	VGR1
3517	12:05	DR	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	End of track	VGR1
3518	12:05	DR	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	Begin postcal	VGR1
3519	12:05	PA	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	Antenna stowing	VGR1
3520	12:10	PA	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	Antenna stowed	VGR1
3521	12:15	PA	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	End postcal	VGR1
3522	12:15	PA	ant-14	stamp-VGR1	14	End of activity	VGR1
3523	9:45	PA	ant-24	stamp-MOM	24	Beginning of activity	MOM
3524	9:45	PA	ant-24	stamp-MOM	24	Begin precal	MOM
3525	9:50	DA	ant-24	stamp-MOM	24	Antenna slewing	MOM

RQ6: Making changes

Investigate appropriateness of everything-editable versus modal lock/edit states or special

RQ7: By my own rules

Investigate level-3 (projection) situation awareness with operator control for forming rulesets for realtime data processing

Fin

Development and test plan

MARCH

APRIL

MAY

JUNE

JULY

AUGUST

Postage stamp

STL4 display variants LF

Major displays (5)

CEP

Consolidated dress rehearsal

Final user study

Postage stamp ribbon

STL4 iteration

Major displays iteration

Major displays LF

Postage stamp ribbon iteration

STL4 iteration

Postage stamp ribbon iteration



CEP LF

WHAT WE TEST

Postage stamp HF

CEP input & output

CEP input & output implement

Changes & fixes

Changes & fixes - no design changes

Results & analysis

STL4 and multiples

Major displays (5) implementation

CEP continued

WHAT WE DO

STL4 LF

(Minor displays) (3)

Postage stamp ribbon

CEP input & output design

Final user study protocol finalize

Major displays design