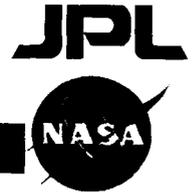




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System Level EMC Testing Of Spacecraft

Pablo Narvaez

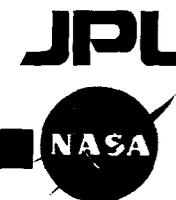
**Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology
Electromagnetic Compatibility Group (5132)**

The research described in this presentation was carried out at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, under a contract with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

August 18, 2003



EMC Testing Of Spacecraft Systems Overview



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- **Purpose Of EMC System Level Testing:**
 - Demonstrate total functional performance for self-compatibility of integrated system including interface cabling.
 - Demonstrate total functional performance for compatibility with intended environment of integrated system including transmitter sources.
 - Demonstrate functional performance of components and functions not tested in assembly level qualification testing.
 - Confirms self-compatibility of integrated system and compatibility with intended electromagnetic environment.
- **Advantages Of EMC System Level Testing:**
 - Representative qualification including cable interaction (effects of routing, bundling, and crosstalk), sensors, and distributed functions.
- **Disadvantages Of EMC System Level Testing:**
 - Testing too late to make design changes;
 - EMI solutions are often forced to band-aids only.
 - Demonstrating margins are often not realistic because higher test levels stress flight equipment.



EMC Testing Of Spacecraft Systems Concerns/Issues



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- **CONCERNS AND ISSUES WITH SYSTEM LEVEL EMC TESTS**
 - Thermocouples, accelerometer wiring and other non-flight cables may impact tests in system configuration
 - All non-flight cabling/ wiring will require shielding
 - Represents worst-case scenario
 - Live pyros are required for radiated susceptibility tests
 - Should make plans to install them for test
 - Tests may uncover susceptibilities that may be too late to make design changes
 - Interference problems require immediate solutions that may impact schedules.
 - Problems may require operational work-arounds
 - › Initial EMC system testing should be scheduled prior to rework periods
 - Demonstrating margins is often not realistic because higher test levels may stress flight equipment.
 - More true for component level conducted susceptibility, than system level testing
 - Solar arrays should be installed during system EMC tests.
 - Compatibility with transmitters is demonstrated.



EMC System Level Testing Mars Exploration Rover Overview



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- **EMC Testing Of The Mars Exploration Rover**
- **MER mission will consist of the following mission phases:**

Launch

Earth to Mars Cruise

Mars Approach

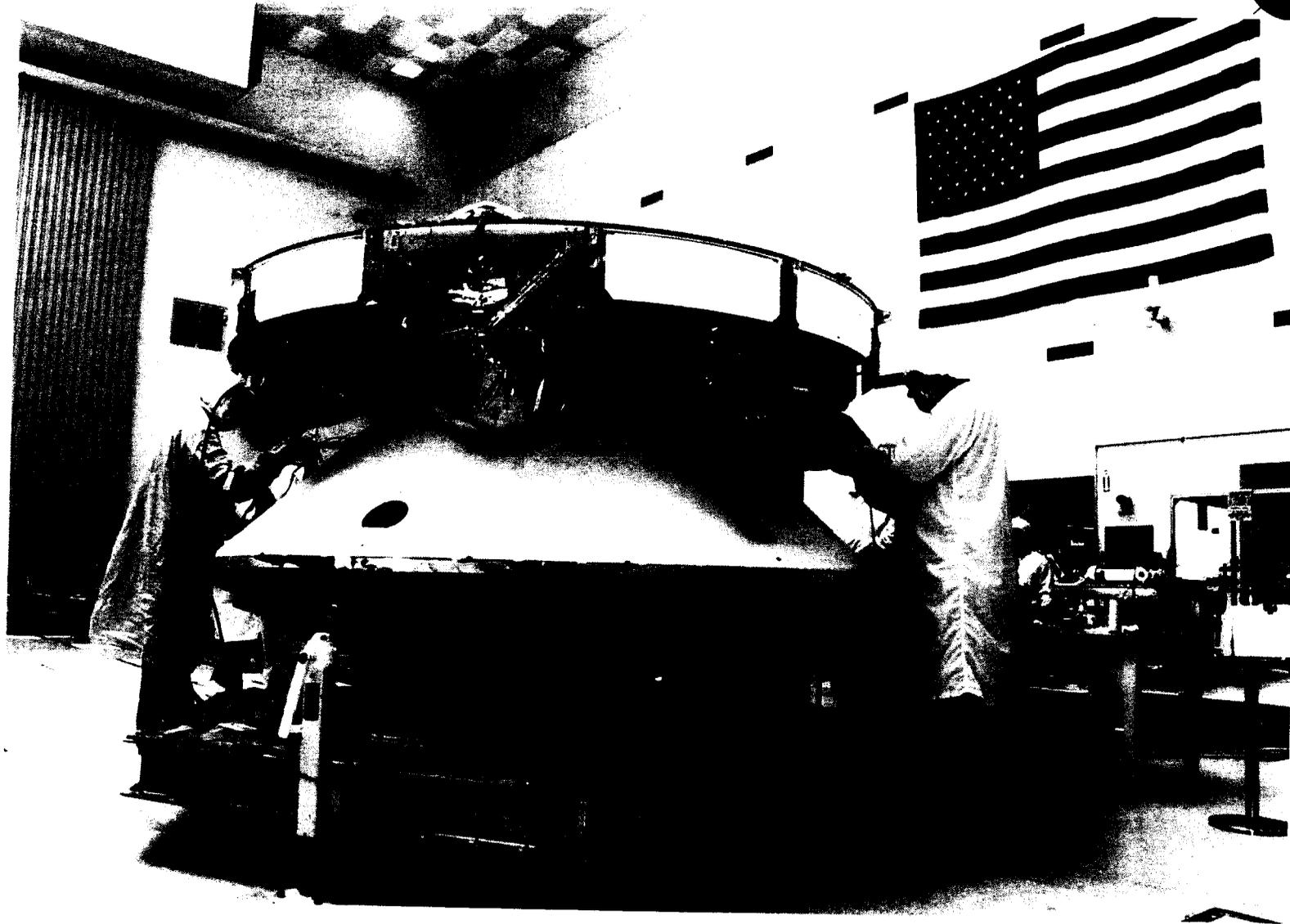
Mars Entry, Descent, and Landing

Mars Surface Operations

- **Three mission phases selected for three system EMC tests;**
 - **Launch/Cruise**
 - **Descent or EDL (entry, descent, landing)**
 - **Rover Surface Operations.**
- **The MER system level tests were a combination of EMC tests and a limited functional self-compatibility test.**
- **A functional self-compatibility test exercises each function independently while monitoring every other function for possible effects due to interference coupling.**

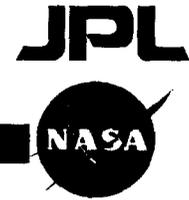
MER Launch/Cruise Configuration

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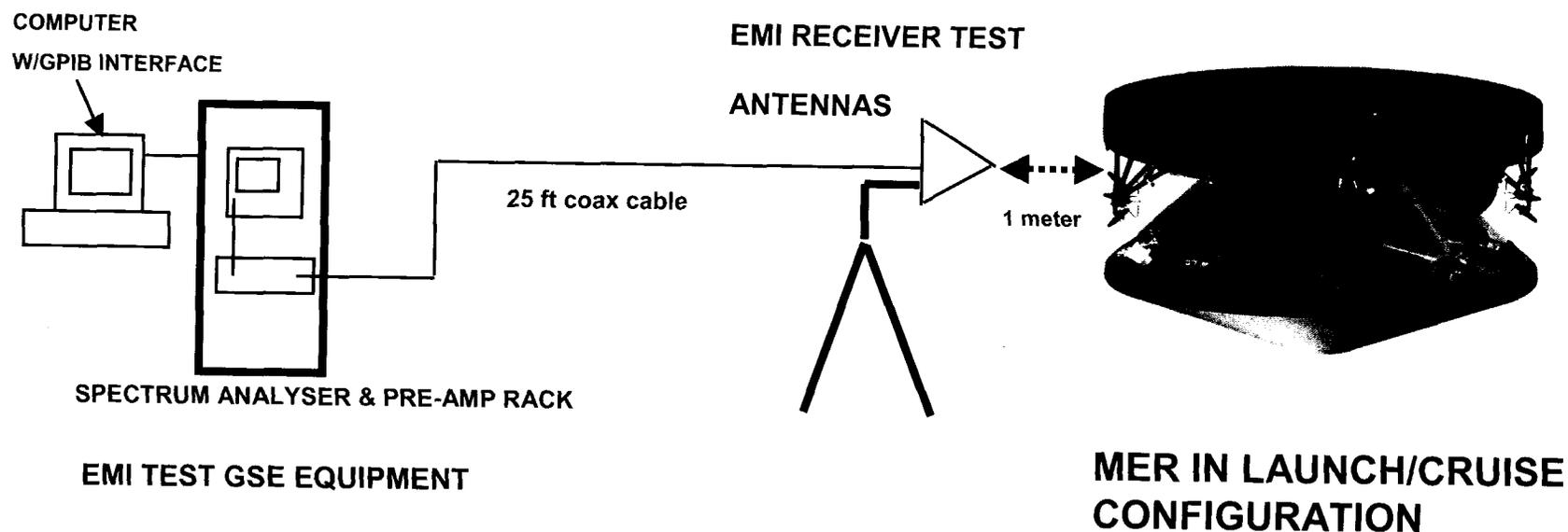
Launch/Cruise Phase EMC Tests, Objectives



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- **Test Objectives For Launch/Cruise Configuration**
 - **Perform Radiated Emission (RE) measurements. Confirm system is compatible with launch vehicle receivers and launch site receivers.**
 - **Perform Radiated Susceptibility (RS) test. Confirm that MER pyro-devices will tolerate the effects of launch site transmitters and confirm that MER launch configuration is functionally tolerant of KSC launch site transmitters.**
 - **Verify proper pyro-device operation before and after RF stimulation. Both RS and RE tests will be performed in the same configuration.**
 - **Establish RF link and KSC RF environment. At appropriate times, pull umbilical and fire squibs.**

Test Configuration For Radiated Emissions



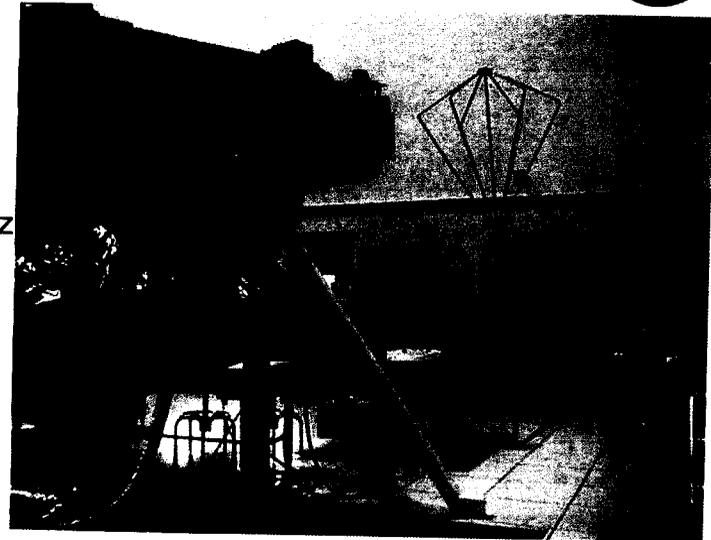
Launch/Cruise Phase EMC Tests, Configuration

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14kHz
to 40MHz



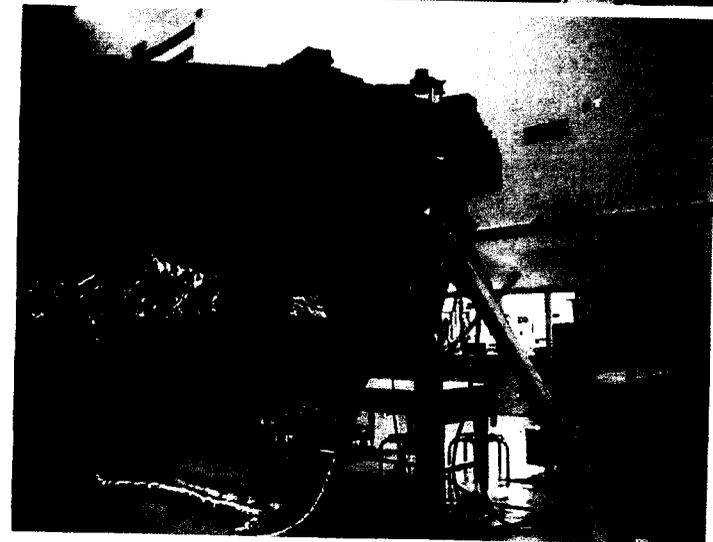
40 MHz
to 200 MHz



200 MHz
to 1 GHz

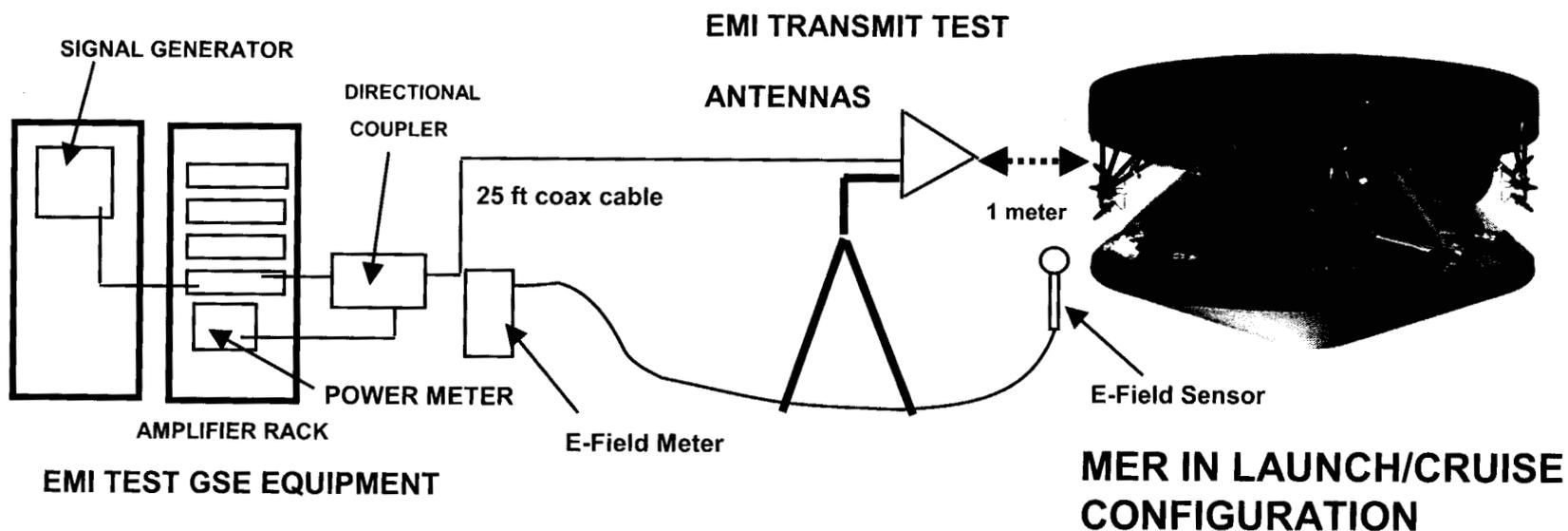


1 GHz
to 10 GHz



**Test Configuration For Radiated Emissions
+Xs/c & -Xs/c Sides**

Test Configuration For Radiated Susceptibility



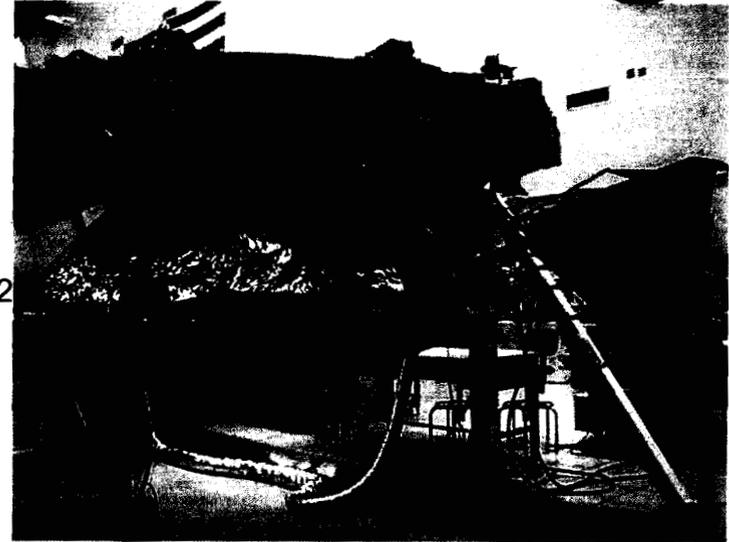
Launch/Cruise Phase EMC Tests, Configuration

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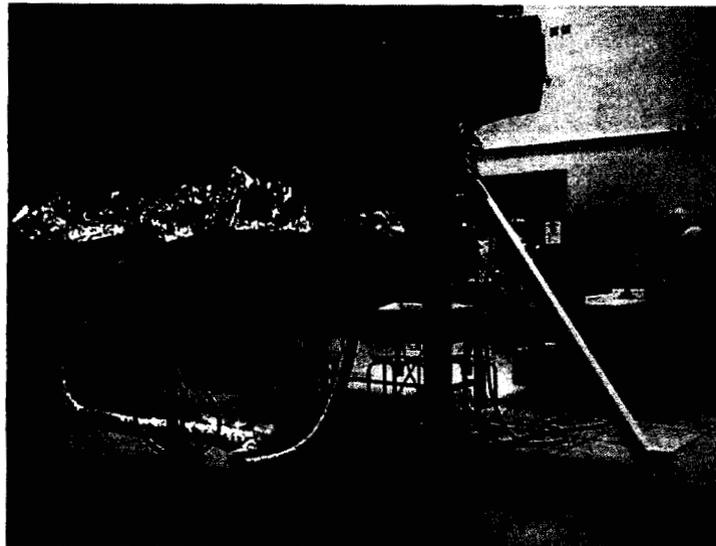
14 kHz
to 300 MHz
Test
Config. #1



300 MHz
to 1 GHz
Test
Config. #2



1 GHz to 10 GHz
Test Config. #3



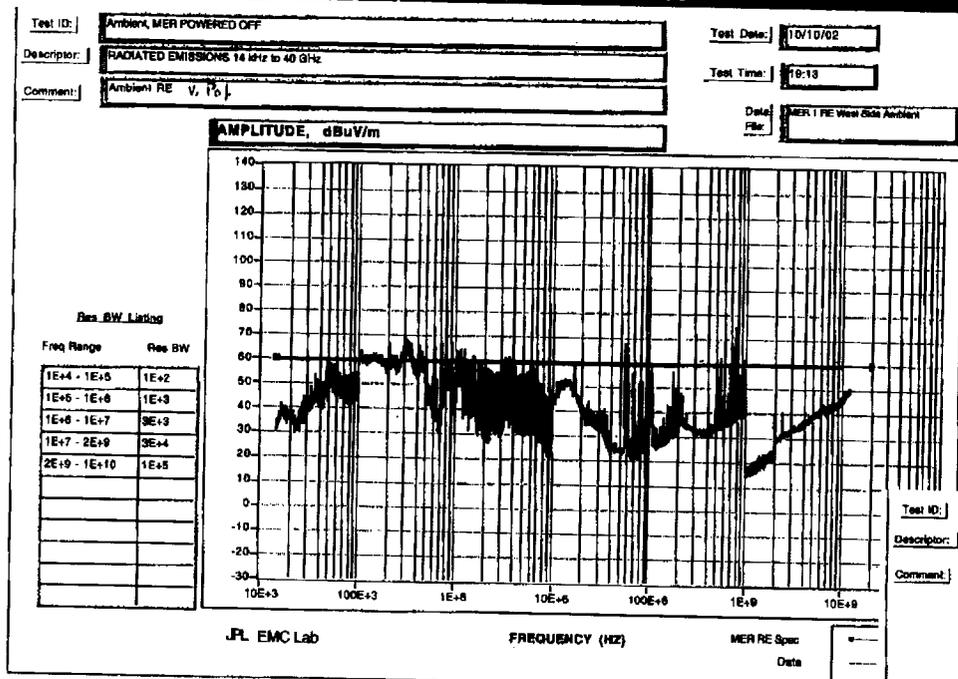
Test Configuration For Radiated Susceptibility



Launch/Cruise Phase EMC Tests, Typical Results

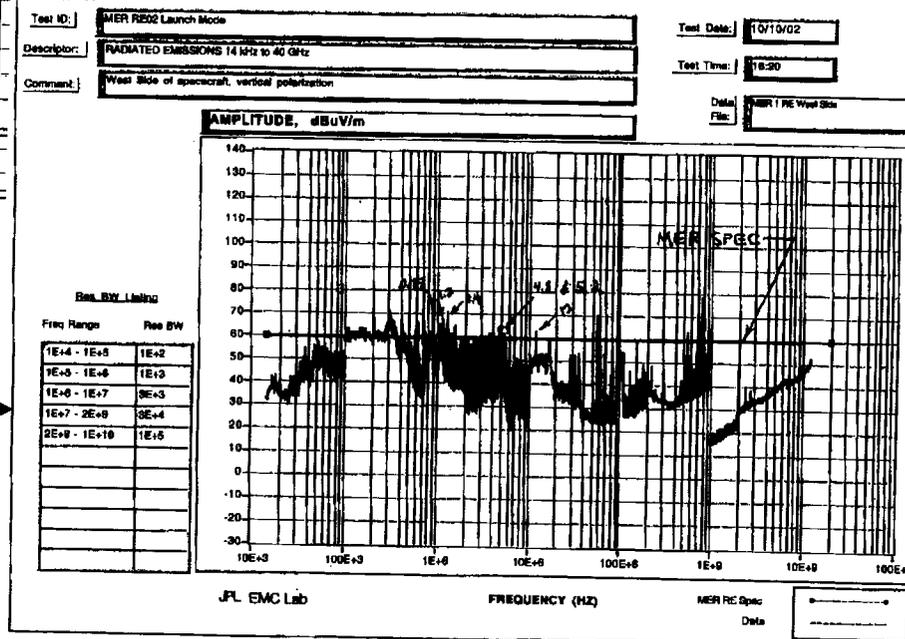


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Radiated Emissions
 ← Ambient, S/C OFF

Radiated Emissions
 MER S/C ON
 → Launch/Cruise Mode





Launch/Cruise Phase EMC Tests, Results



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RADIATED EMISSIONS TEST RESULTS

- 1) **MER 1 was tested for RE02 radiated emission spectra at 1 meter from the +Xs/c and -Xs/c sides in the vertical polarization and horizontal polarizations.**
- 2) **There were very minor, over-spec emissions on the +Xs/c side and only in the vertical polarization as indicated by the arrows in the previous figure 1. Over-Spec emissions occurred at 0.82 MHz, 1.2 MHz, 1.4 MHz, 4.8 MHz, 5.2 MHz and 12 MHz. None of these pose a threat to Launch Vehicle receivers.**
- 3) **There were no over spec emissions in the -Xs/c (vertical and horizontal polarizations) nor were there over-spec emissions on the +Xs/c side in the horizontal polarization.**



Launch/Cruise Phase EMC Tests, Results Summary



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MER 1 RADIATED SUSCEPTIBILITY TEST RESULTS, GENERAL RF FIELDS

FREQUENCY RANGE	ANTENNA POLARIZATION	FIELD STRENGTH	TEST RESULT	COMMENTS
14 kHz to 300 MHz Test Configuration #1	VERTICAL	5 V/m	PASS	NO ANOMALIES
300 MHz to 1 GHz Test Configuration #2	VERTICAL	5 V/m	PASS	NO ANOMALIES
	HORIZONTAL	5 V/m	PASS	NO ANOMALIES
1 GHz MHz to 10 GHz Test Configuration #3	VERTICAL	5 V/m	PASS	NO ANOMALIES
	HORIZONTAL	5 V/m	PASS	NO ANOMALIES



Launch/Cruise Phase EMC Tests, Results Summary



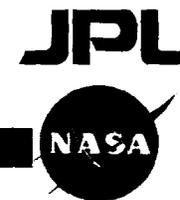
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RADIATED SUSCEPTIBILITY TEST RESULTS, KSC & S/C TRANSMITTERS

FREQUENCY RANGE	TEST ANTENNA POLARIZATION	FIELD STRENGTH	TEST RESULT	COMMENTS
2.2 GHz – 2.3 GHz	VERTICAL HORIZONTAL	50 V/m	PASS	NO ANOMALIES
2.75 GHz- 2.84 GHz	VERTICAL HORIZONTAL	18 V/m	PASS	NO ANOMALIES
2.865 GHz	VERTICAL HORIZONTAL	36 V/m	PASS	NO ANOMALIES
2.9 GHz-3.1 GHz	VERTICAL HORIZONTAL	40 V/m	PASS	NO ANOMALIES (Small Glitch)
5.625 GHz–5.768 GHz	VERTICAL HORIZONTAL	60 V/m	PASS	NO ANOMALIES
8.43 GHz-8.445 GHz	VERTICAL HORIZONTAL	85 V/m	PASS	NO ANOMALIES



Launch/Cruise Phase EMC Tests, Radiated Susceptibility Results

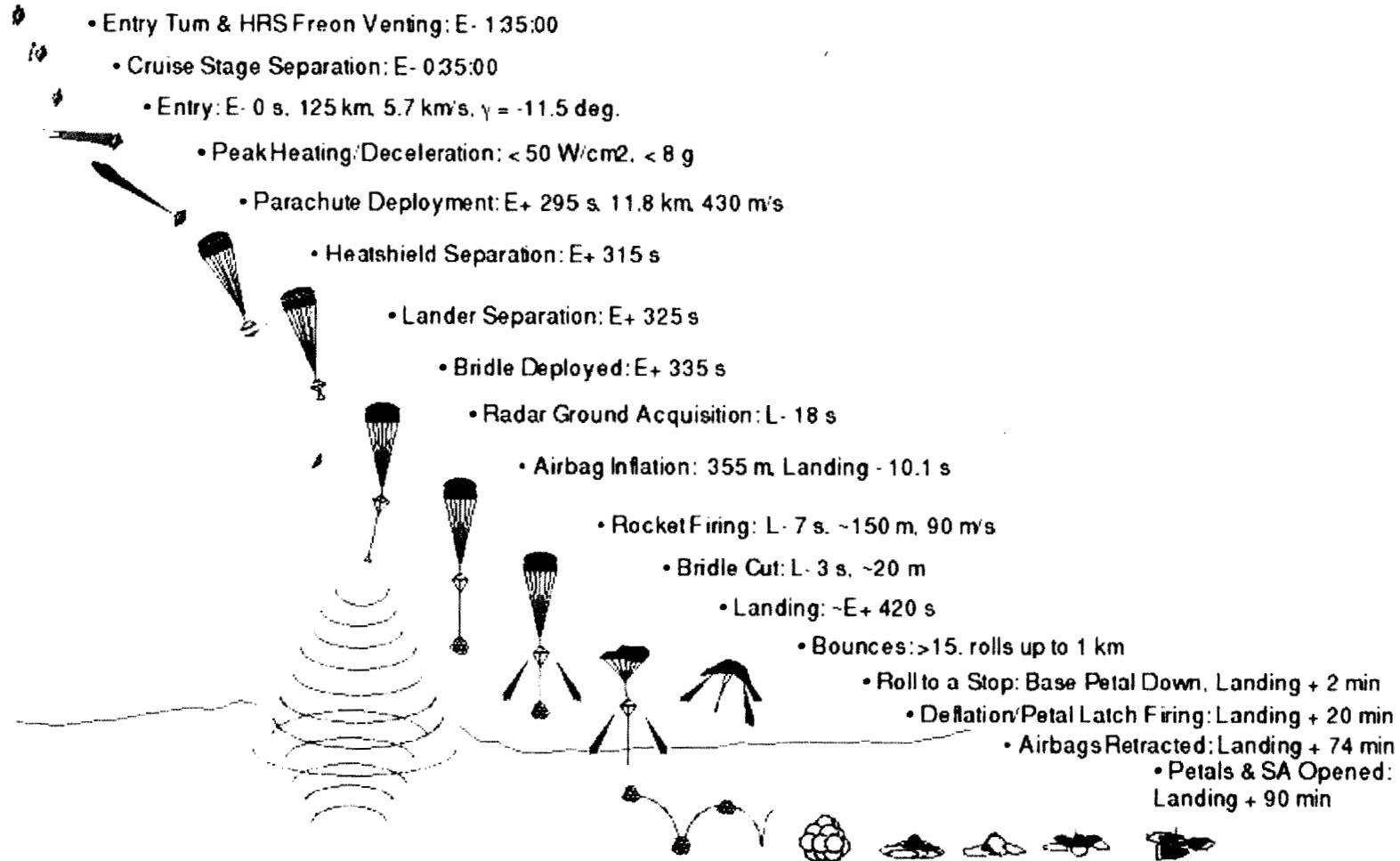


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MER 1 RADIATED SUSCEPTIBILITY TEST RESULTS, GENERAL RF FIELDS

- 1) The MER 1 S/C was irradiated in the vertical polarization from 14 kHz to 300 MHz and in both the vertical and horizontal polarizations from 300 MHz to 10 GHz.
- 2) The Small Deep Space Transponder was powered on and placed in the receive mode via the Cruise Low Gain Antenna (CLGA) during the radiated susceptibility testing. The antenna hats were removed and the X-Band receiver was left unlocked and the key parameters were monitored by the RFS team for possible anomalous or off-nominal readings.
- 3) During 5 V/m radiated susceptibility test, slight jumps in the Wideband AGC and Narrowband AGC were observed by the RFS team as the radiating frequency scanned across the 3rd and 2nd sub-harmonics of the 7.1 GHz – 7.2 GHz receive frequency (2.39 GHz and 3.59 GHz). This behavior was due to harmonics of the EMC signal generator and antenna. The SDST did not lock due to the signal strength and sweep rate.

EDL Process



EDL Done @ 14:50 LST
Earth Set @ 15:20 LST



Descent/EDL Phase EMC Test Objectives



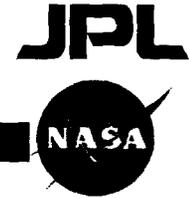
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Test Objectives With MER in Descent/EDL Configuration

- **A functional self-compatibility test that confirms that the Lander's Radar Altimeter System is unaffected by UHF transmitter and other operating functions while in descent configuration.**
- **Demonstrate that Descent Camera is not affected by Radar Altimeter**
- **Demonstrate that the backshell and rover Inertial Measurement Units are unaffected by UHF and X-Band transmitters via direct or indirect RF coupling on bridle cable**
- **Demonstrate that the X-Band patch (lander) antenna transmits properly**
- **Demonstrate plugs out compatibility**
- **Simulate deadface, i.e. cable cutter actions**



Descent/EDL Phase EMC Test Configuration



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TEST CONFIGURATION FOR EDL TESTS

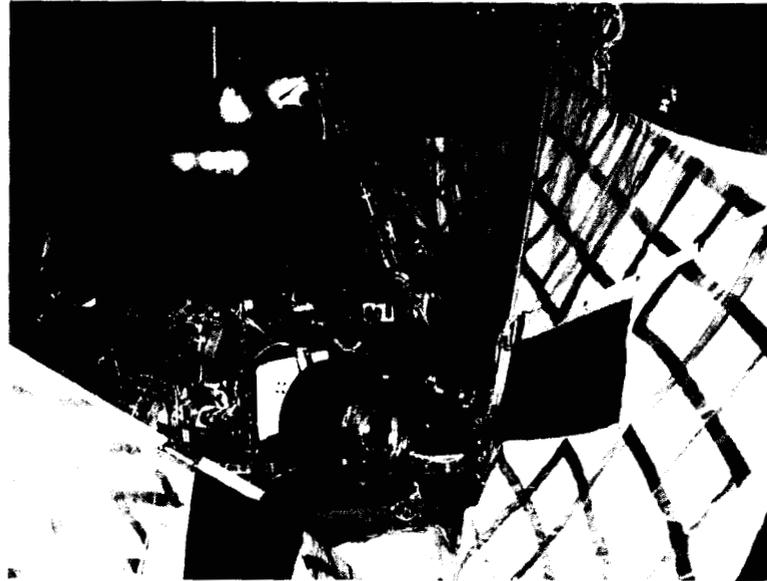
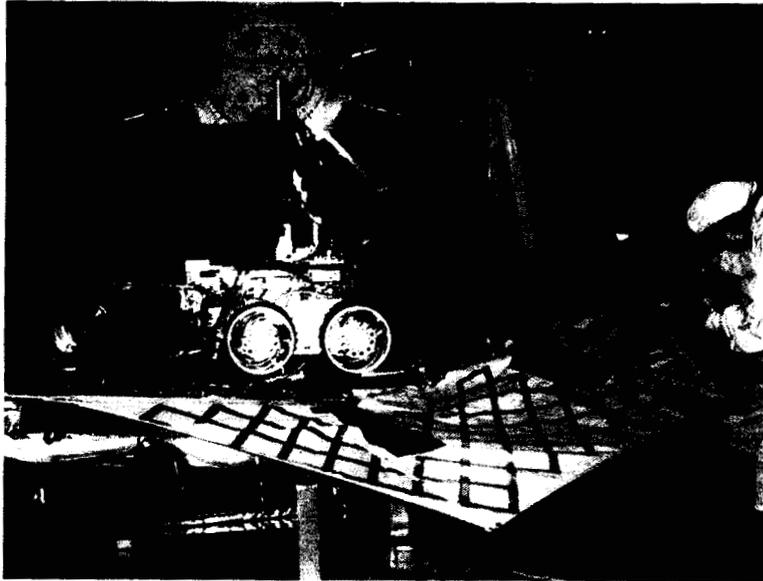
- 1) Backshell was suspended above lander. RF absorber was placed on floor to attenuate RAS return signal.

- 2) UHF and X-Band air- links established with EMC test antennas. Test confirmed compatibility of RF links with each other and with MER system.
 - Several tests performed in this configuration:
 - a) Self-compatibility tests during the descent phase
 - › Radiate from the Lander Low Gain Antenna (LGA), Ultra High Frequency (UHF) monopole antenna, and Radar Altimeter antenna.
 - › At least one EDL simulation run will be performed
 - › Monitor IMUs, record results

- 3) Radiating via the X-Band patch antenna into EMC test antenna positioned below lander.

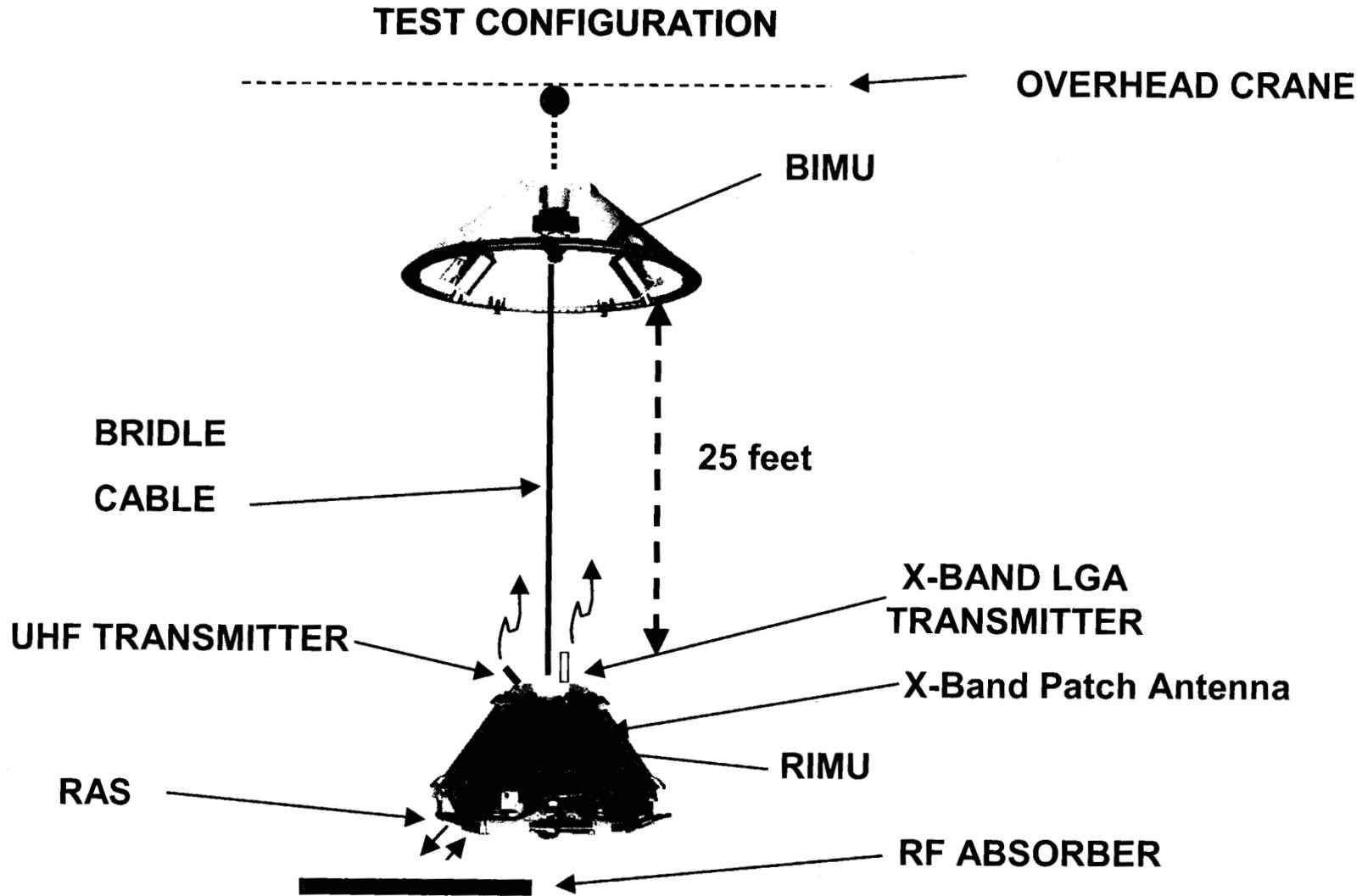
Descent/EDL Phase EMC Test Configuration

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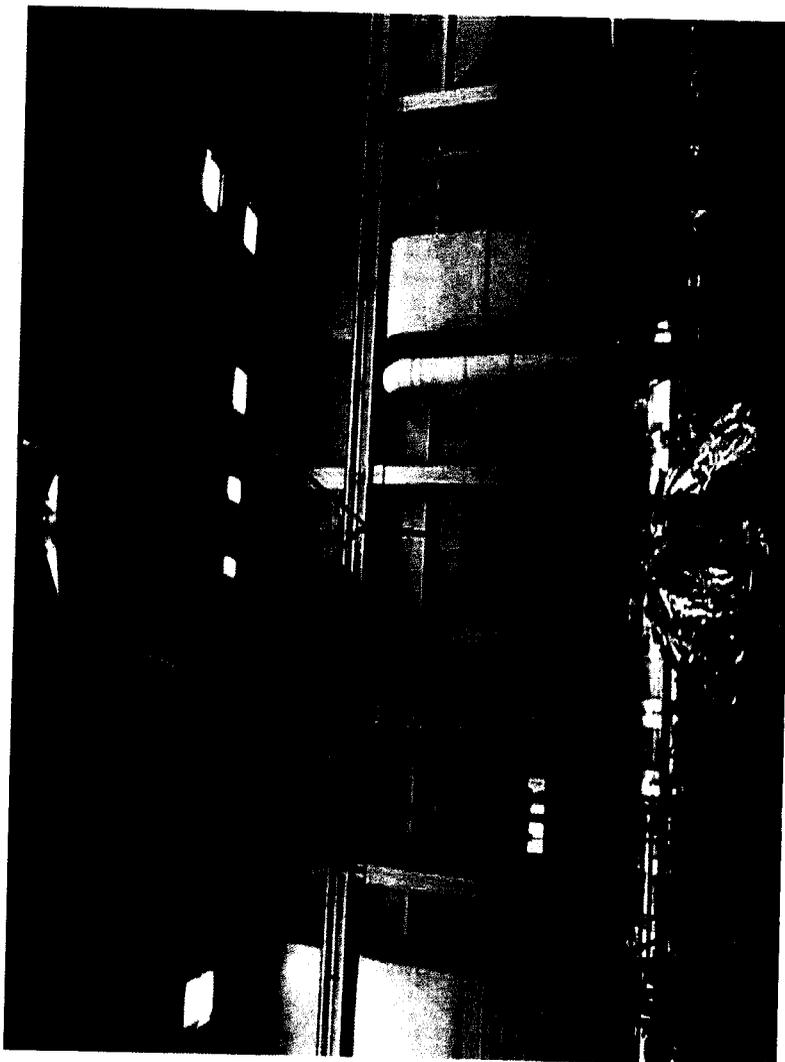
Descent/EDL Phase EMC Test Configuration - 1

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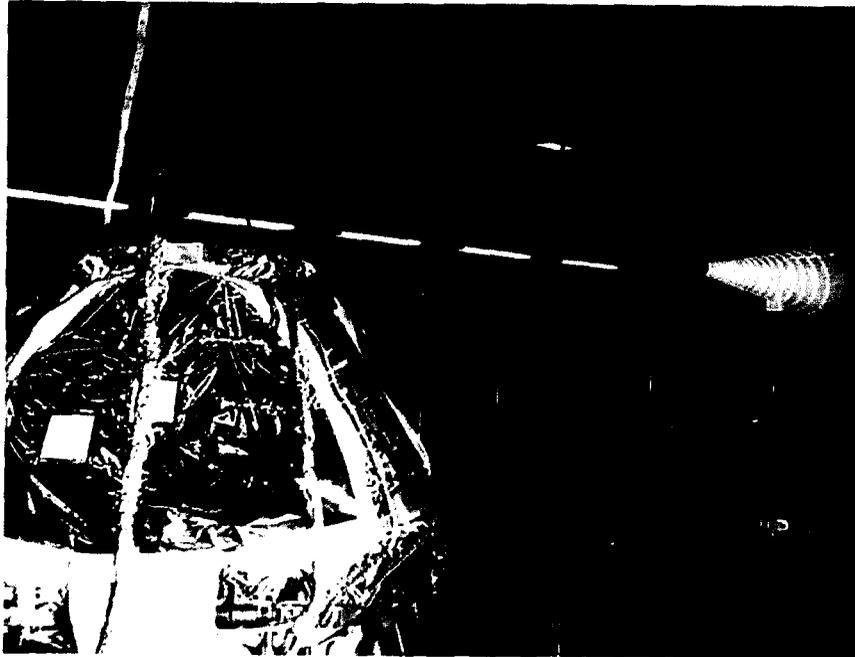
Descent/EDL Phase EMC Test Configuration - 2

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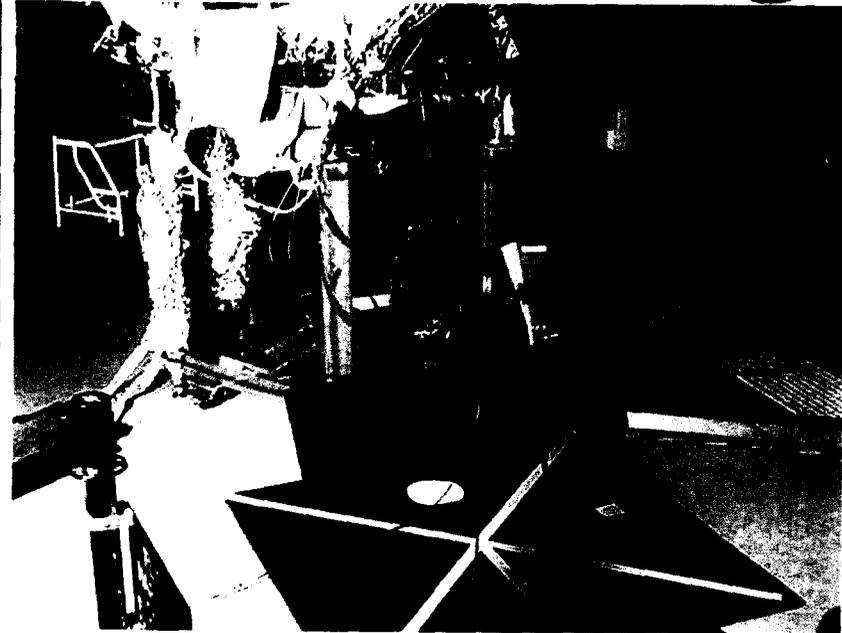
Descent/EDL Phase EMC Test Configuration - 3

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**X-Band Test Horn Antenna And
UHF Spiral Antenna Used For
Air-Link Test**

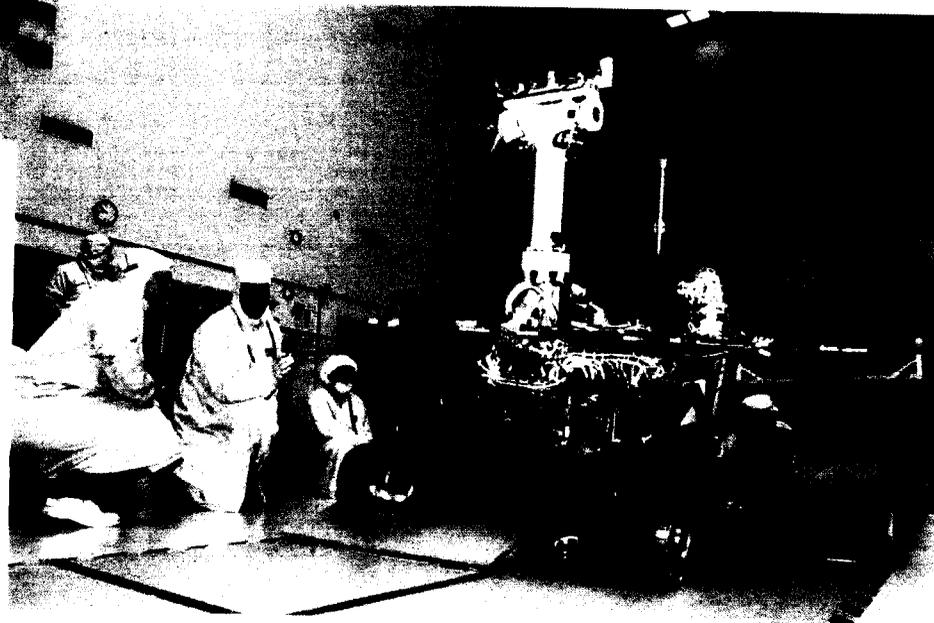
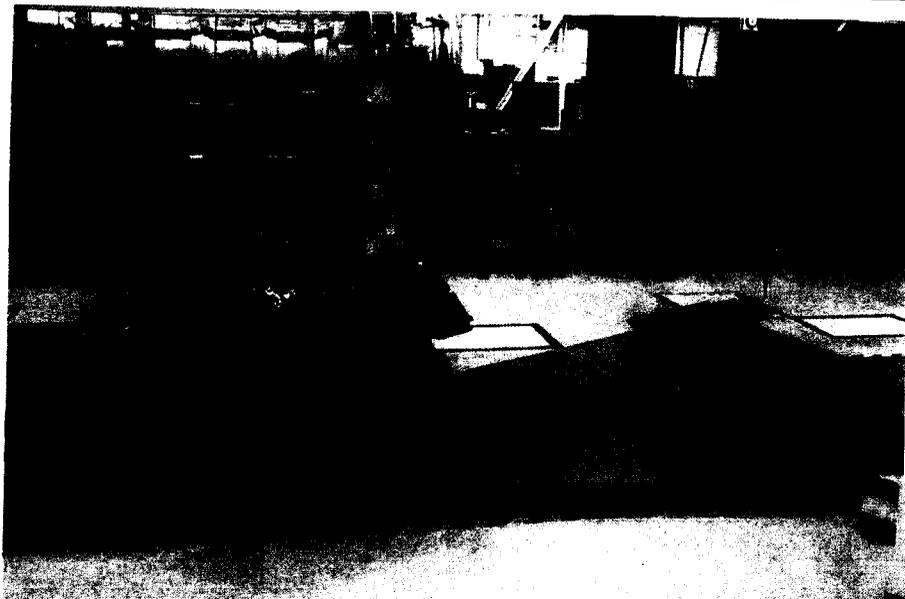
**Lander Included Air Bags
To Simulate Attenuated Signals**



**Ferrite Absorber Laid On Floor
Image Cross Pattern Included For
Dimes Camera**

Rover Surface EMC Testing

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Rover EMC Tests, Surface Phase Objectives



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Test Objectives

- To uncover interferences between UHF and X-Band RF transmitters with other Rover functions
- To uncover interference between Rover subsystems and X-Band/UHF communication receivers
- To ensure compatibility of RF links with each other and with MER system including with articulated HGA
- To demonstrate total functional performance for self-compatibility of integrated Rover system including all flight interface cabling.
 - Representative cable interactions (effects of routing, bundling, and crosstalk), sensors, and distributed functions.
- To demonstrate functional performance of components and functions not tested in assembly level EMC qualification testing.



Rover EMC Tests, Surface Phase Objectives



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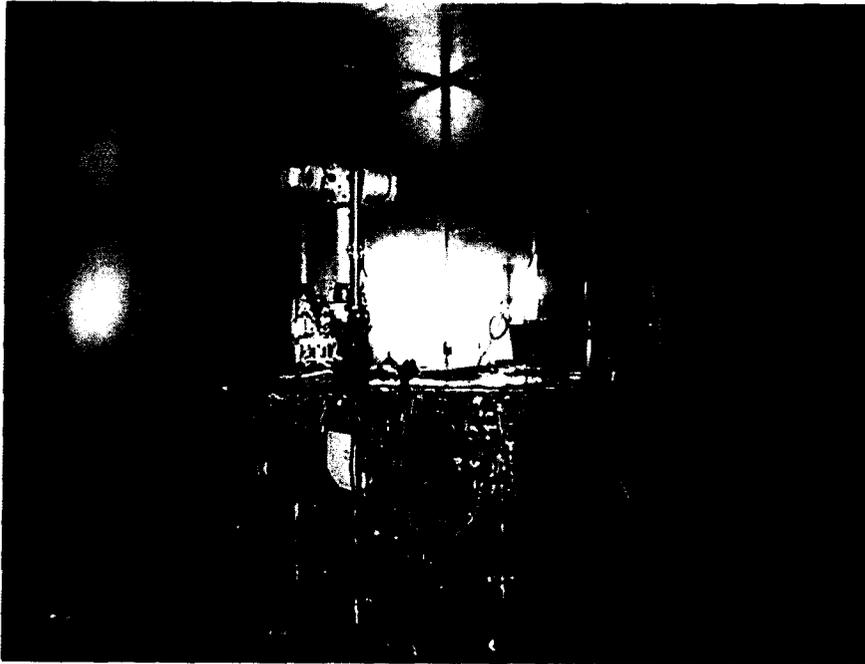
Pre-Test Planning, System Level Compatibility Matrix

Sources →	X-Band Rx	X-Band Tx	UHF Rx	UHF Tx	AntPower	IMU	APXS	Mossbauer	Mini-TES	PanCams	Micro-Imager	HazCams	NavCams	IDD	RAT	wheels	steering
Victims ↓																	
X-Band Rx			4														
X-Band Tx			4					4			4	4	4		4	4	2
UHF Rx	4													2	4		2
UHF Tx	4						4	4							4		2
AntPower		2	4			4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	2
IMU		2	4	2	2		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		2
APXS		4			2				2					4			2
Mossbauer		2			2												2
Mini-TES		2			2		2							2			2
PanCams		2		2	2									2			2
Micro-Imager		2		2	2									4	4		
HazCams		2		2	2											2	2
NavCams		2		2	2											4	4
IDD		2	4	2	2		2		4								
RAT		4	4	4	2												
wheels		4			2							2	2				2
steering		4			2							2	2			2	2
HGA Gimbal		4			2	4	2							2			
PMA		4	4		2									2			
Filter wheel		4	4		2									2			
MI cover		4	4	4	2									4			

Most vulnerable or worst case	
Mid	2
Least vulnerable	
Valid combination, not an EMI issue	4
Not a valid combination or EMI resolved in ass'y testing	
Not valid, same victim/source	

Rover EMC Tests, Surface Phase Configuration

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X-Band Air Link



UHF Air Link

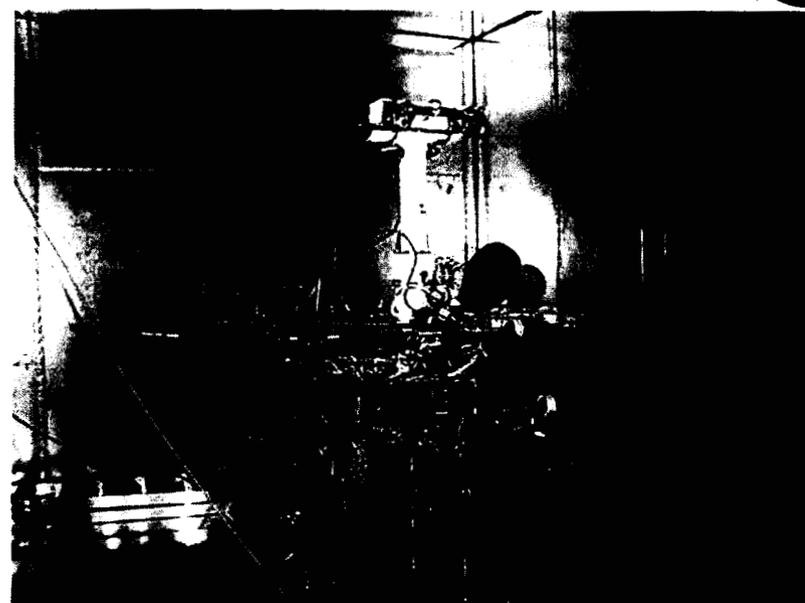
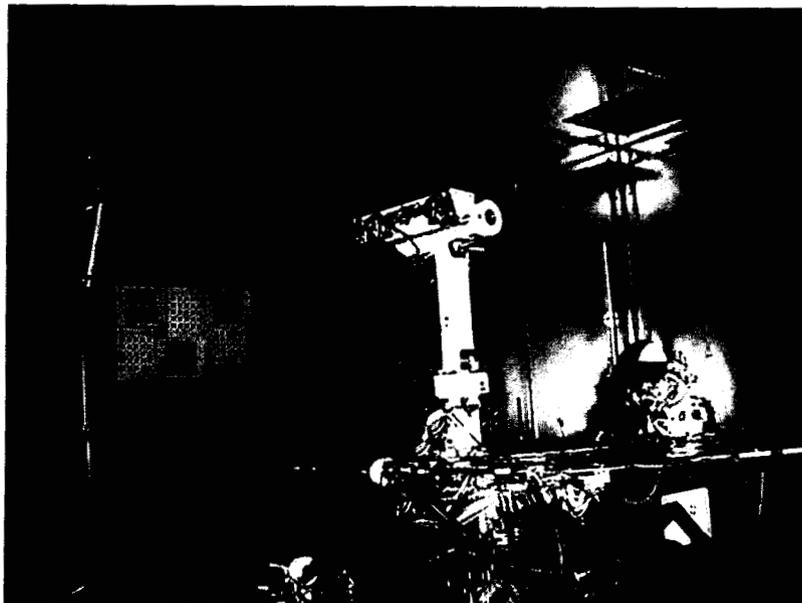
MER 1&2: X-Band Air Link And UHF Air Link

MER 2: GSE Cables Attached

MER 1: Totally Plugs Out, On Batteries Only

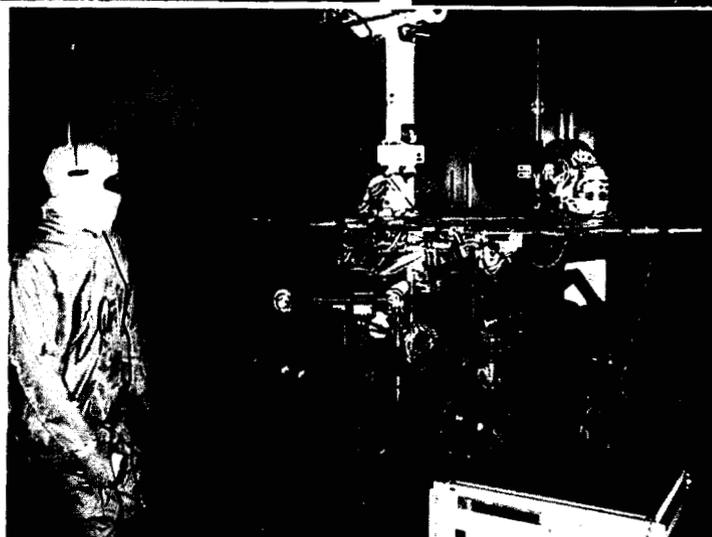
Rover EMC Tests, Surface Phase Configuration

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Fully Plugs Out, No
Cables Test

All Telecom Via Air
Link

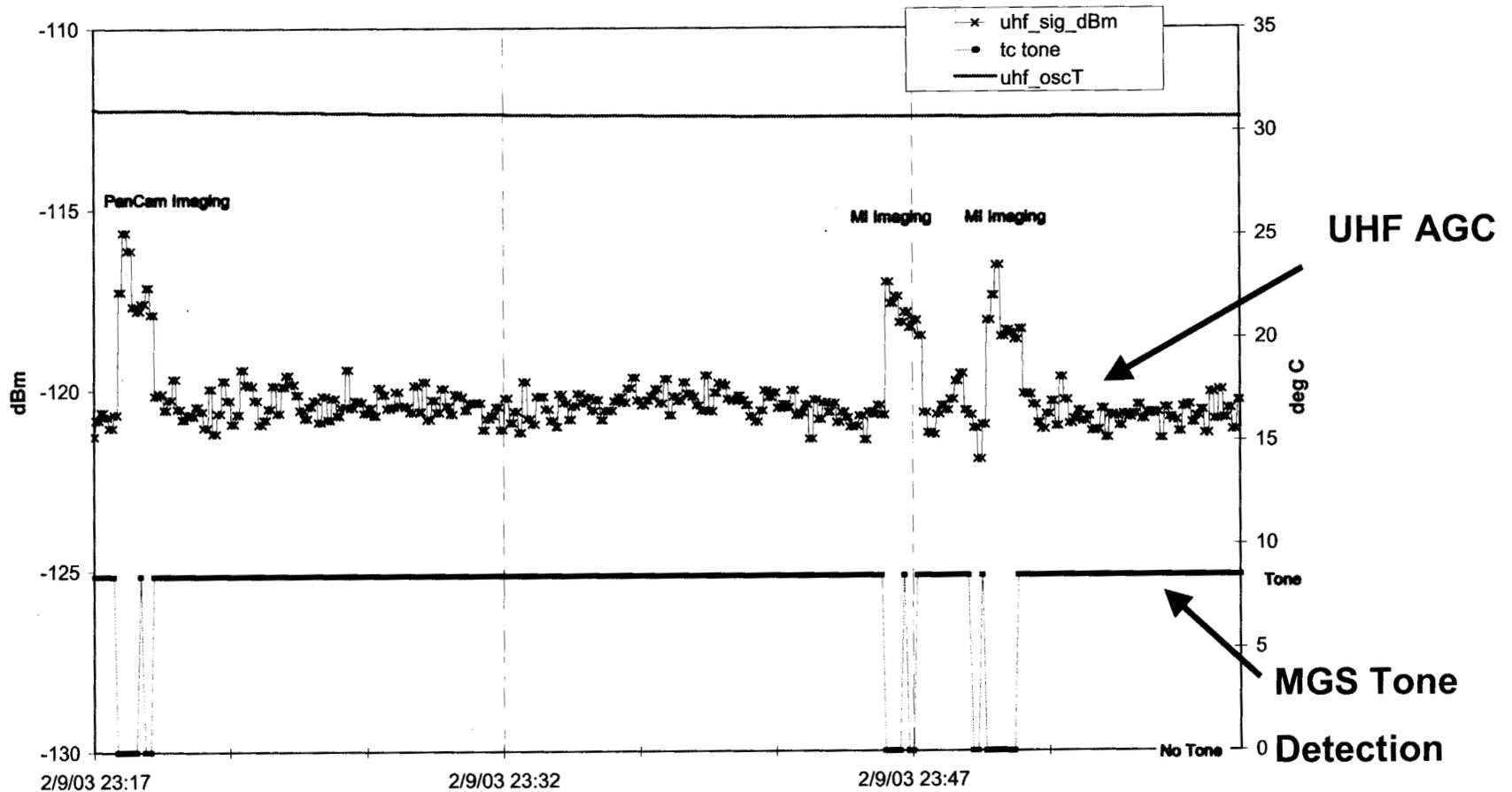


Rover On Batteries

Rover EMC Tests, Surface Phase Example UHF Results

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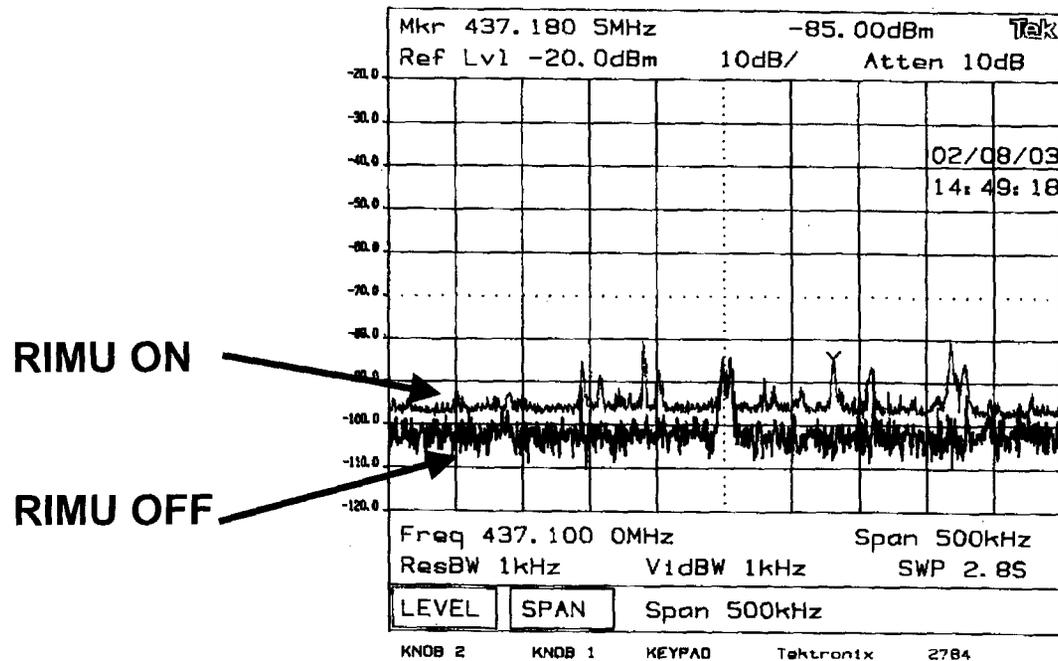
MER-1 - UHF EMC Simplex February 09, 2003 - Susceptibility (TX OFF, MGS Mode, UHF Sig Gen ON)



- Rover 1 UHF Receiver In MGS Tone Detection Mode.
- Loss Of Tones Due To Pan Cam And Microlmager Operations

Rover EMC Tests, Surface Phase Results

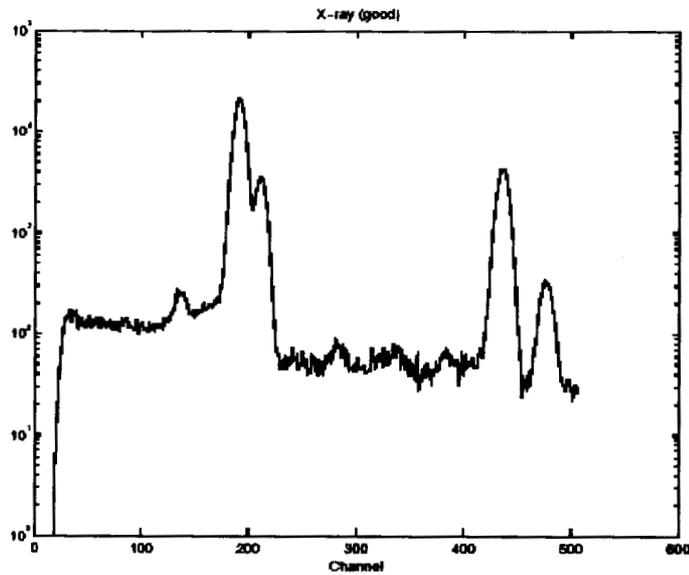
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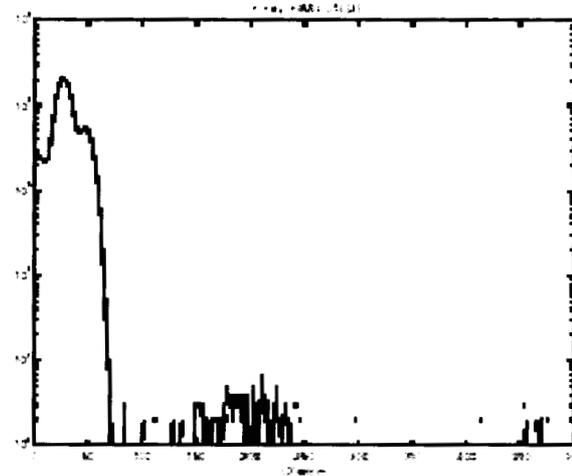
- Rover 1 UHF Emissions, UHF Tone Detection Mode, UHF Receiver Goes In and Out Of Lock With RIMU Powered ON,
- When Powered OFF UHF Does Not Go In and Out Of Lock,
- Degradation in MGS Tone Detection sensitivity – Noise close to 437.1 MHz at 437.180 kHz Is Cause Of Receiver Degradation,

Rover EMC Tests, Surface Phase Results

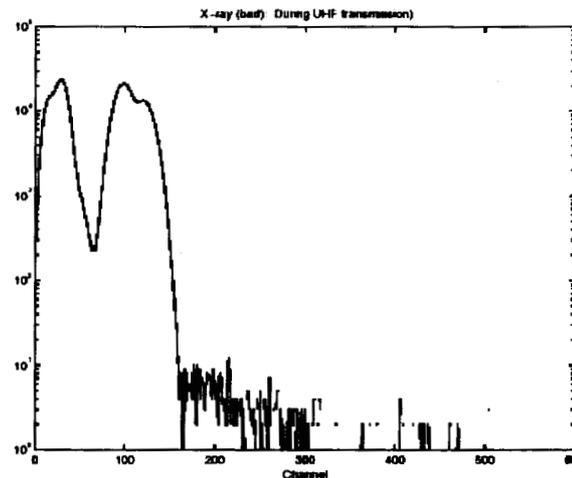
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GOOD ALPHA PARTICLE X-RAY SPECTROMETER DATA SET (UHF Tx OFF, RIMU OFF)



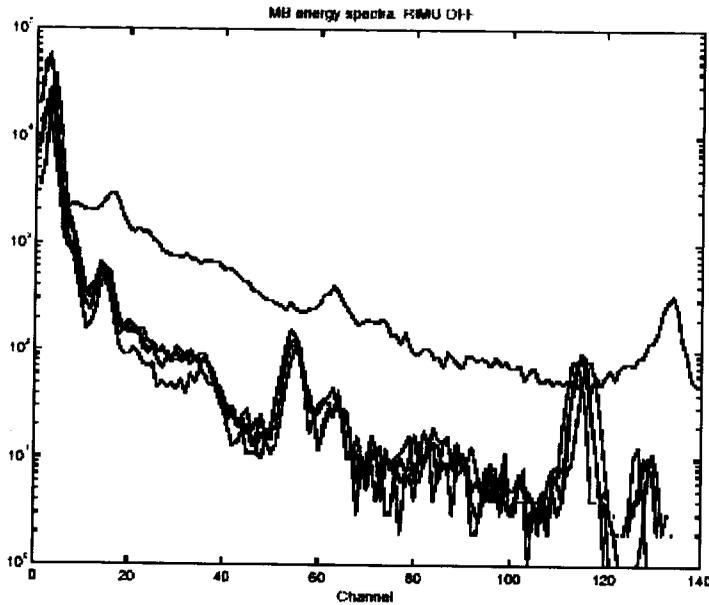
APXS X-RAY DATA CORRUPTED BY RIMU



APXS X-RAY DATA CORRUPTED BY UHF RF TRANSMITTER EMISSIONS

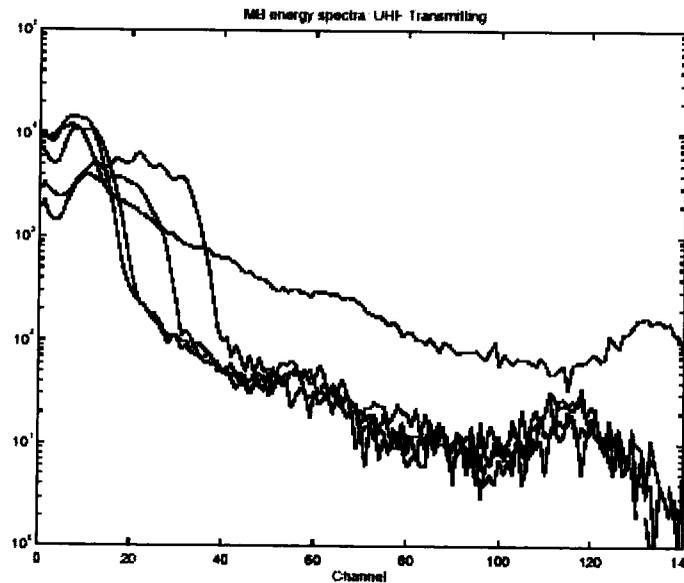
Rover EMC Tests, Surface Phase Results

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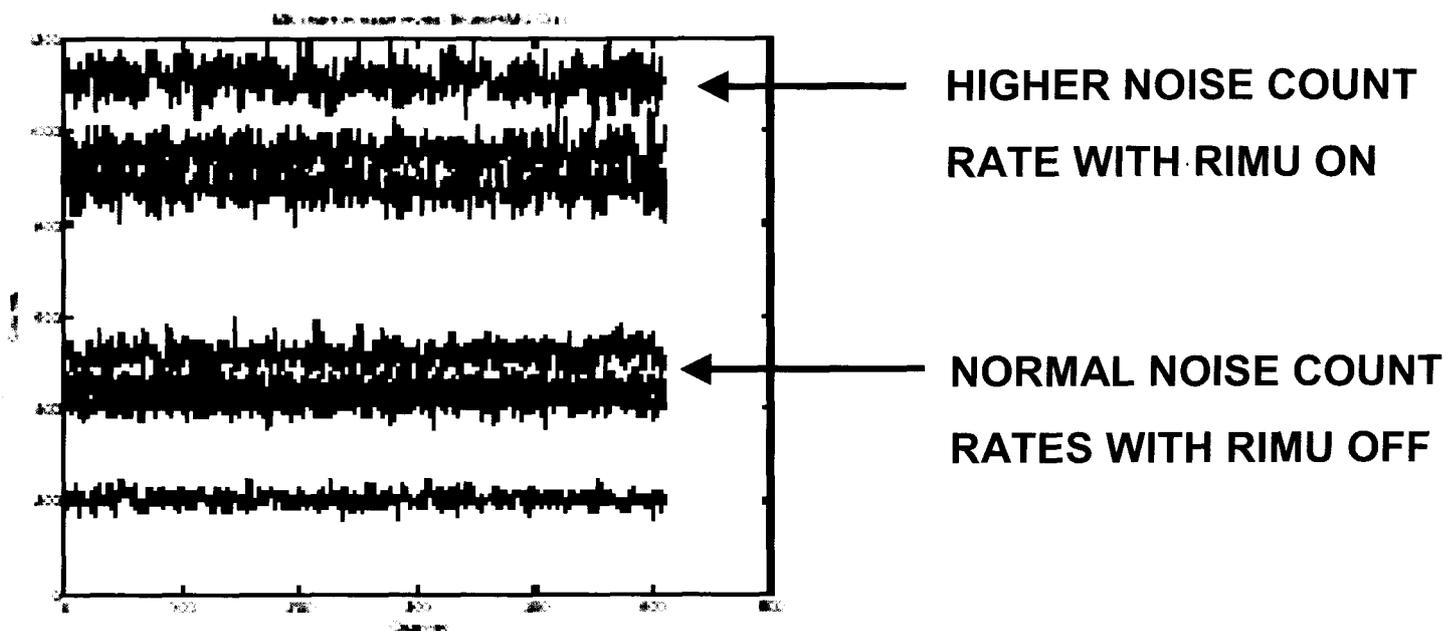
MÖSSBAUER Energy Spectra
With UHF Transmitter OFF
GOOD DATA

MÖSSBAUER Energy Spectra
With UHF Transmitter ON
DATA UNUSABLE



Rover EMC Tests, Surface Phase Results

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MÖSSBAUER Sensitivity To RIMU:

-Noise count rates in the main detector channels are substantially higher with RIMU ON (BLUE) as compared to RIMU OFF (RED)



Rover EMC Tests, Surface Phase Results



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Rover System Level Compatibility Test Results

	SOURCES																			
	X-Band Rx	X-Band Tx	UHF Rx	UHF Tx	AviPower	IMU	APXS	Mossbauer	Mini-TES	PanCams	Micro-Imager	HazCams	NavCams	IDD	RAT	wheels	steering	HGA Gimbal	PMA	Filter wheel
VICTIMS																				
X-Band Rx	0																			
X-Band Tx		0																		
UHF Rx			0																	
UHF Tx				0																
AviPower					0															
IMU						0														
APXS							0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mossbauer								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mini-TES									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PanCams										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Micro-Imager											0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HazCams											0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NavCams											0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDD											0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RAT											0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
wheels											0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
steering											0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HGA Gimbal											0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PMA											0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Filter wheel											0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2 - MEDIUM EMI CONCERN

0 - Not Applicable/Not Tested

Rover EMC Tests, Surface Phase Results

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Post System Level Resolutions Of Incompatibilities

SOURCES

	X-Band Rx	X-Band Tx	UHF Rx	UHF Tx	AvPower	IMU	APXS	Mossbauer	Mini-TES	PanCams	Micro-Imager	HazCams	NavCams	IDD	RAT	wheels	steering	HGA Gimbal	PMA	Filter wheel
VICTIMS																				
X-Band Rx	0																			
X-Band Tx		0																		
UHF Rx			0																	
UHF Tx				0																
AvPower					0															
IMU						0														
APXS							0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mossbauer							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mini-TES								0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
PanCams								0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Micro-Imager								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HazCams								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NavCams								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDD								0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RAT								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
wheels				0				0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0
steering				0				0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HGA Gimbal								0			0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
PMA								0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Filter wheel								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

0 - Not Applicable/Not Tested

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

5 - FLIGHT SOFTWARE FIX PREVENTS EMI