

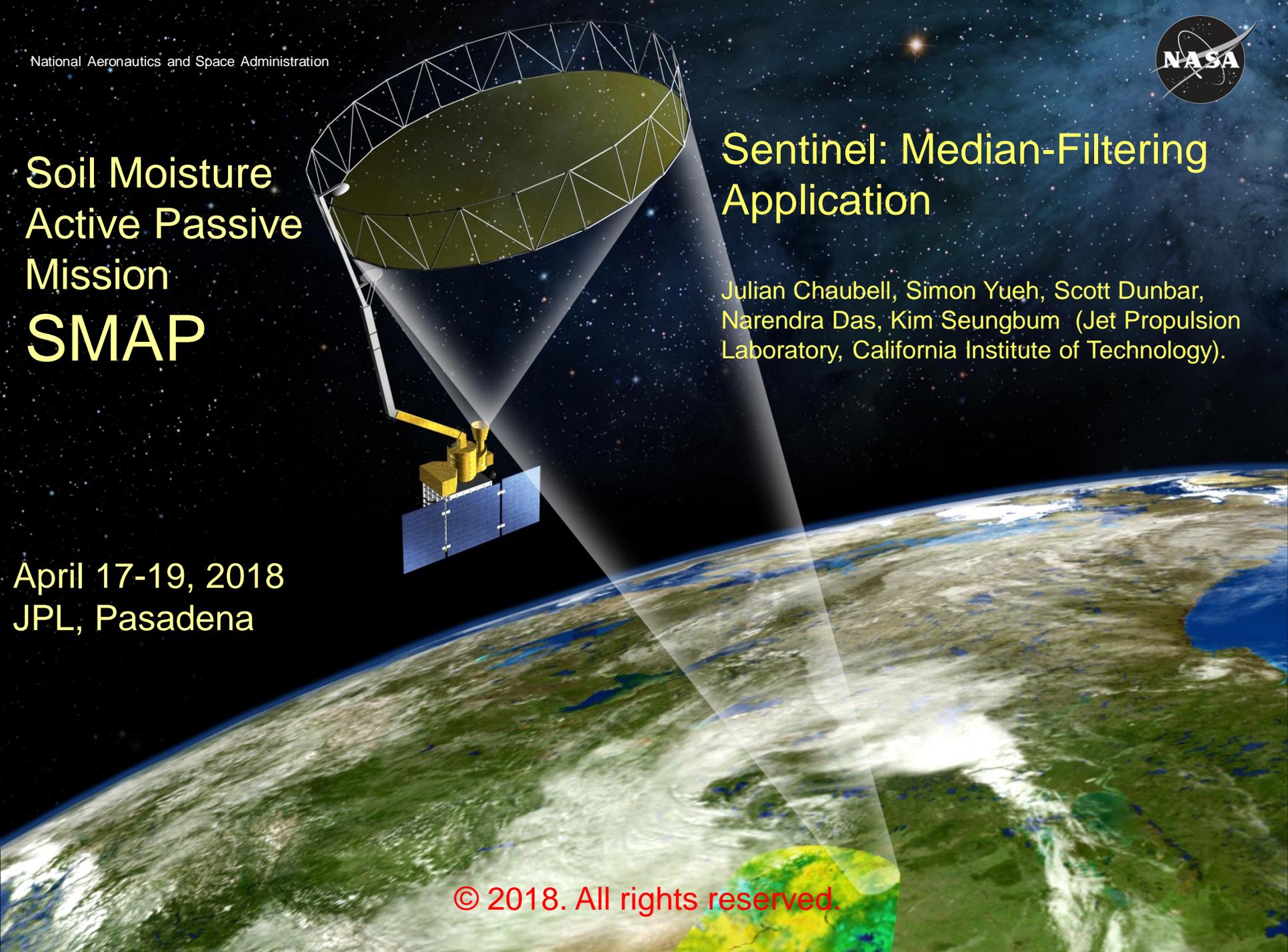


Soil Moisture
Active Passive
Mission
SMAP

**Sentinel: Median-Filtering
Application**

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Narendra Das, Kim Seungbum (Jet Propulsion
Laboratory, California Institute of Technology).

April 17-19, 2018
JPL, Pasadena





Outline

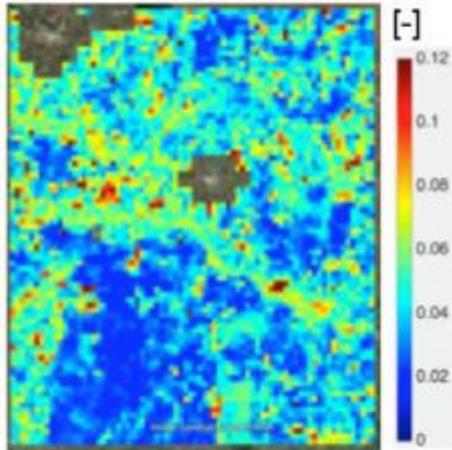


- Review the effort to eliminate unwanted outliers in the Sentinel backscatter
- Overview of methods:
 - Median Filter
 - Global and Local Std threshold
 - Hybrid method
- Show results
- Conclusion

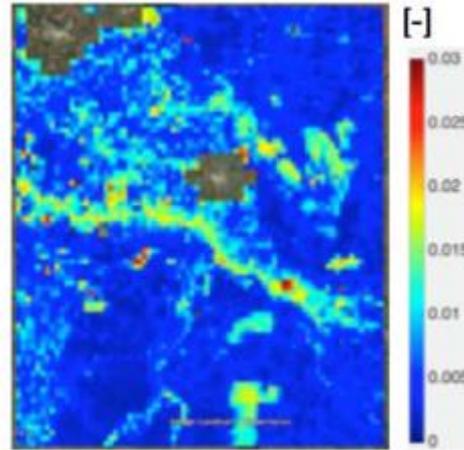
Median-Filter applied after 1km aggregation



May 5th, 2015



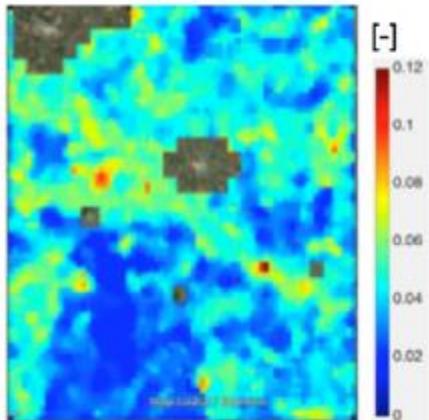
b) Sentinel σ_{vv}



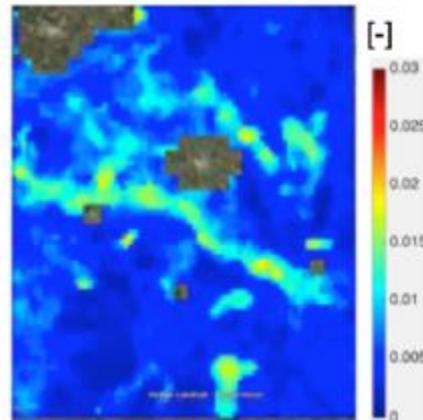
c) Sentinel σ_{vh}

Reference: Soil Moisture Active Passive (SMAP) Project Assessment Report for the L2SMSP Beta-Release Data Products

May 5th, 2015



a) Median Filtered



b) Median Filtered

Even after applying the Mfil on the Sentinel observations, some residual impact of urban areas is still visible because there are locations where the urban areas are greater than the [3X3] window at 1 km EASE grid resolution. The Mfil data are now used in the Science Algorithm Software (SAS) to produce the L2SMSP product.

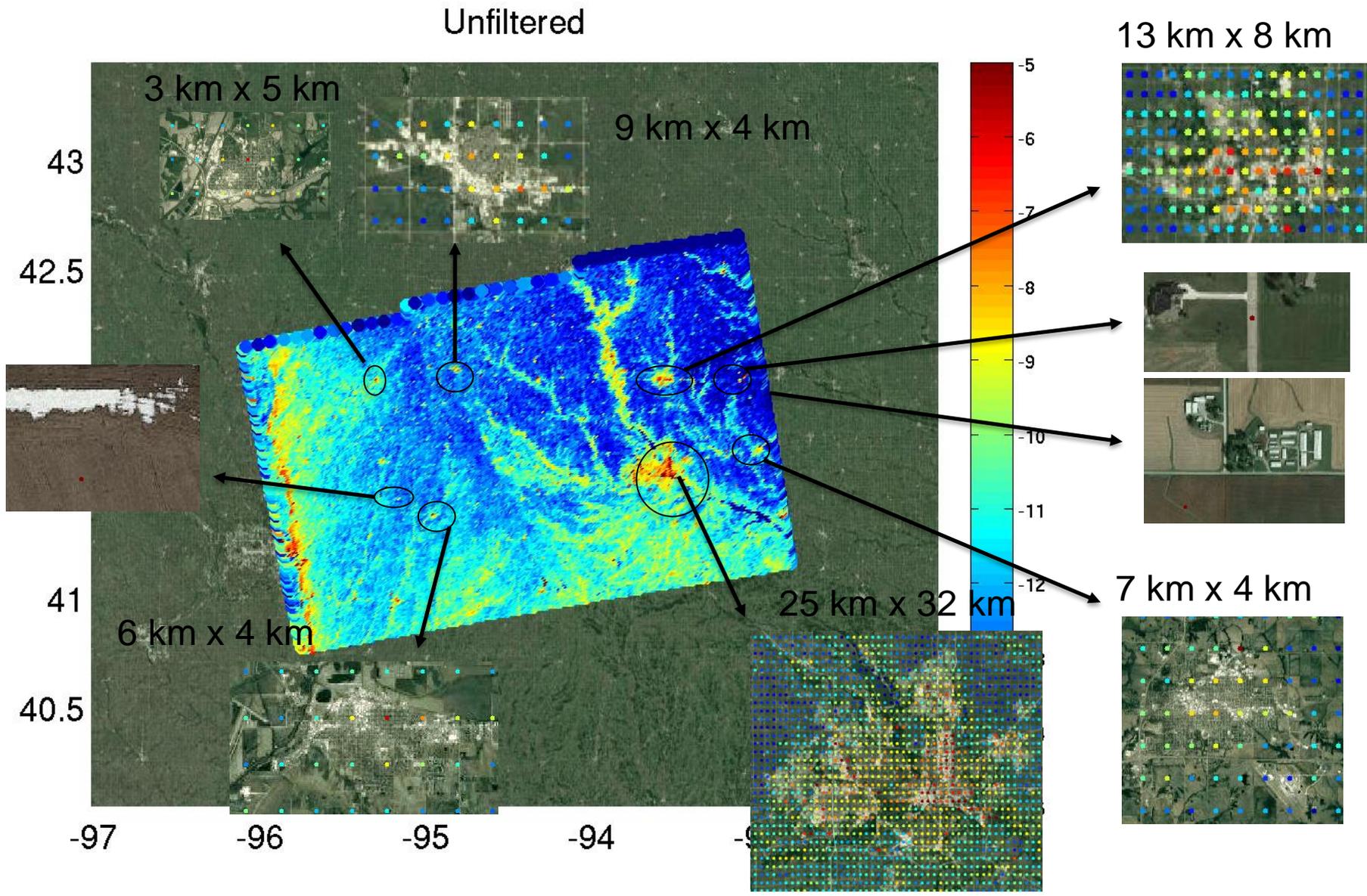


Limitation for Analysis



- Only 11 images to work with
- No control over the aggregator input file
- Inability to process (disaggregated TBs or soil moisture) the aggregator output reduces the possibility of a deeper analysis of the impact of filtering on the disaggregated images
- Evaluation is done visually
- No quantitative analysis
- No metrics for evaluation

Sample Case: Various outliers with different sizes and shapes





Median-Filter applied before aggregation to 1km



- We apply a median-filter to images (11) before aggregation is done
 - We explore results for different size of windows: 3x3 samples (60 meters²), 5x5 samples (100 meters²), 7x7 samples (140 meters²), 9x9 samples (180 meters ²), 21x21 (420 meters²)
- Latency is an important limitation

Windows size	~Time
Unfiltered	3 minutes
3x3 samples	3 minutes
5x5 samples	4.5 minutes
7x7 samples	6 minutes
9x9 samples	7 minutes
15x15 samples	23 minutes
21x21 samples	68 minutes

“Keep in mind that the entire L2_S0_S1 sigma processor usually runs in an average of 5-10 minutes per scene, so even 6 minutes -- while acceptable -- is still a significant contribution to the run time. 62 minutes/scene over 400K scenes would take a much bigger SDS (they can't handle the load now, as it is).”

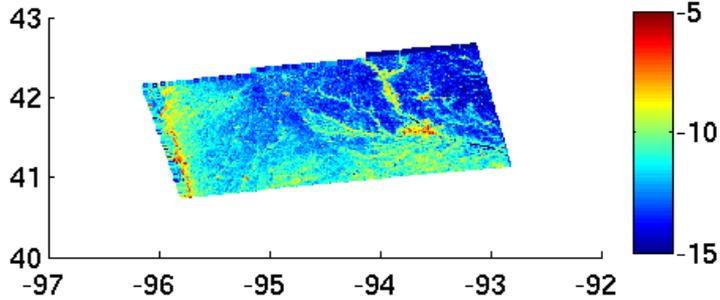
Scott Dunbar



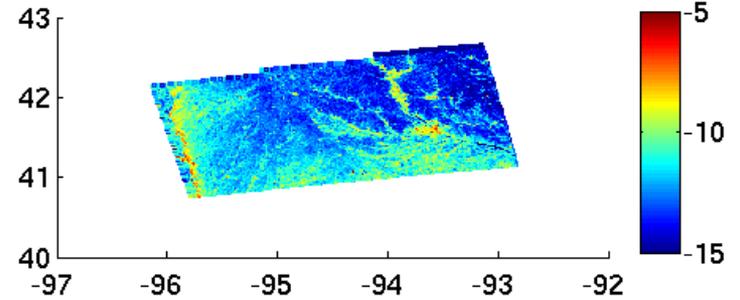
Results



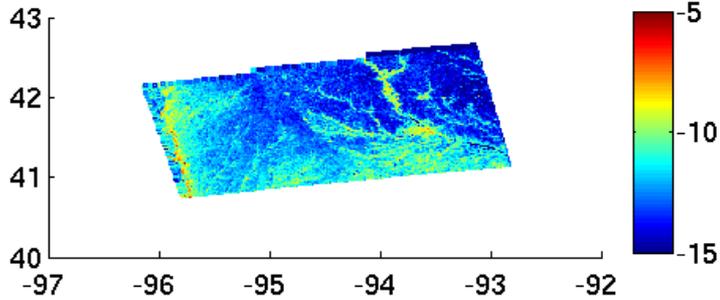
Unfiltered



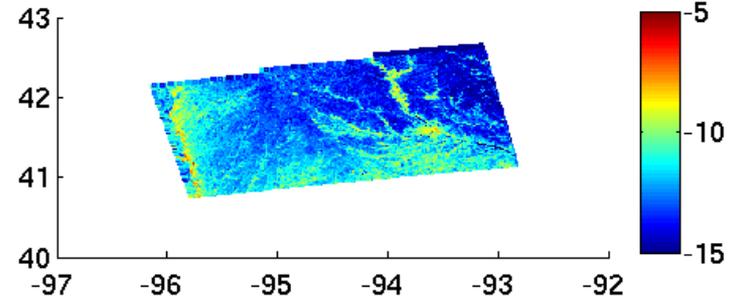
3x3 window median filter



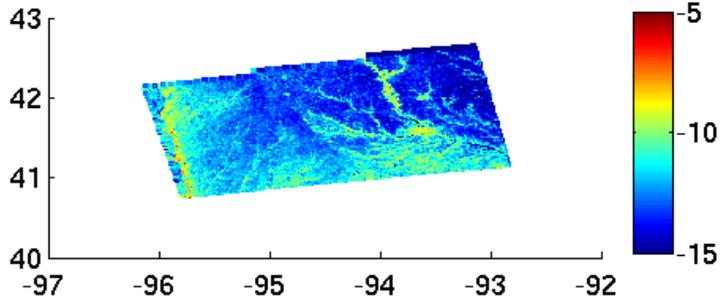
5x5 window median filter



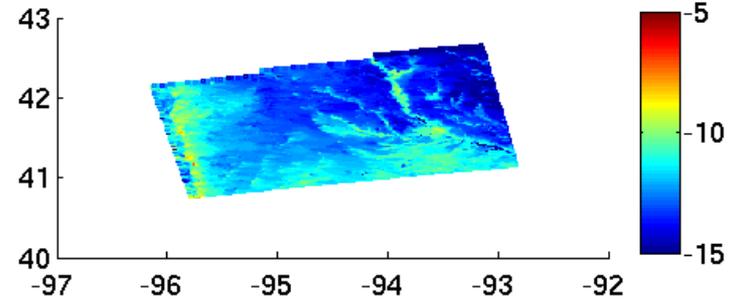
7x7 window median filter



9x9 window median filter



21x21 window median filter

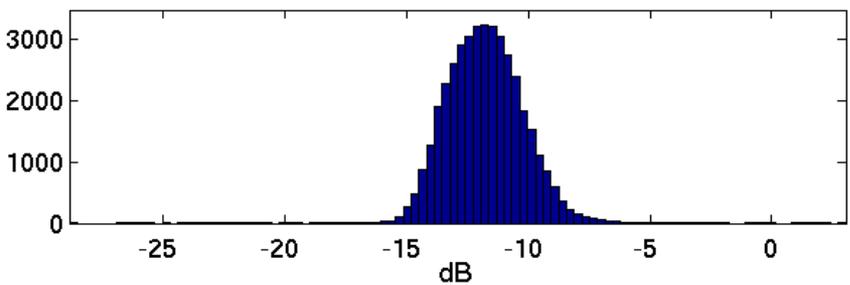




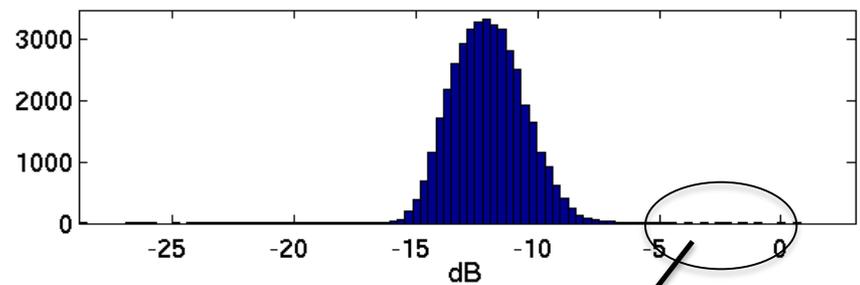
Histograms



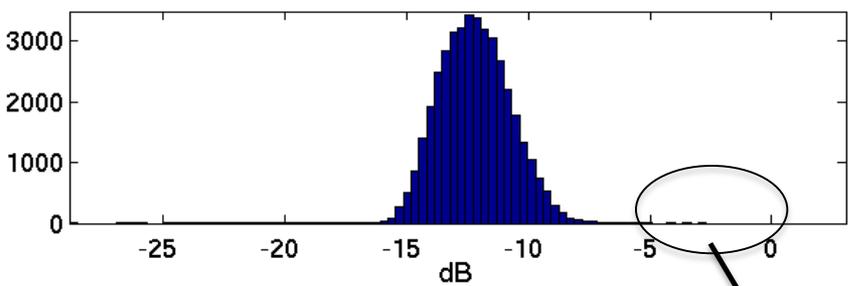
Unfiltered



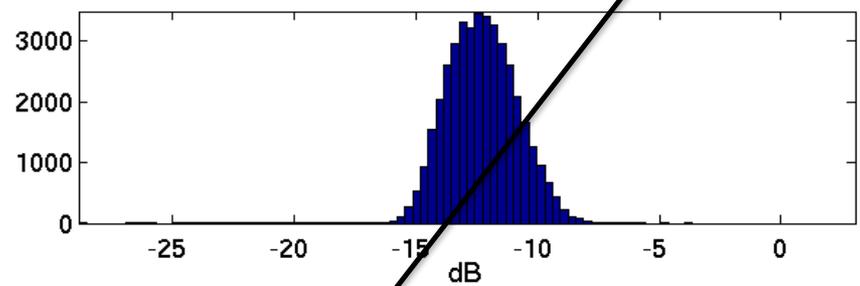
3x3 filtered



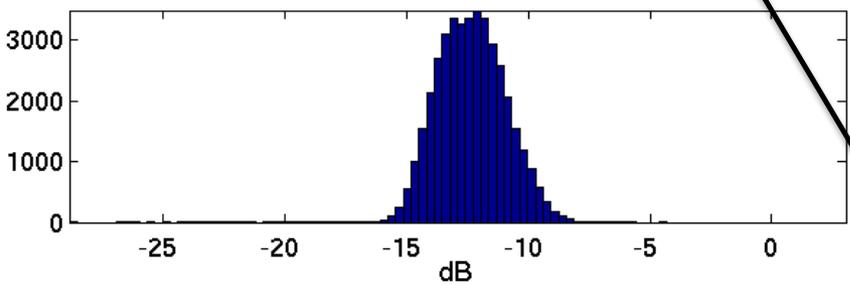
5x5 filtered



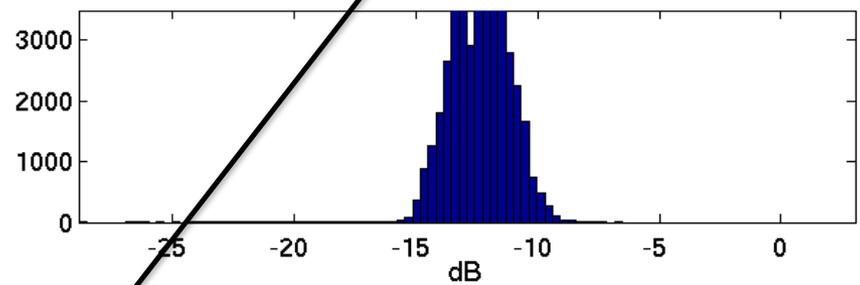
7x7 filtered



9x9 filtered



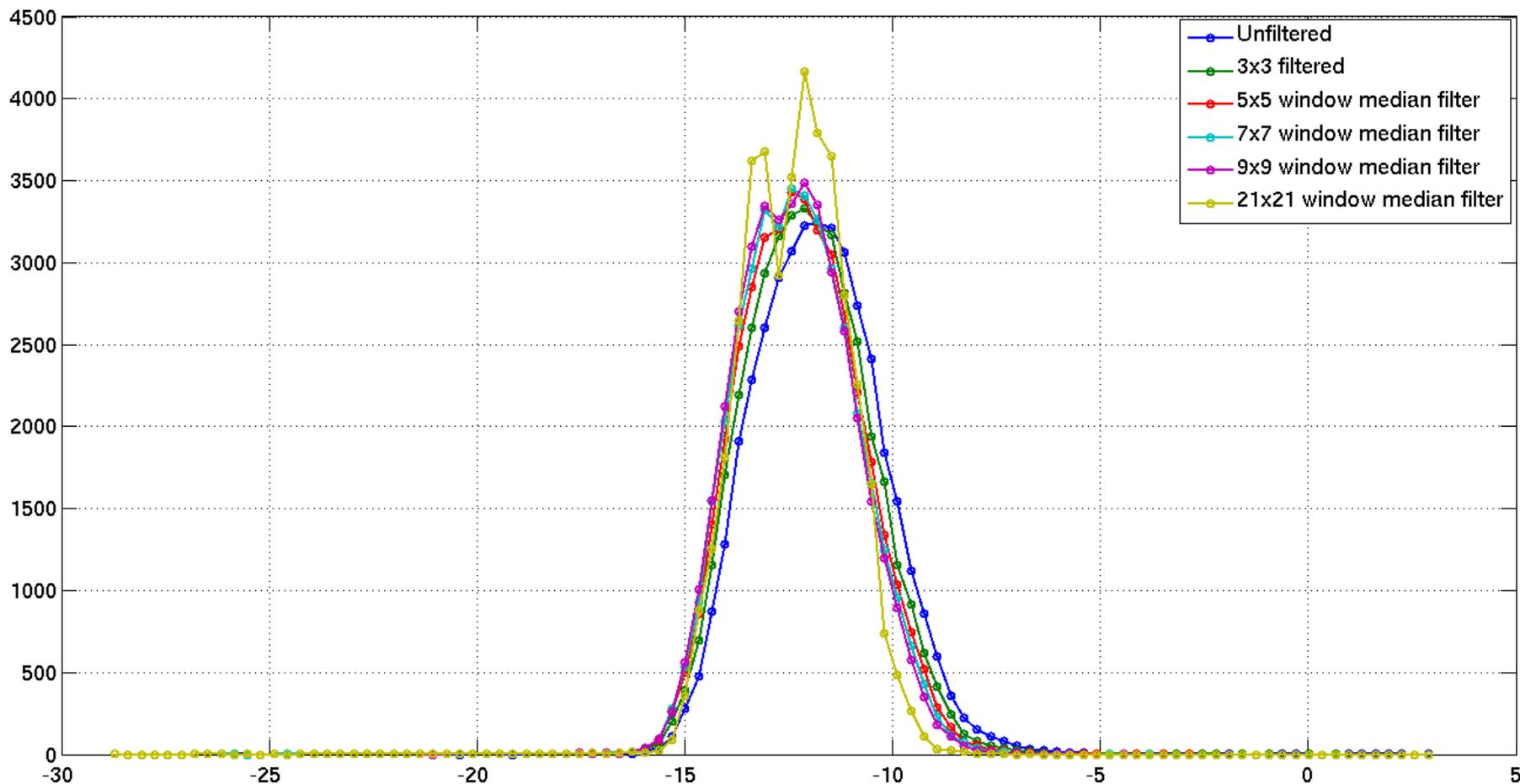
21x21 filtered



Still some high values for C band σ_0



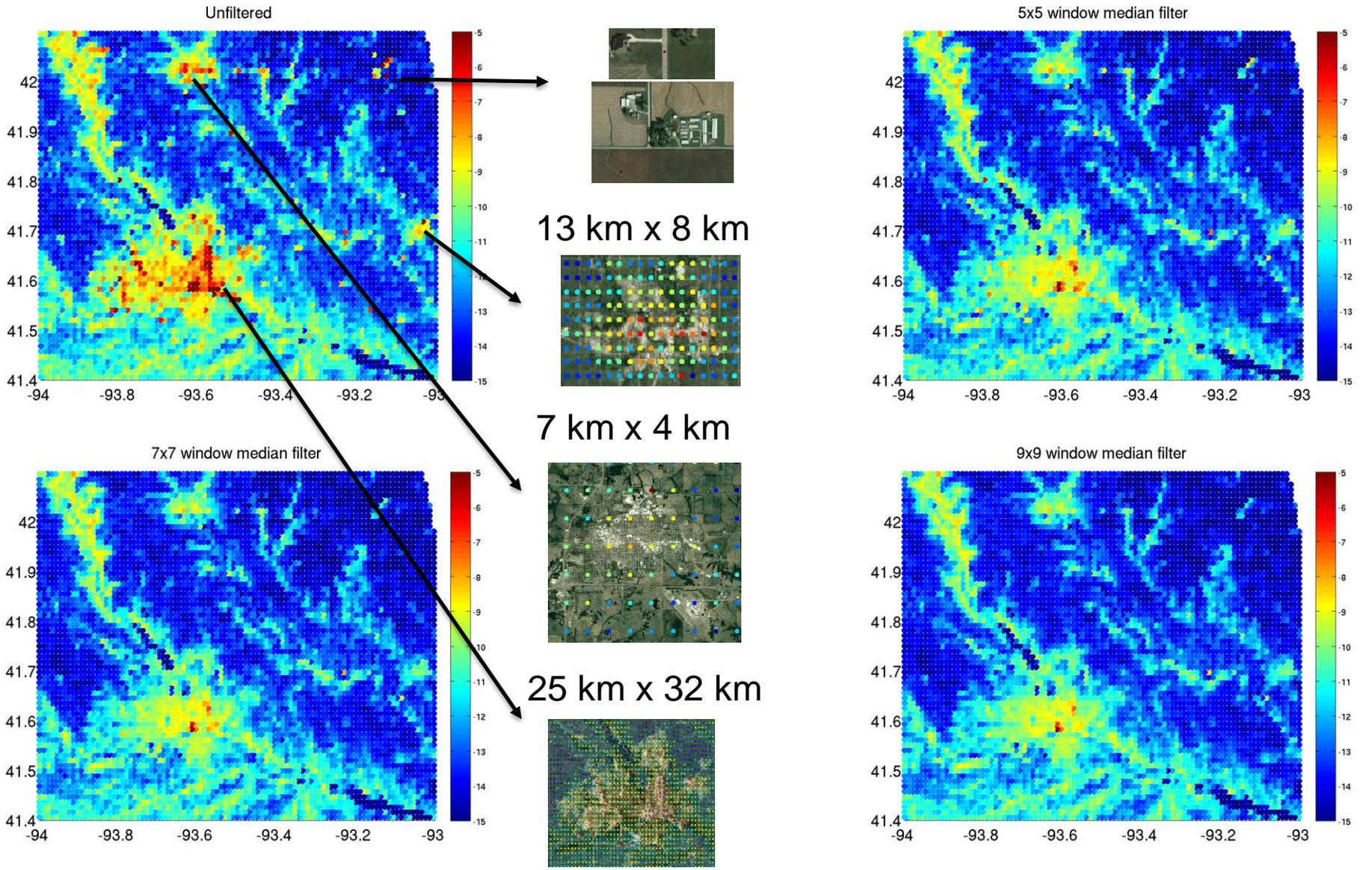
Combine Histograms



- We observe a shift in the mean to the left caused by the elimination of outliers but also by a smooth effect due to the median filter.



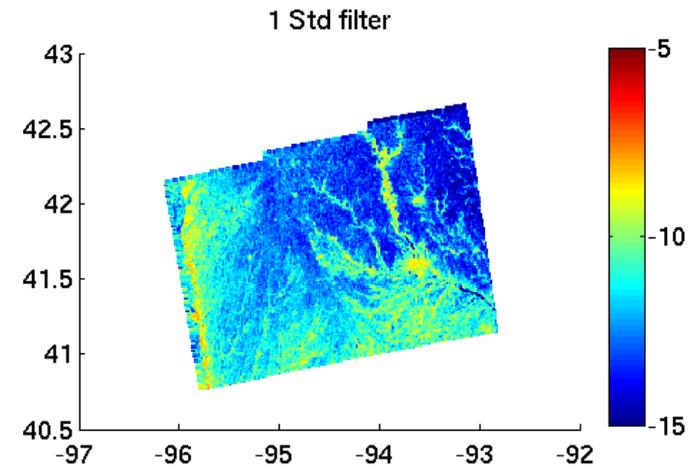
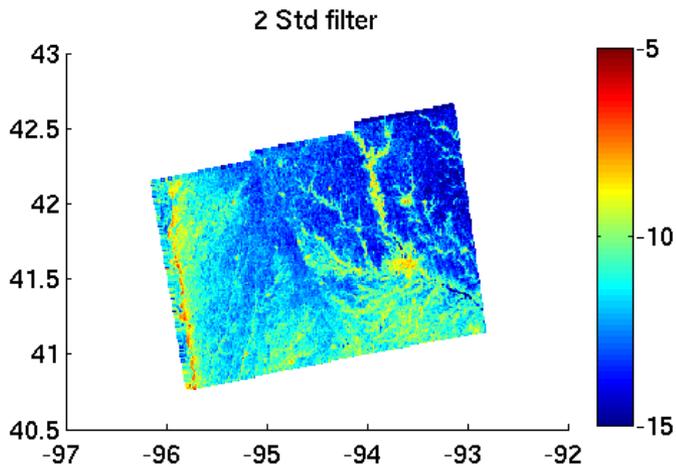
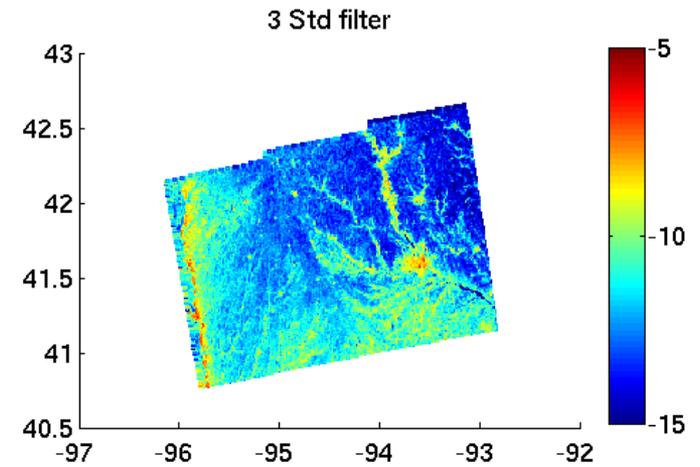
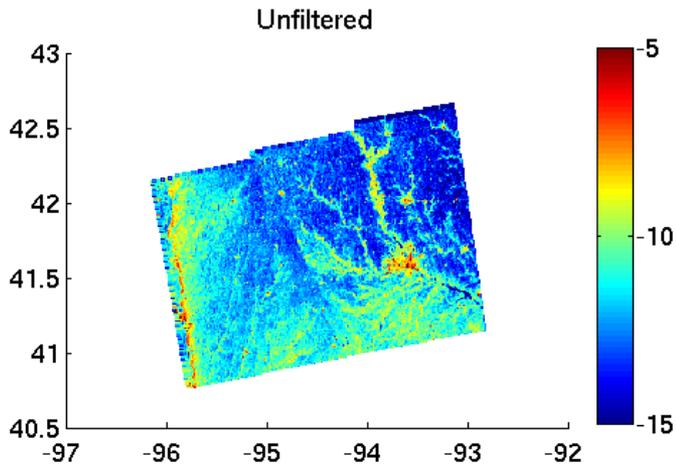
Zooming



Global Standard Deviation (Std) Threshold



- Global mean (m) and Std (s) is computed and then 20 meter samples outside the range $[m-s:m+s]$ are eliminated before aggregation to 1 km.

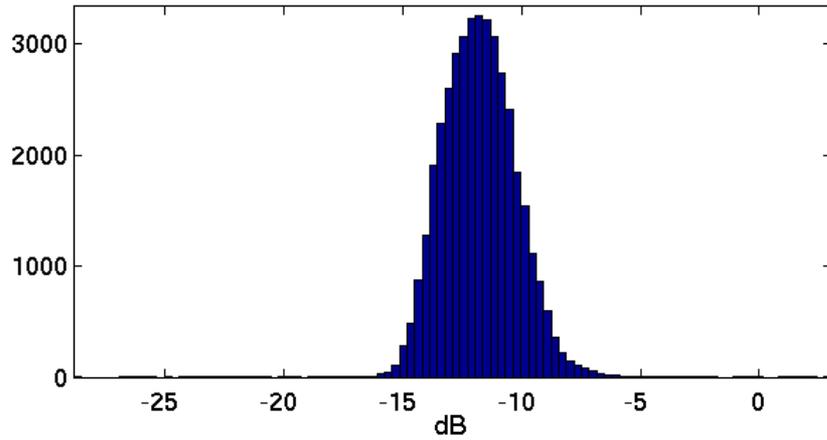




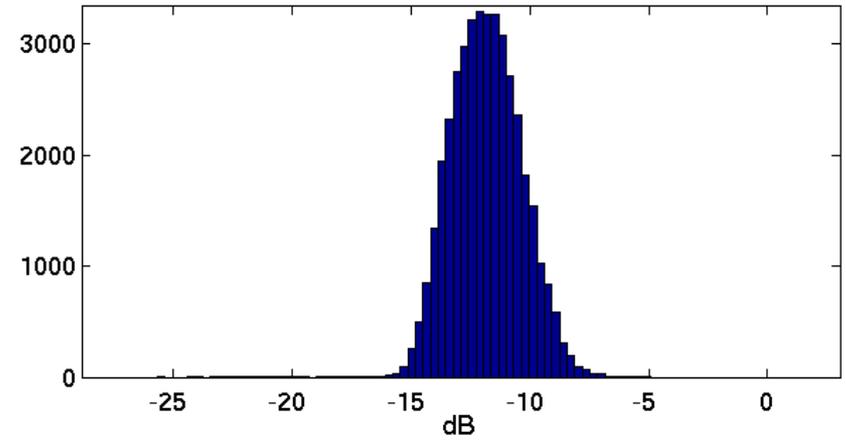
Histograms



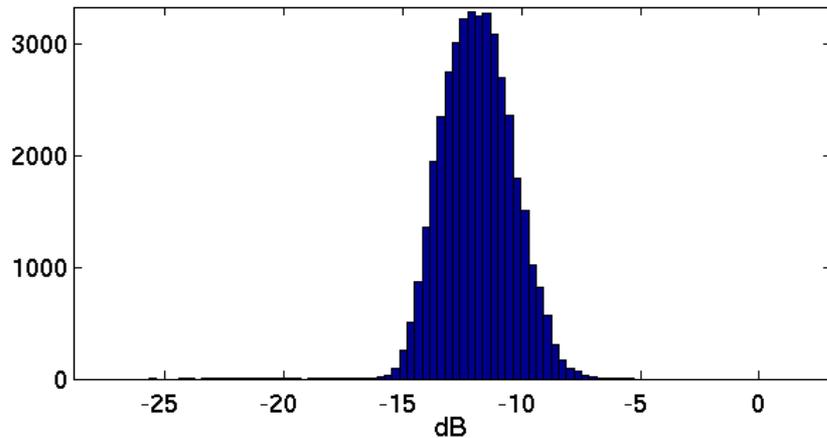
Unfiltered



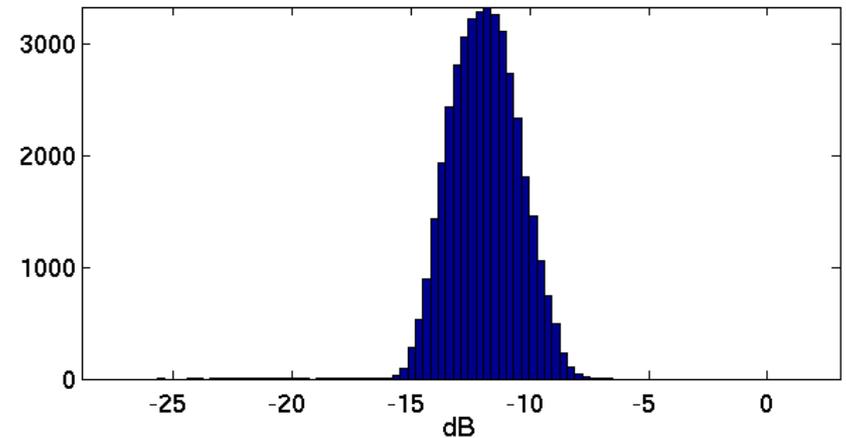
3 Std filtered



2 Std filtered



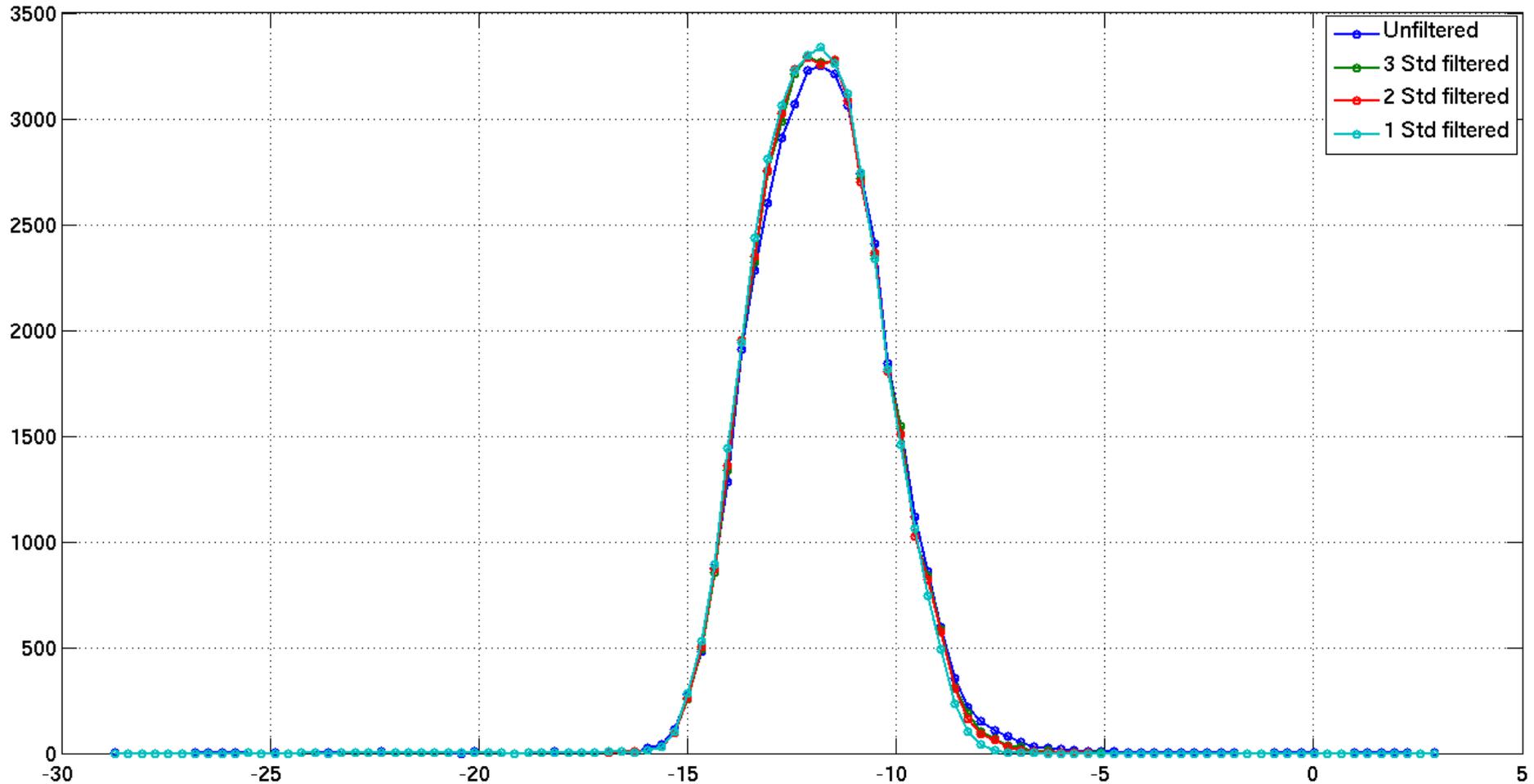
1 Std filtered



- Global Std threshold does a good job eliminating values > -5 dBs. High for C band



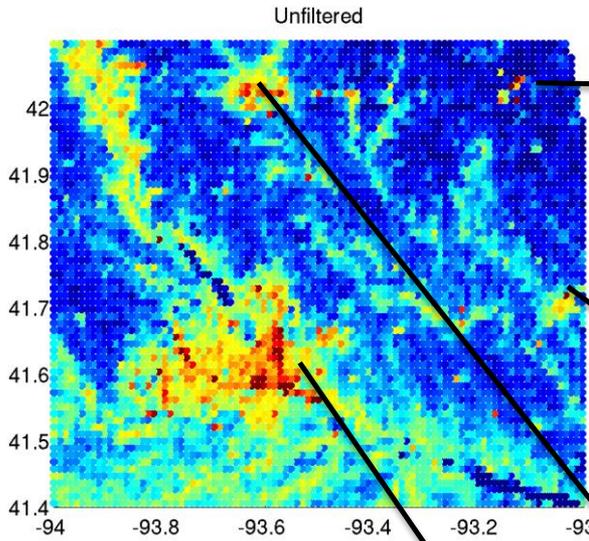
Combine Histograms



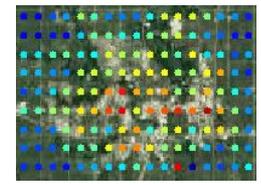
- No shift in the mean value is observed. I believe a small one exists, due to elimination of outliers, but it is not visible to my eyes. There is no smoothing effect here.



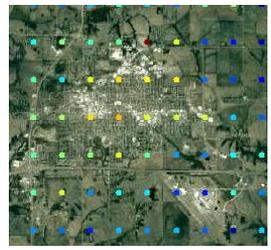
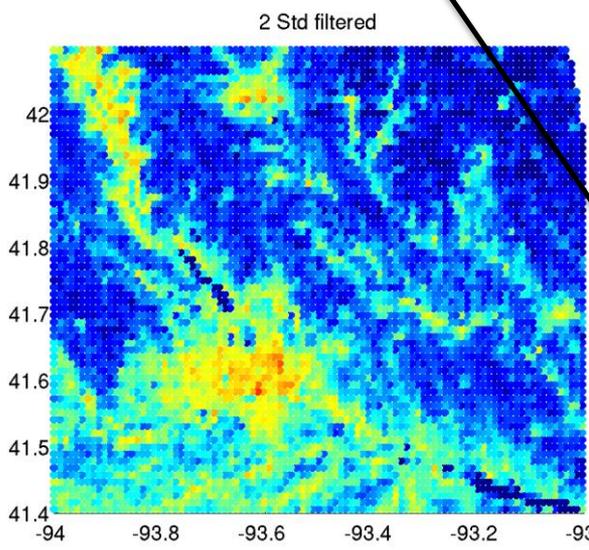
Zooming



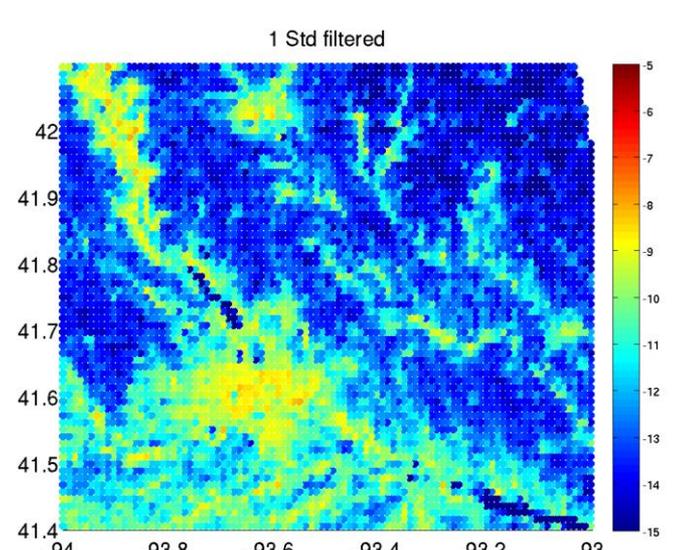
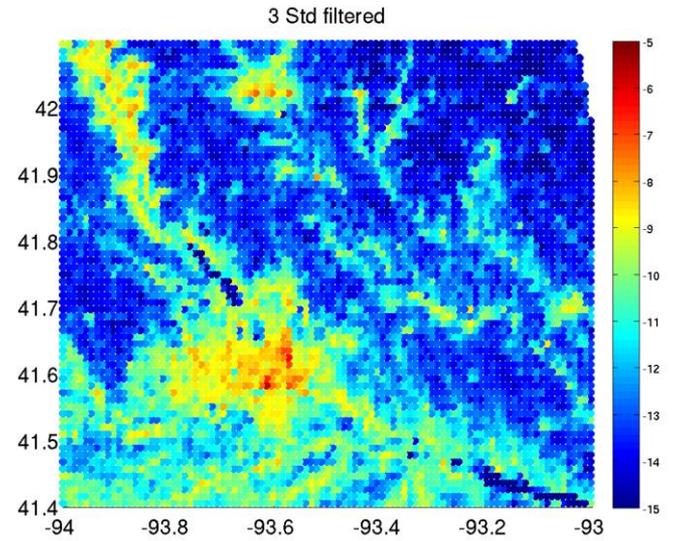
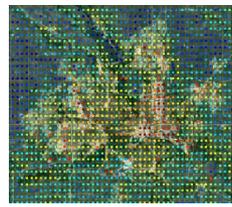
13 km x 8 km



7 km x 4 km



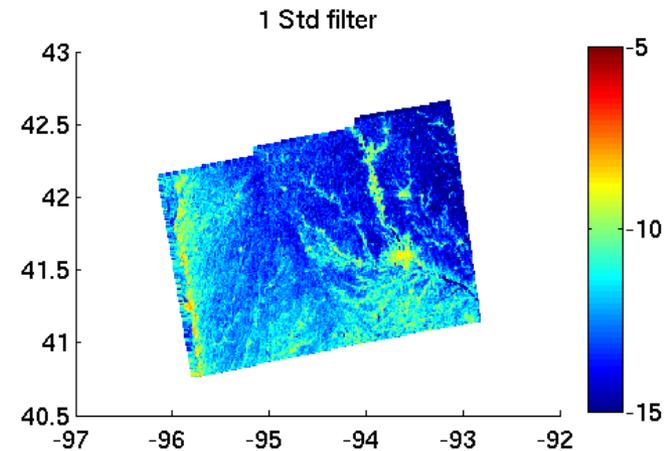
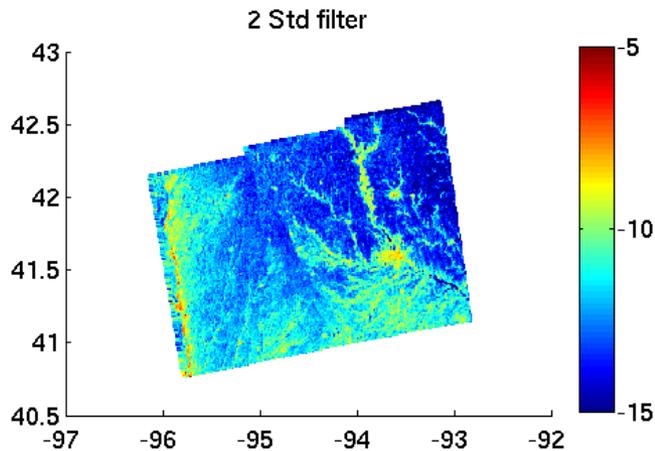
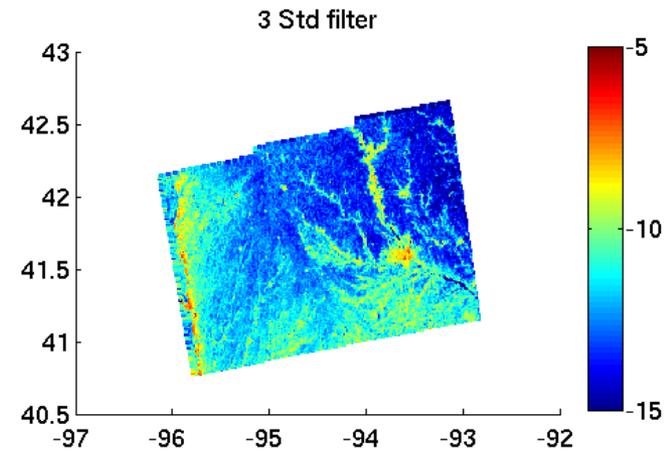
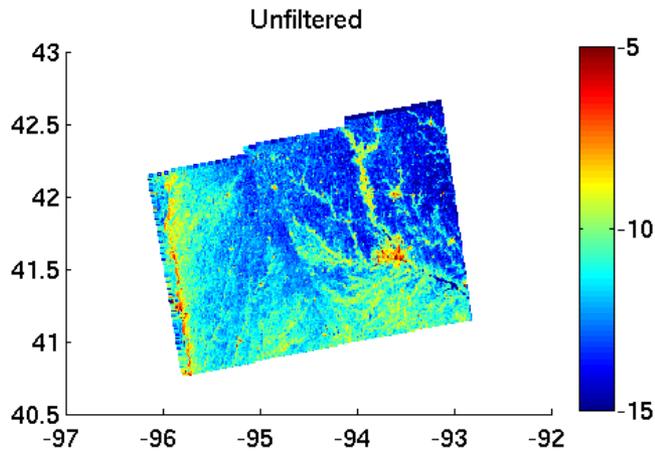
25 km x 32 km



Local Standard Deviation (Std) Threshold



- Local mean (m) and Std (s) are computed at each 1 km cell and then 20 meter samples outside the range $[m-s:m+s]$ in each cell are eliminated before aggregation to 1 km.

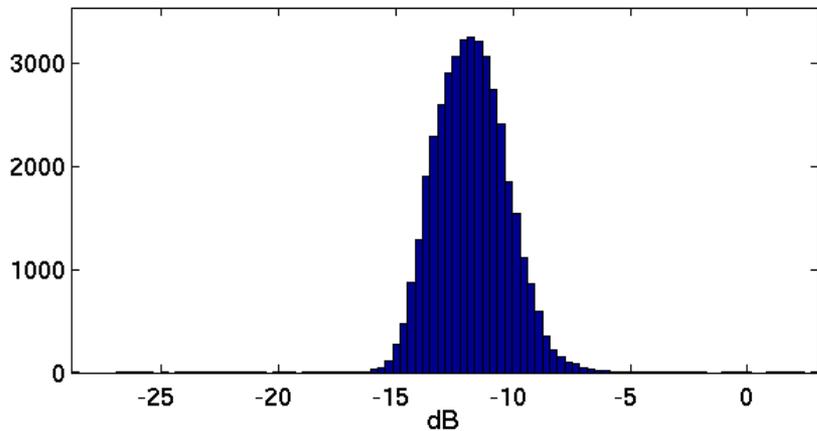




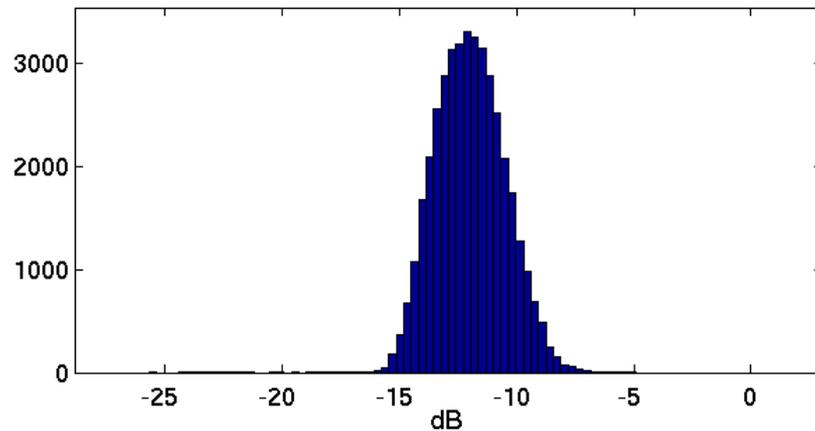
Histograms



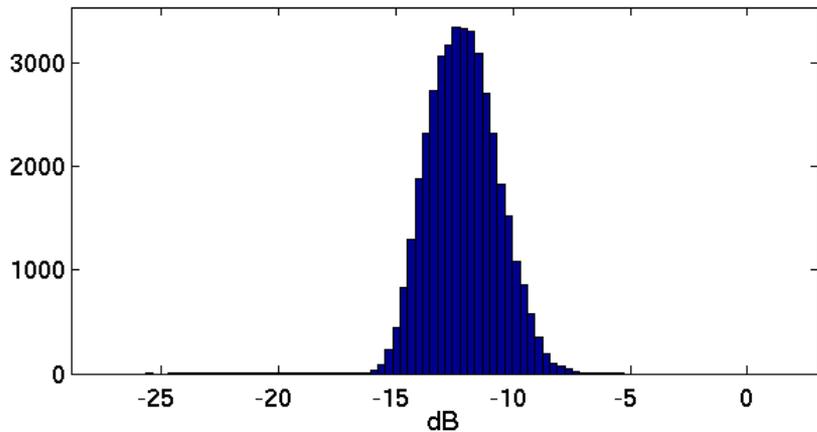
Unfiltered



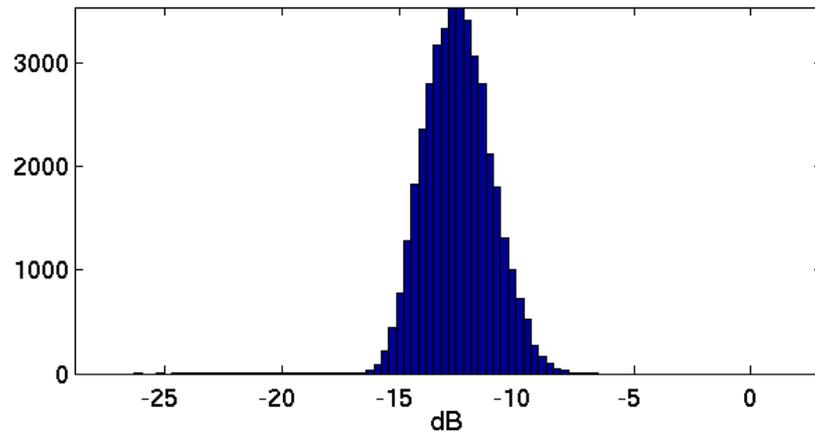
3 Std filtered



2 Std filtered



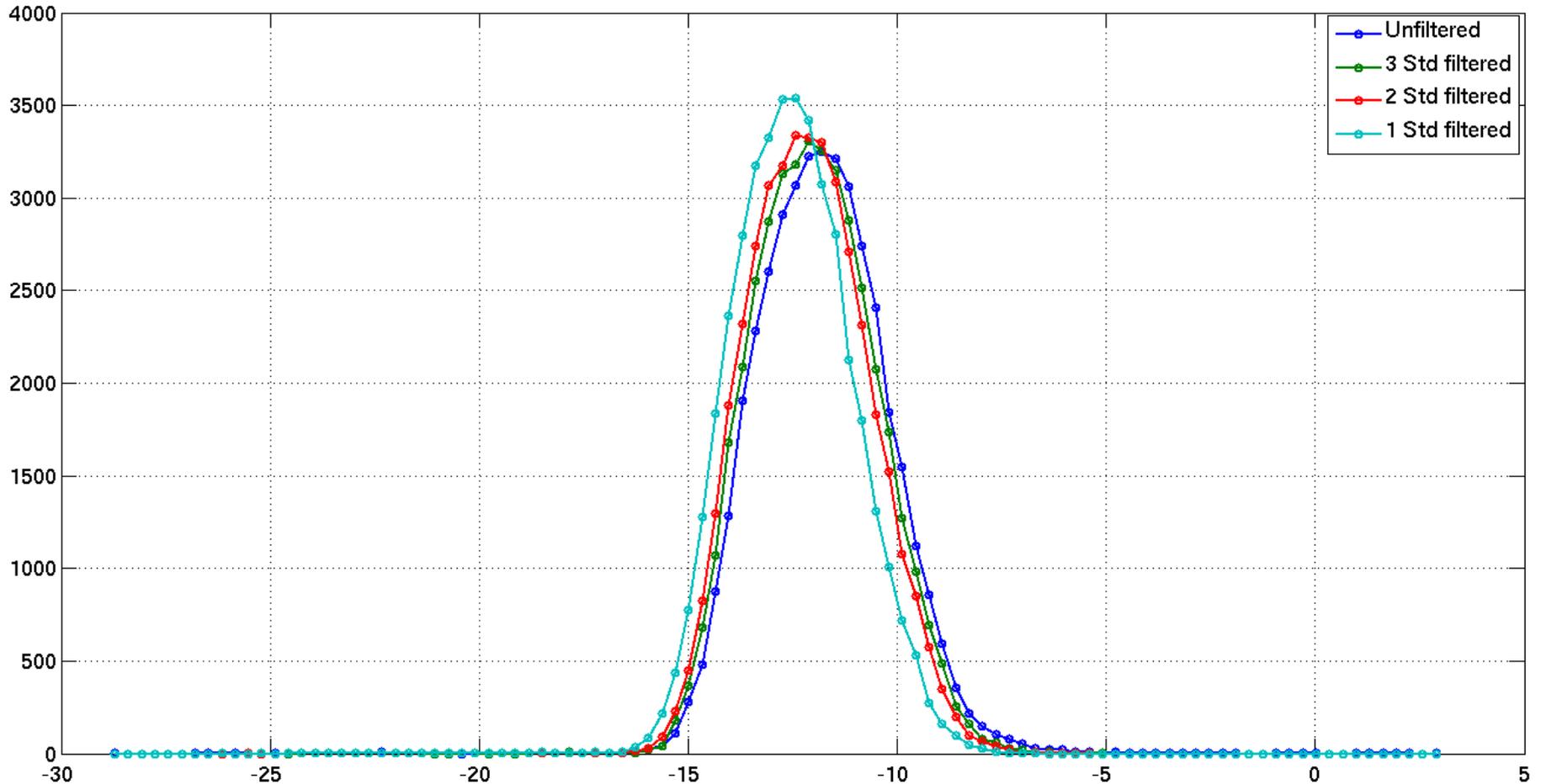
1 Std filtered



- Local Std threshold does a good job eliminating values > -5 dBs. High for C band



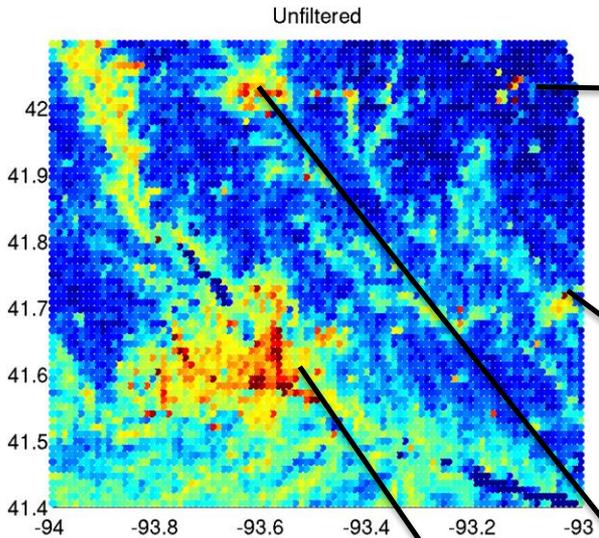
Combine Histograms



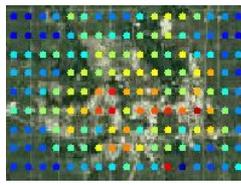
- We observe a shift in the mean to the left caused by the elimination of outliers but also by a smooth effect due to Std filter at local level, especially at the most aggressive 1 Std filter.



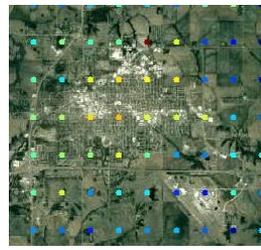
Zooming



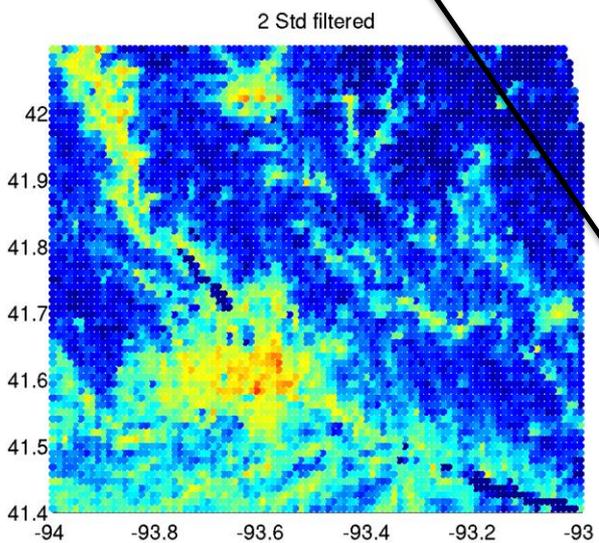
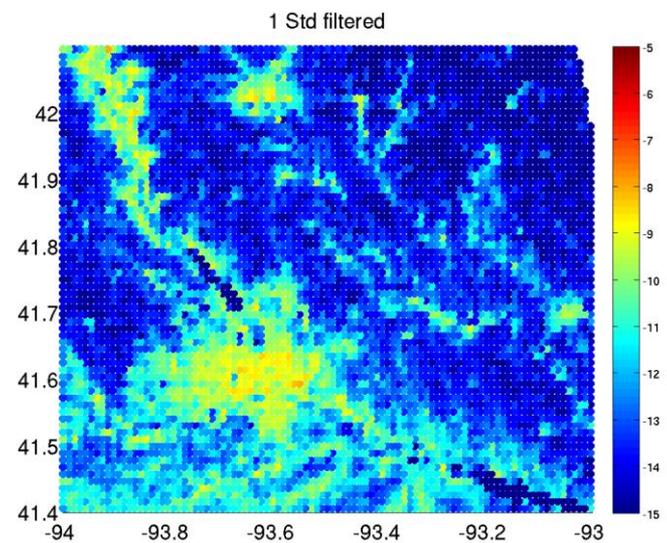
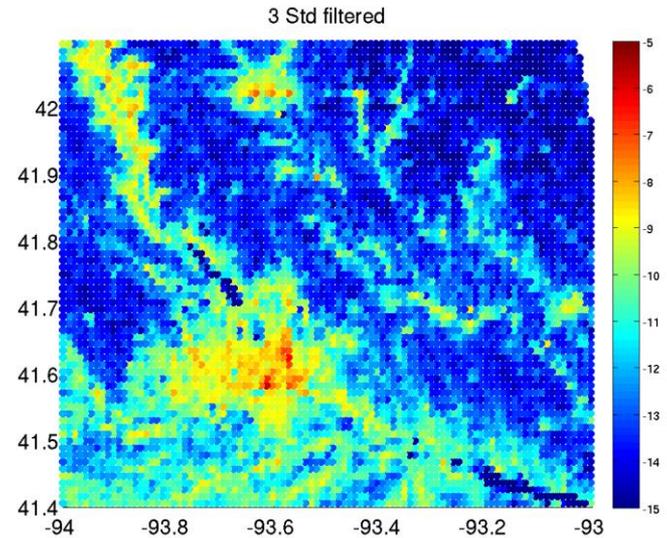
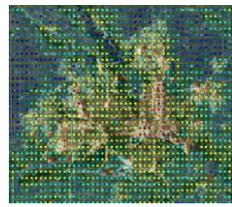
13 km x 8 km



7 km x 4 km



25 km x 32 km





Hybrid Method



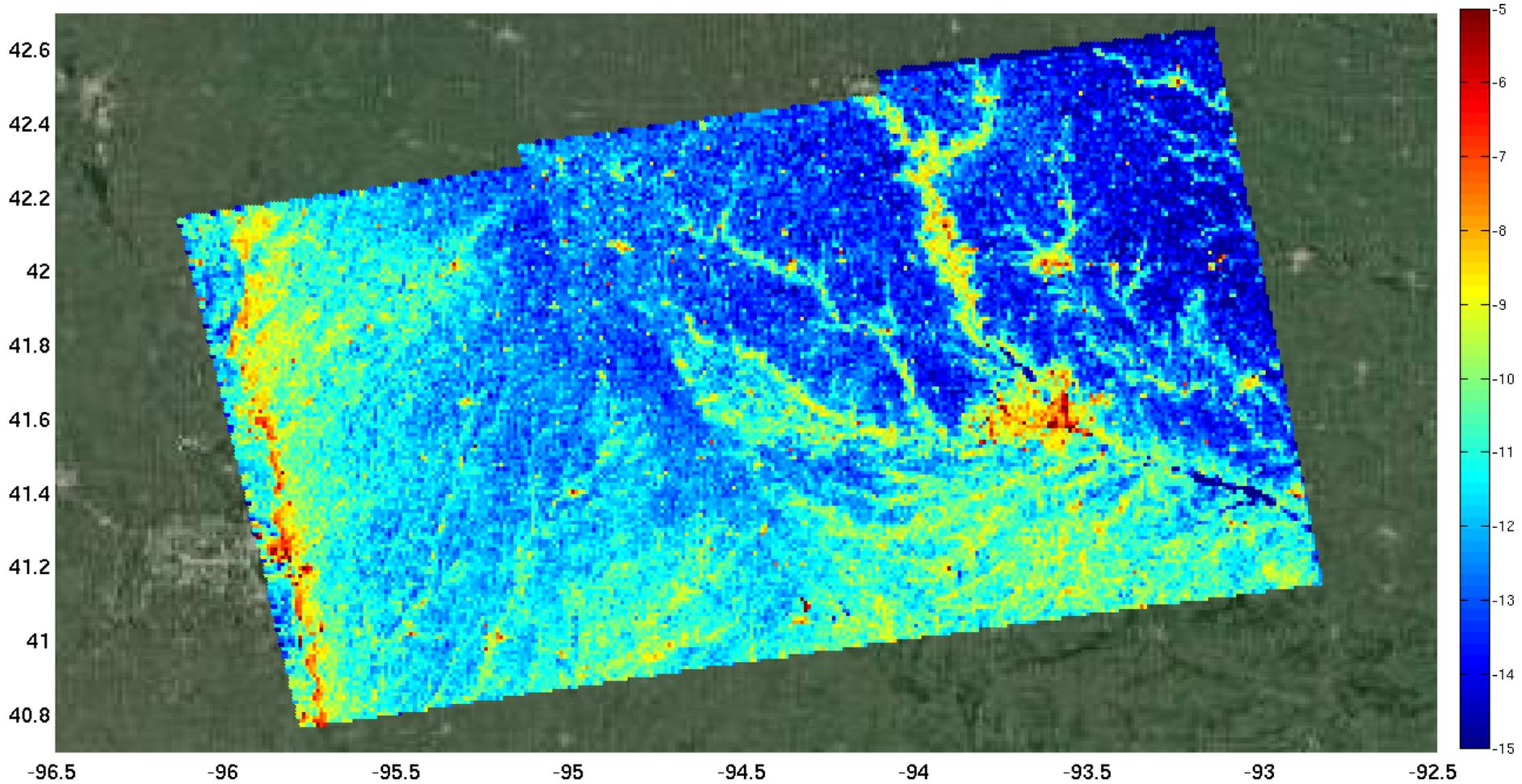
- Hybrid method tries to address the filtering using a combination of median-filter and Std threshold.
- Local Std (s) and local mean (m) values are computed for every 1 km cell.
- A Std threshold (T) is computed by averaging all the Std's in the image.
- For all 1 km cells with Std exceeding the threshold, a median filter is applied
- For all 1 km cells with lower Std, we eliminate all the 20 meters samples outside the range $[m-T:m+T]$ (Note that the threshold T is used to avoid affecting areas with flat distribution).



Unfiltered Image



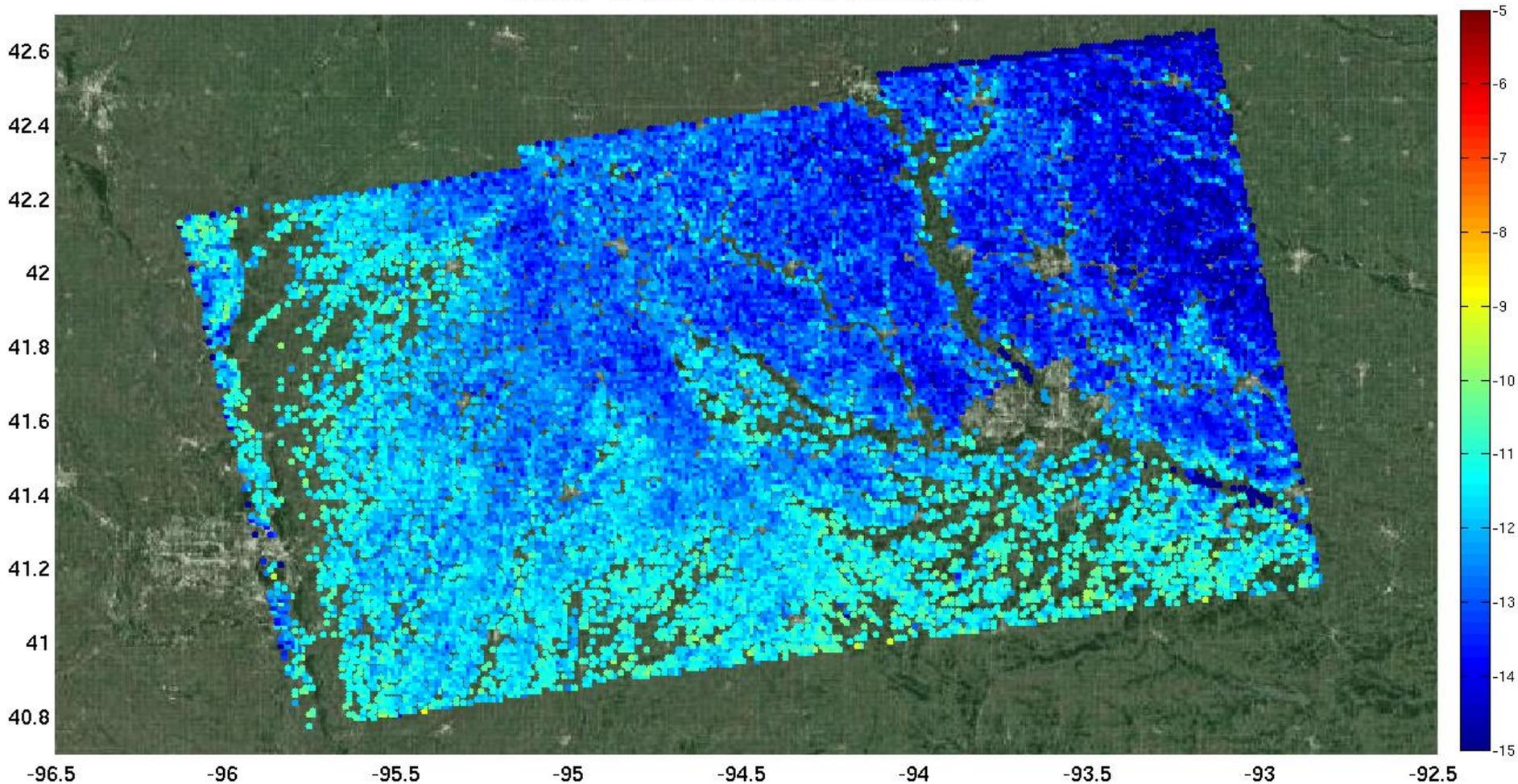
Unfiltered



Unfiltered Image eliminating cell exceeding threshold



Unfiltered - Only cell with Std lower than threshold

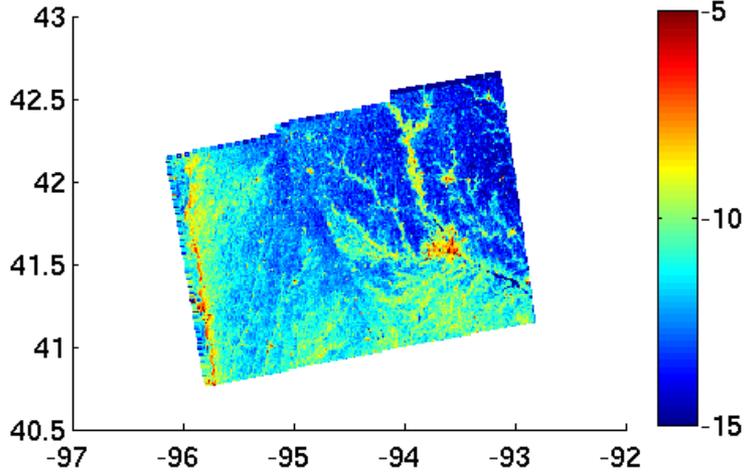




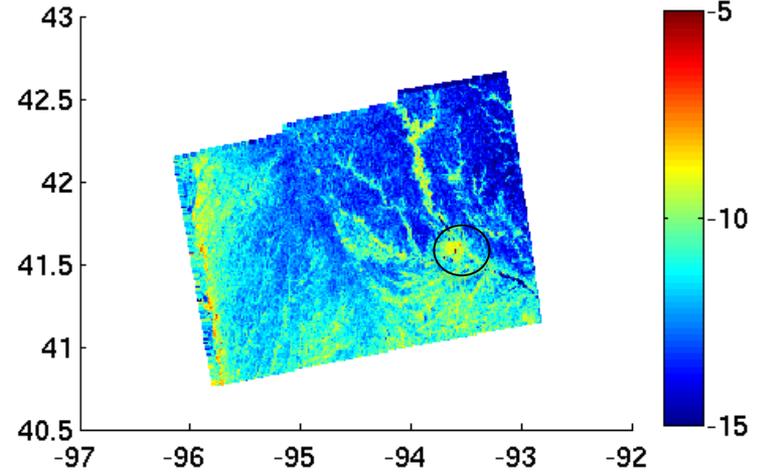
Hybrid Method



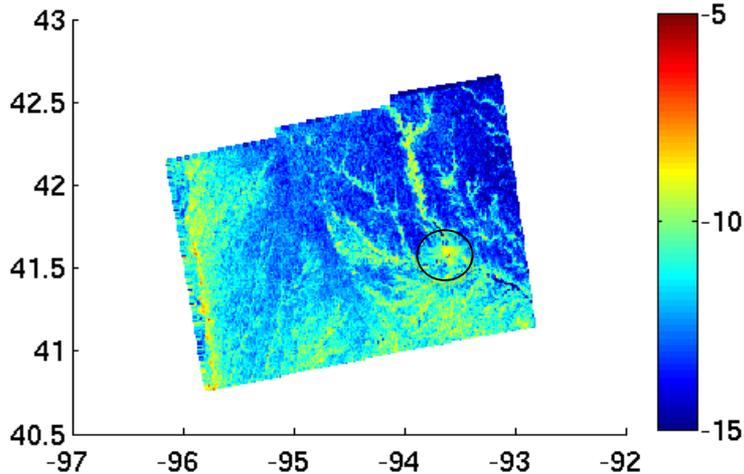
Unfiltered



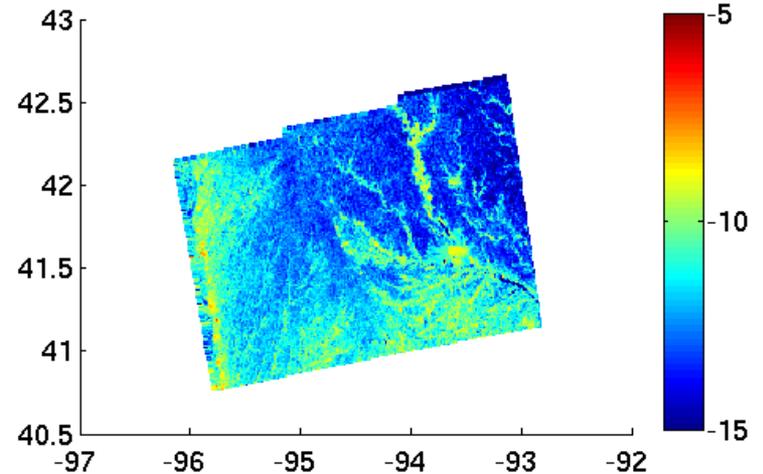
Hybrid with 9x9 window median filter



Hybrid with 15x15 window median filter



Hybrid with 21x21 window median filter



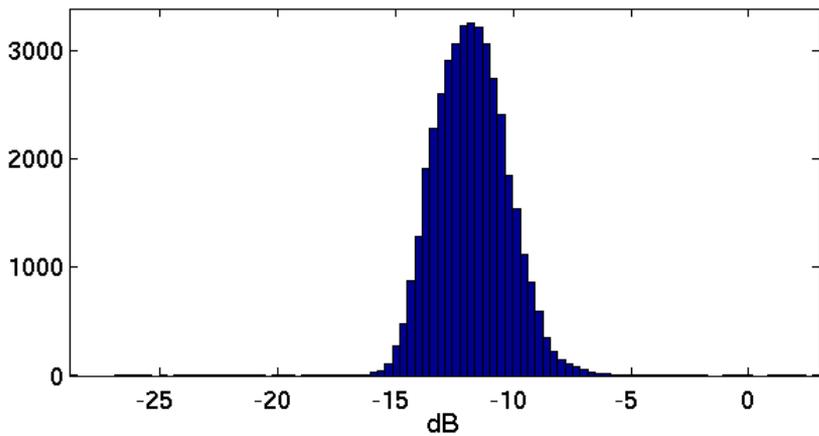
- Still some residual outliers.



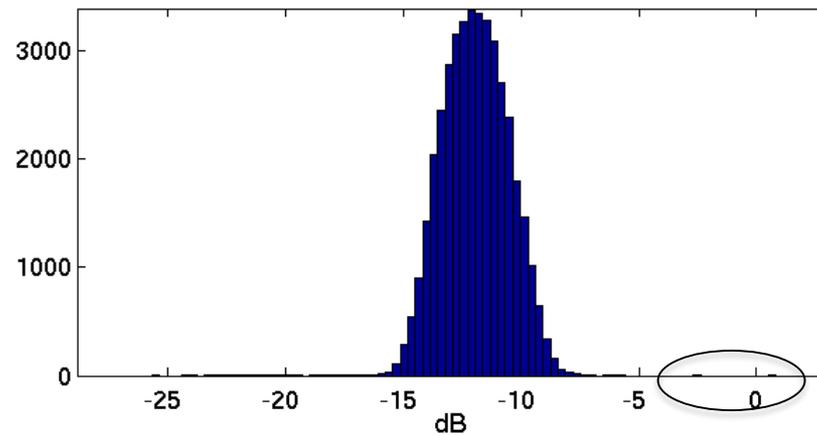
Histograms



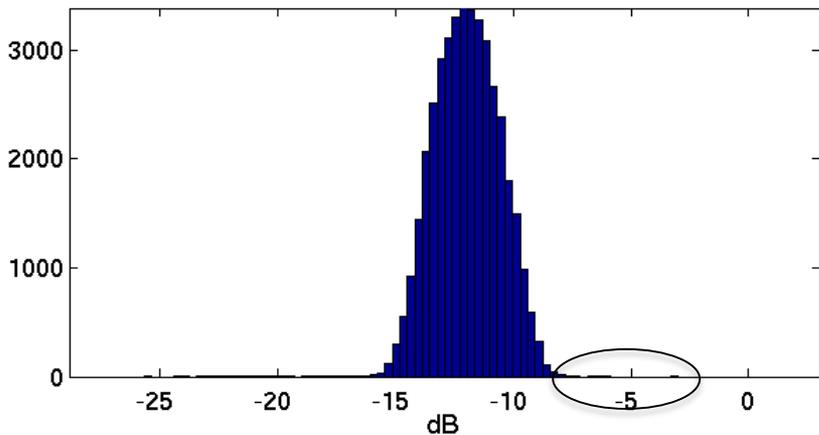
Unfiltered



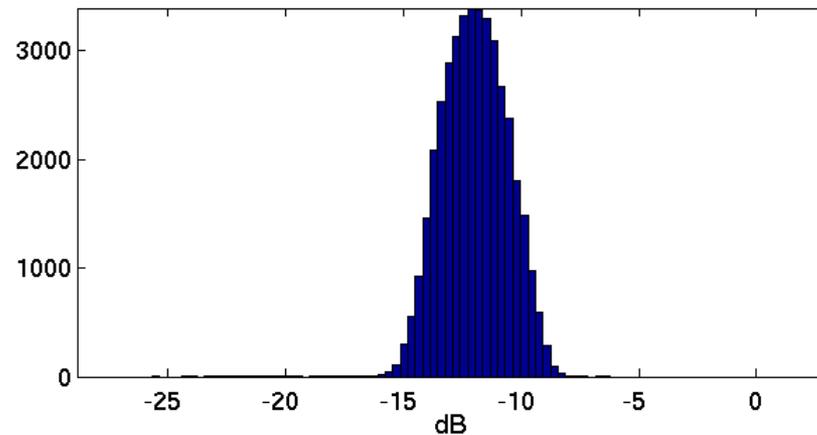
Hybrid with 9x9 window median filter



Hybrid with 15x15 window median filter



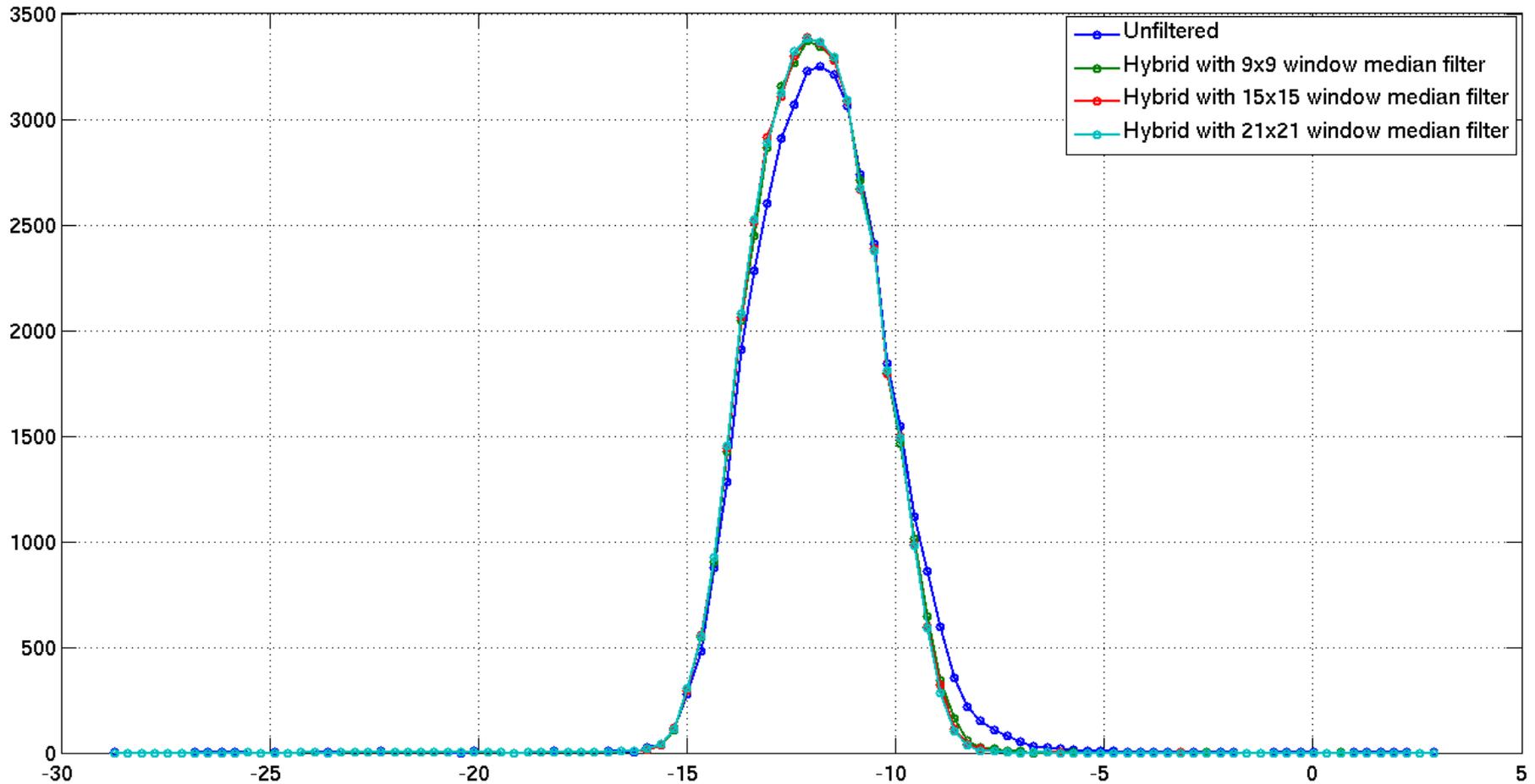
Hybrid with 21x21 window median filter



- Still some residual outliers



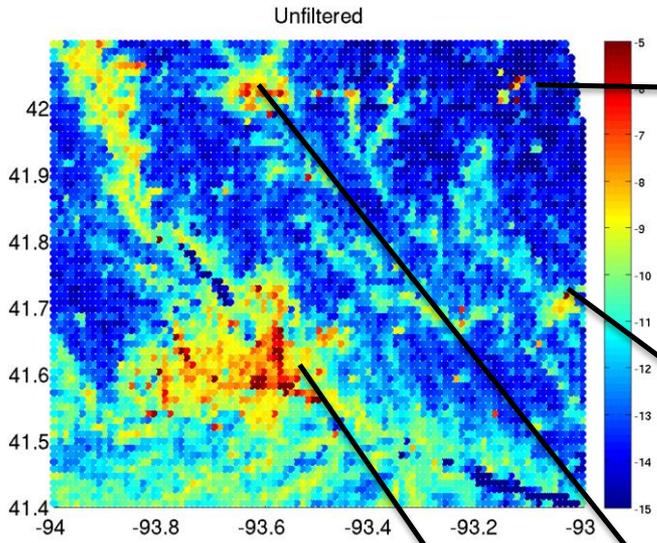
Combine Histograms



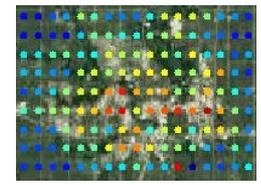
- We observe a small shift in the mean to the left caused by the elimination of outliers but also by a smooth effect due to the median filter.



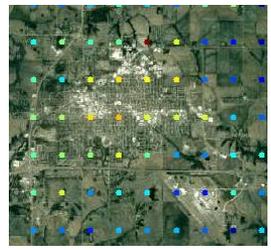
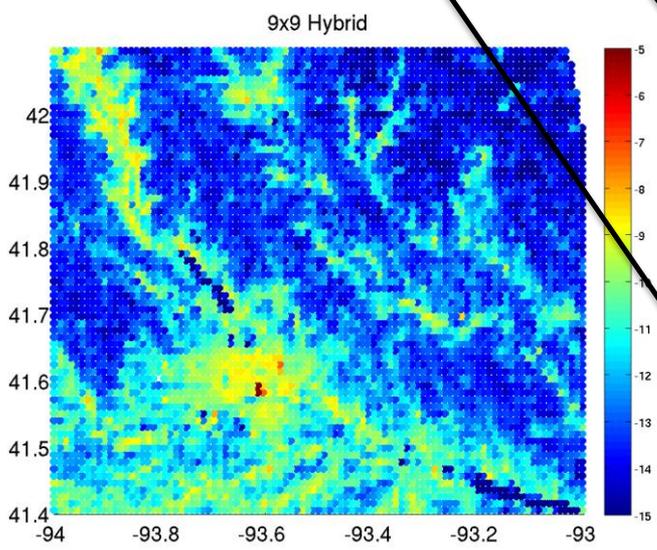
Zooming



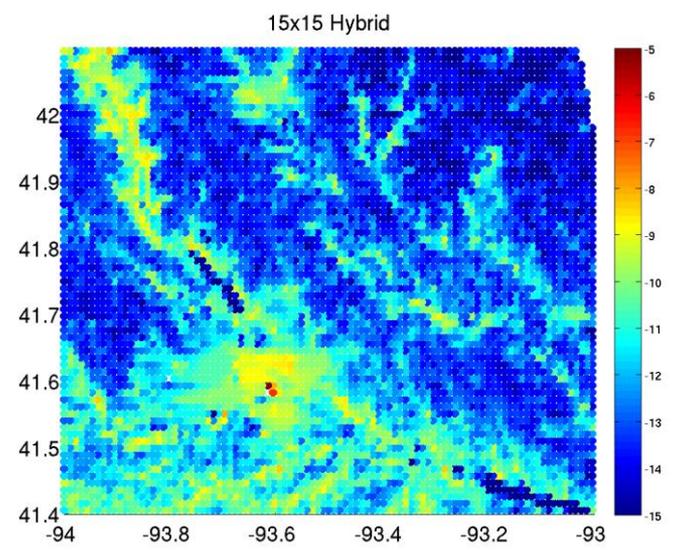
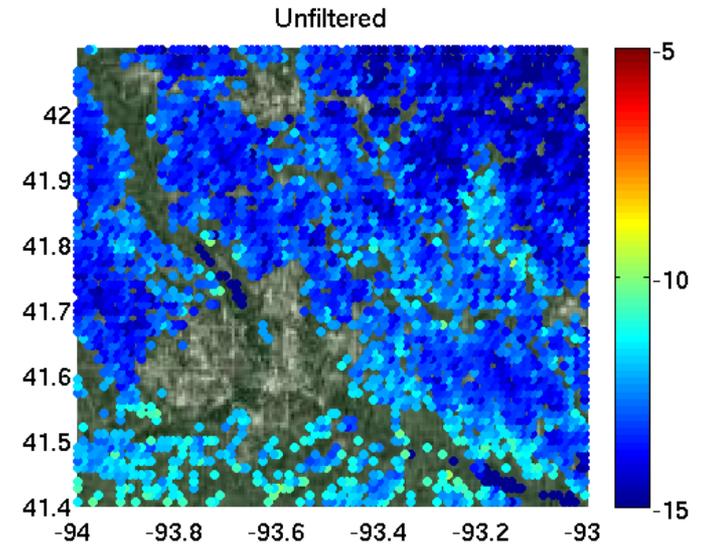
13 km x 8 km



7 km x 4 km



25 km x 32 km





Hybrid method timing



Windows size	~Time
Unfiltered	3 minutes
9x9 samples	4.5 minutes
15x15 samples	6 minutes
21x21 samples	12 minutes



Conclusions



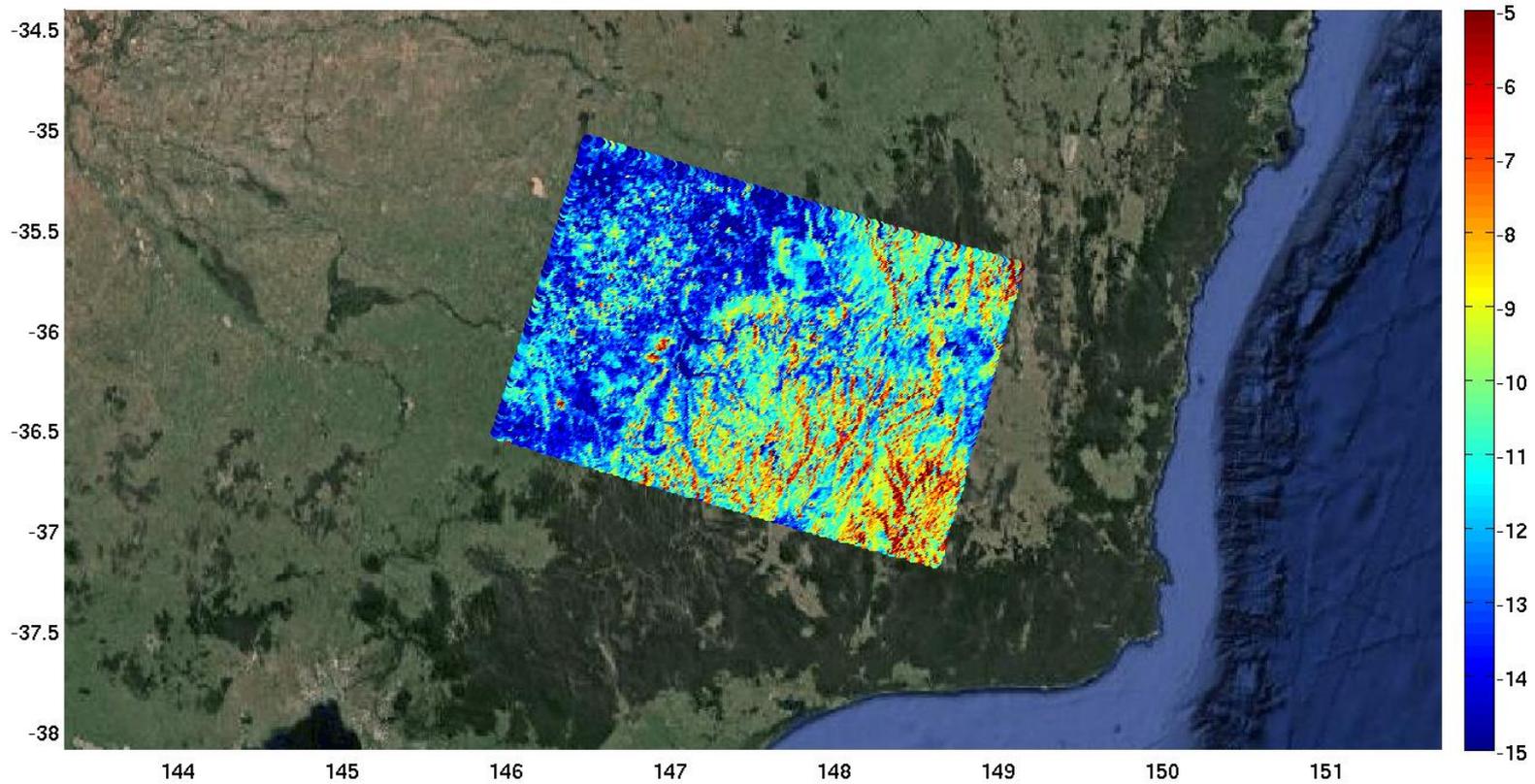
- We analyzed several methods to filter to outliers from the images
- No filter is perfect
- Median filter does a good job but introduces a bias. It is not known how this bias will affect the disaggregated TBs. Was the original image biased by the existence of outliers? Latency requirements do not allow us to use windows bigger than 9x9
- Local and Global Std approach show good results. They eliminate the outlier and also preserve the mean value of the image. The caveat of using Std is that if the image or 1 km cells have narrow distribution, then we may be eliminating samples carrying significant information. This method does not add significant latency.
- Latency is an important factor. To reduce it, we explore a hybrid method that combines the two previous methods.
- Hybrid method performs well and reduces latency.
- I recommend implementing the hybrid method with a 9x9 window size and deploying the code to OASIS to facilitate further analysis at disaggregated TBs level and Soil moisture level.



Backup



Unfiltered

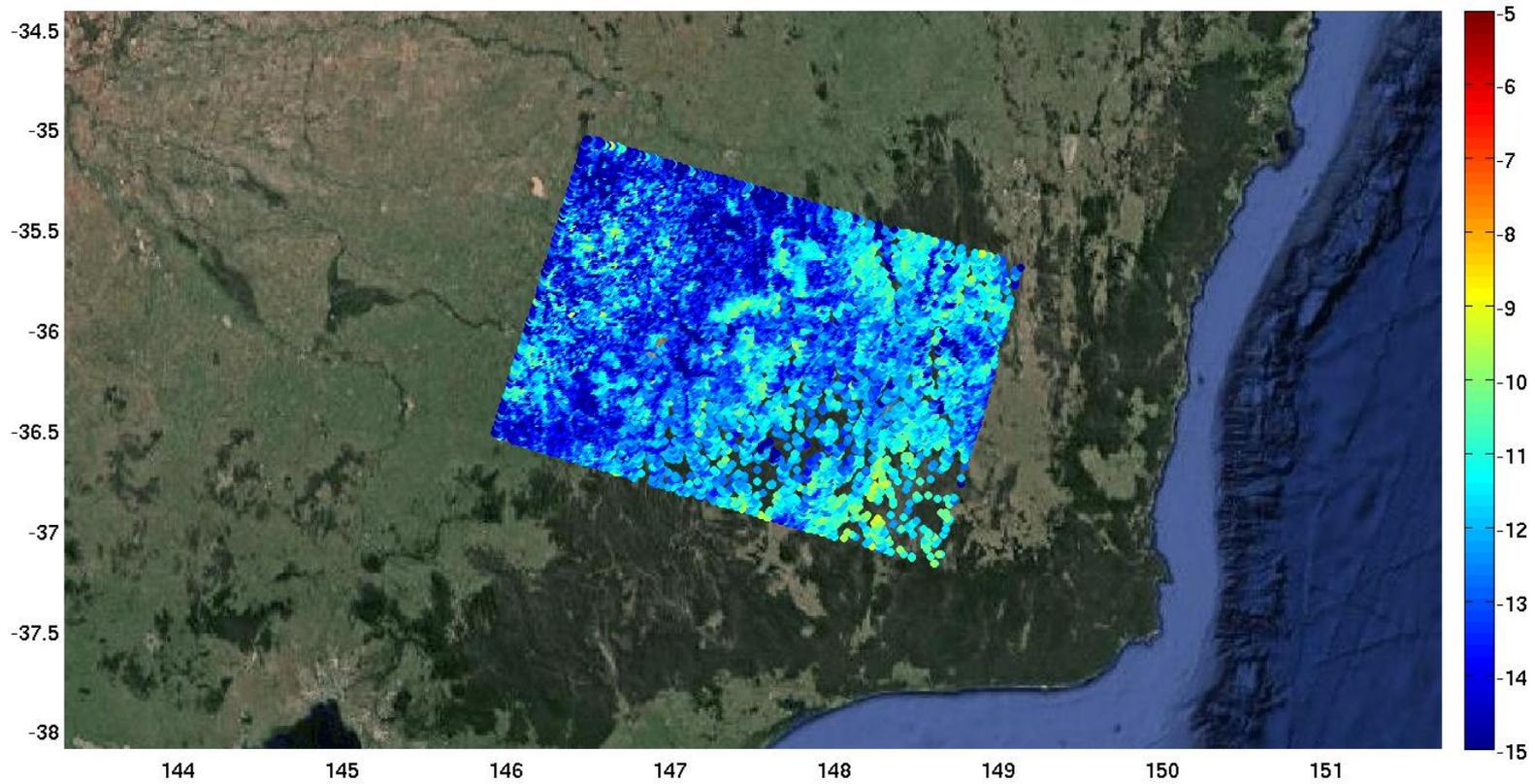




Backup

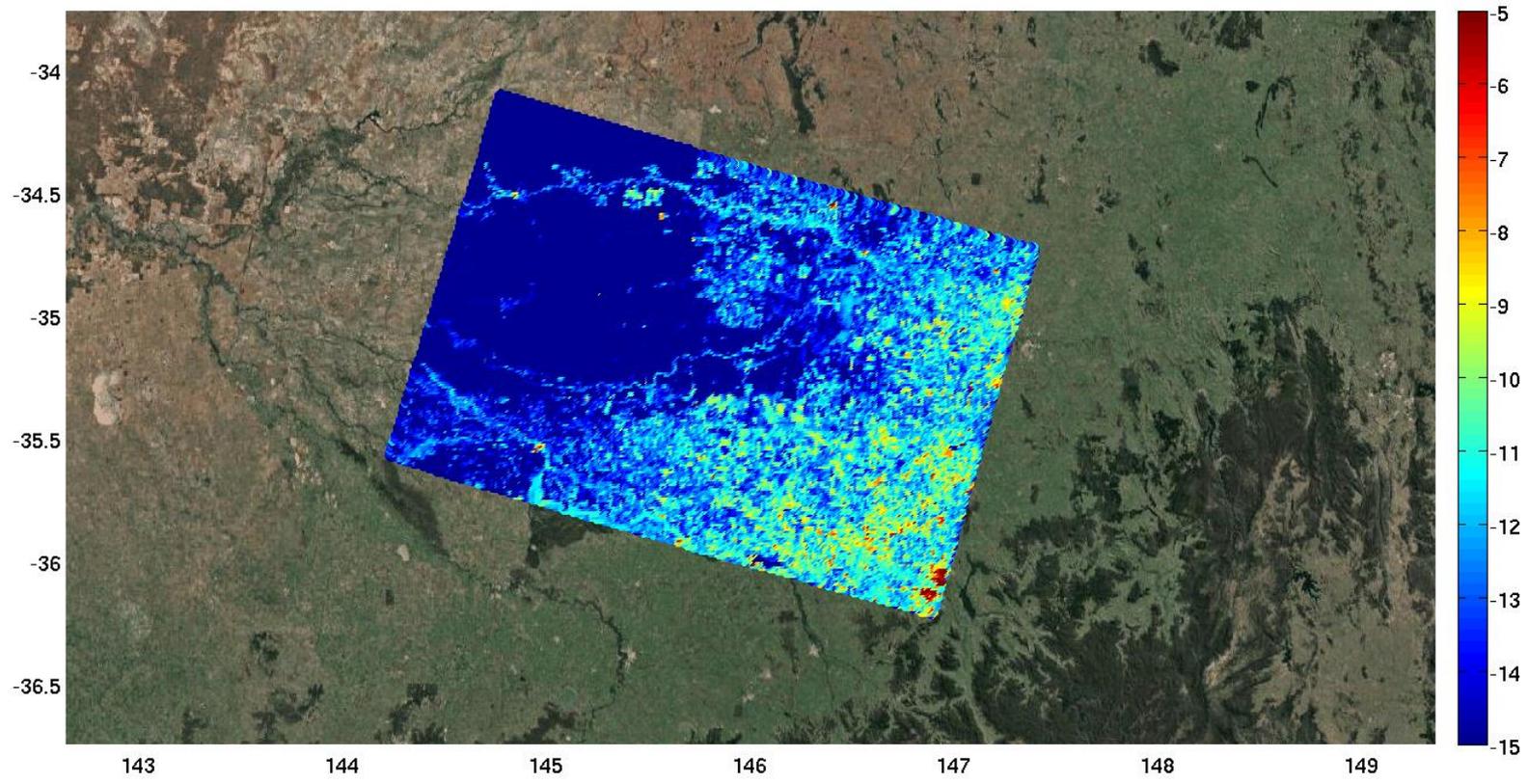


Unfiltered



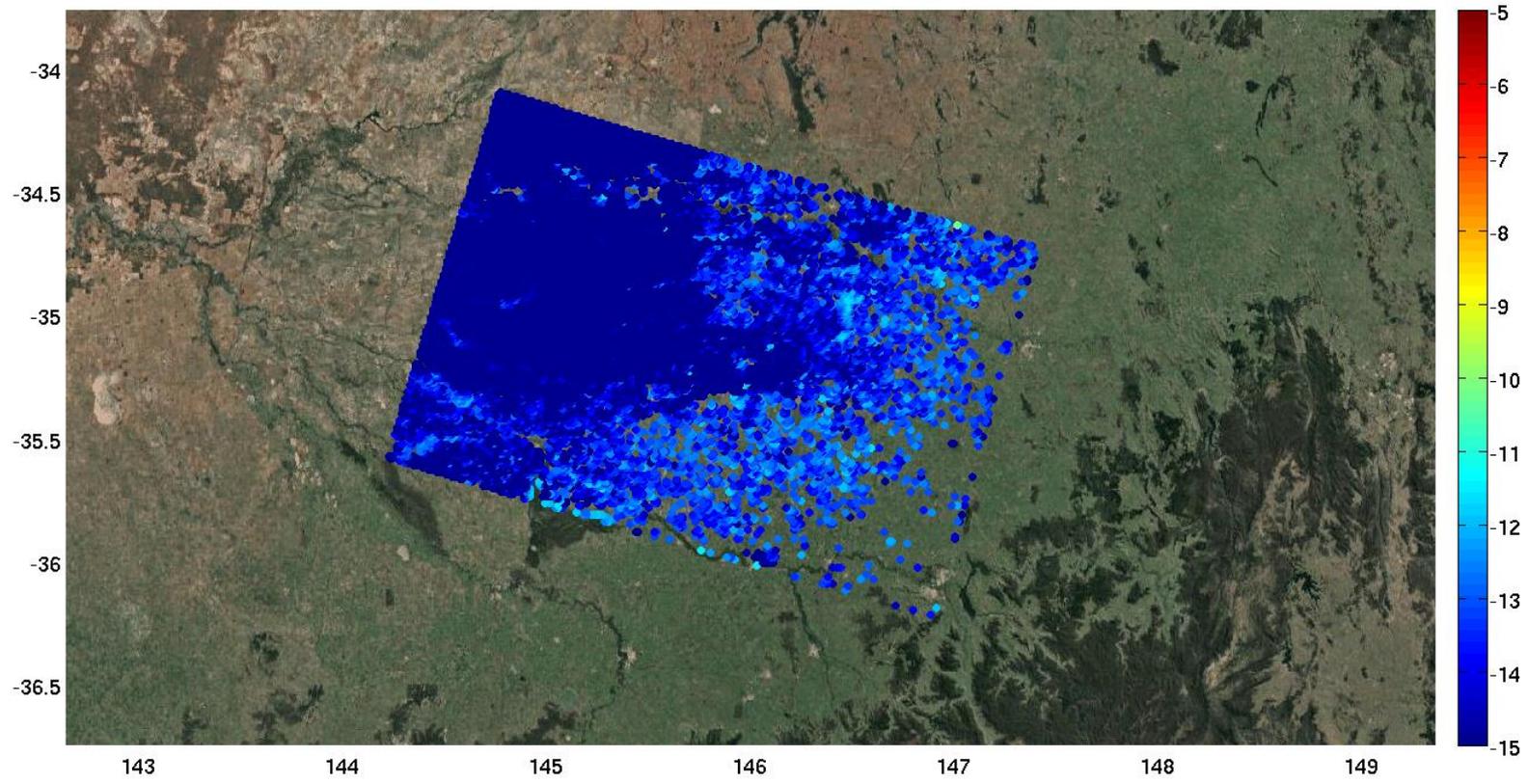


Unfiltered



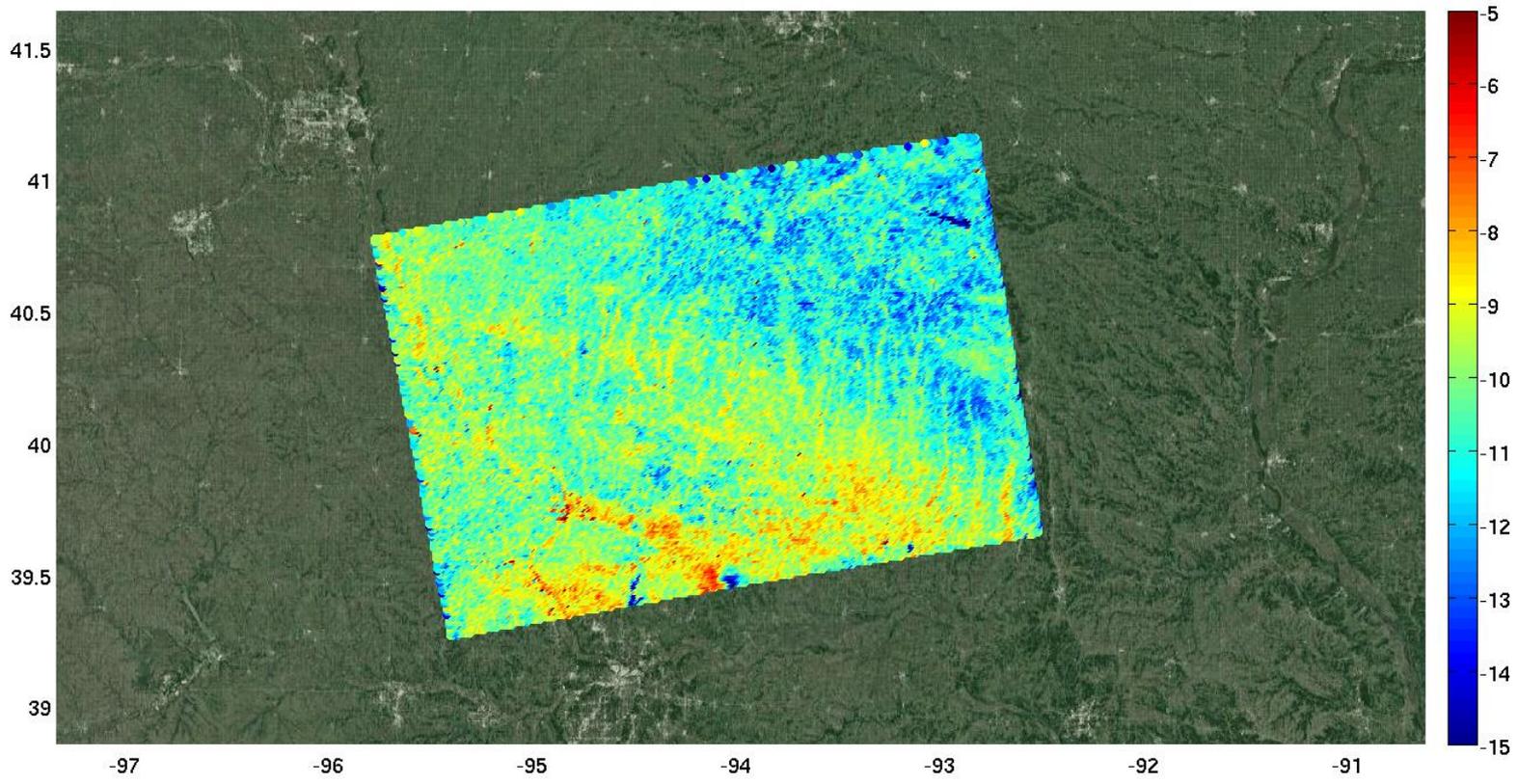


Unfiltered



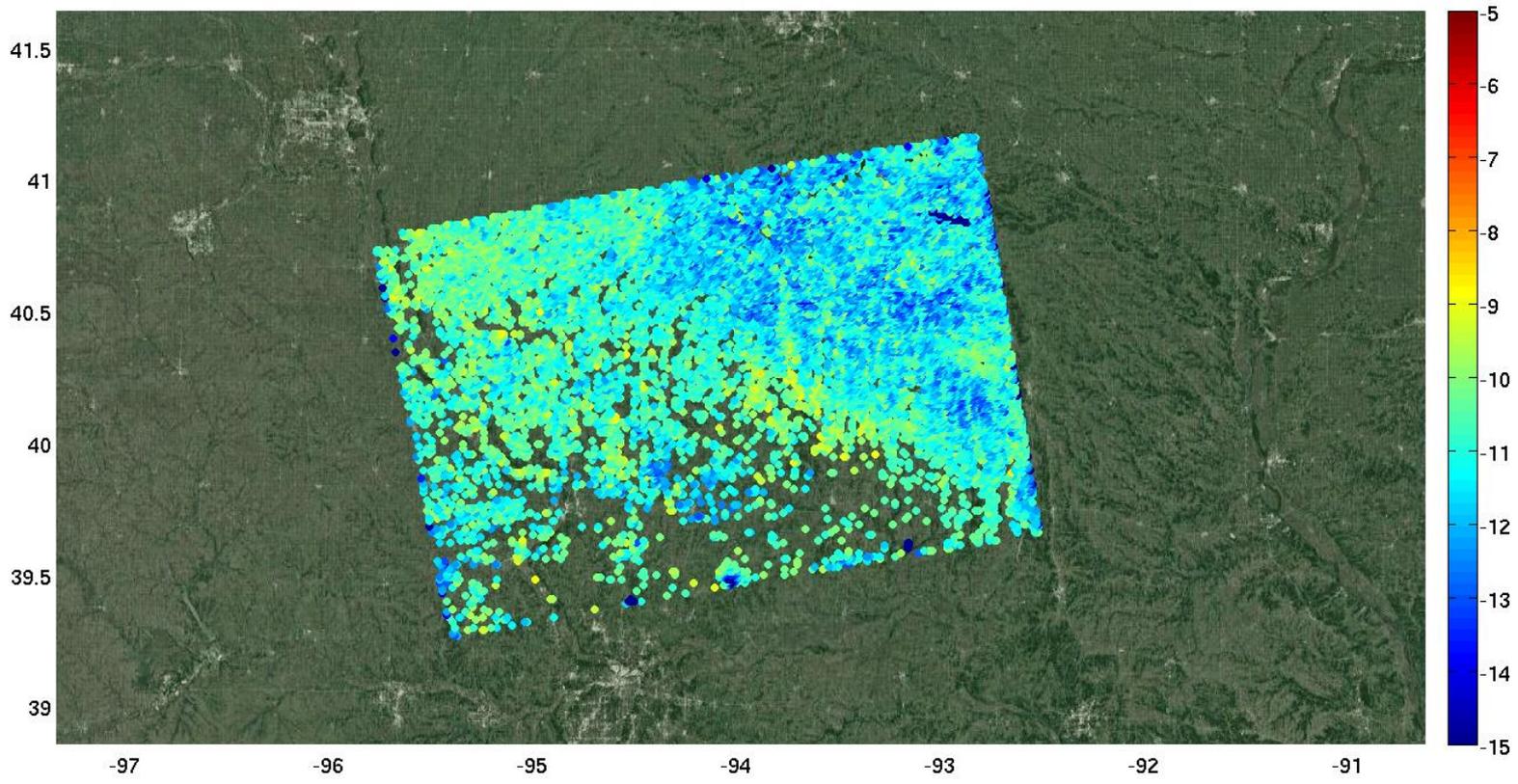


Unfiltered



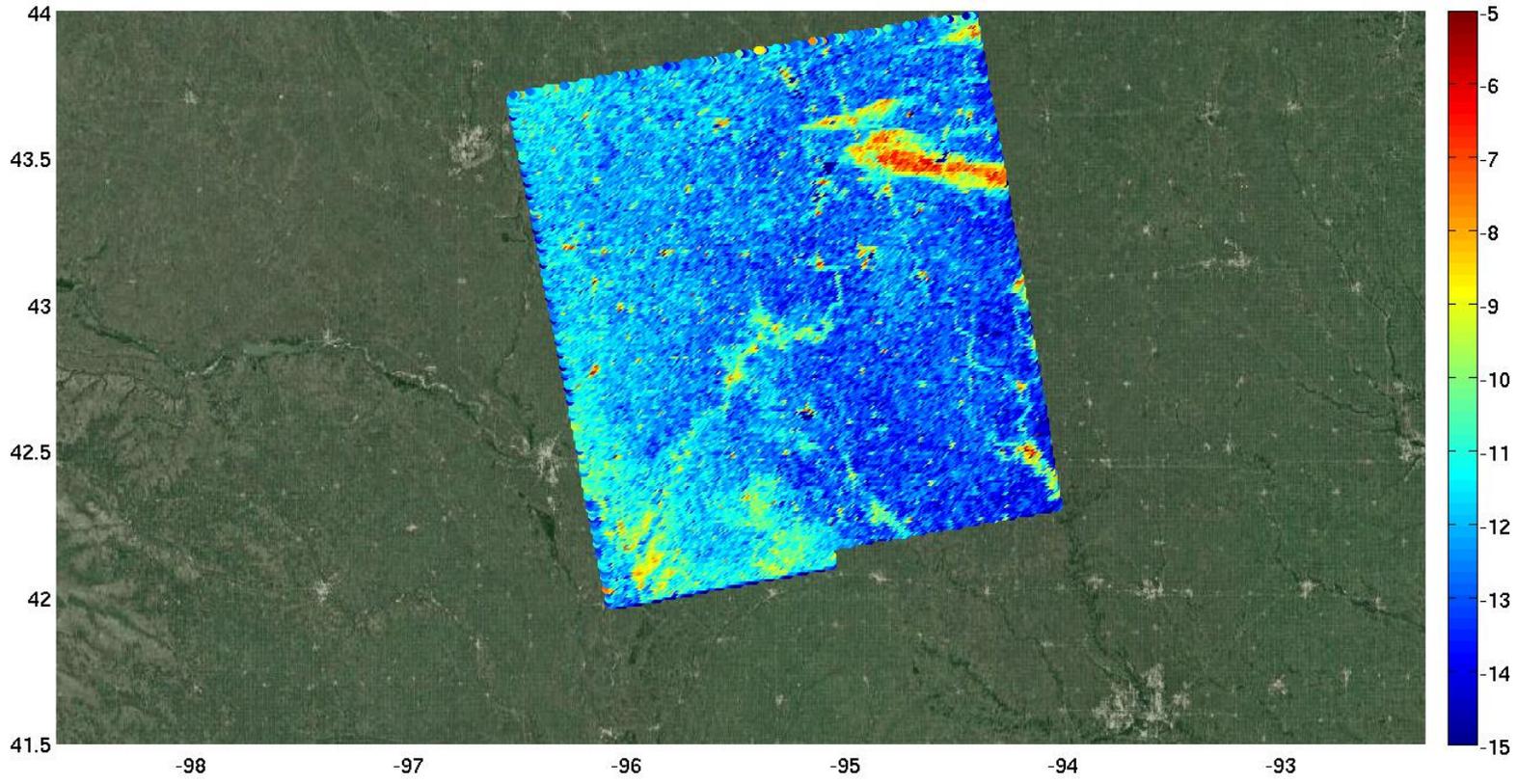


Unfiltered



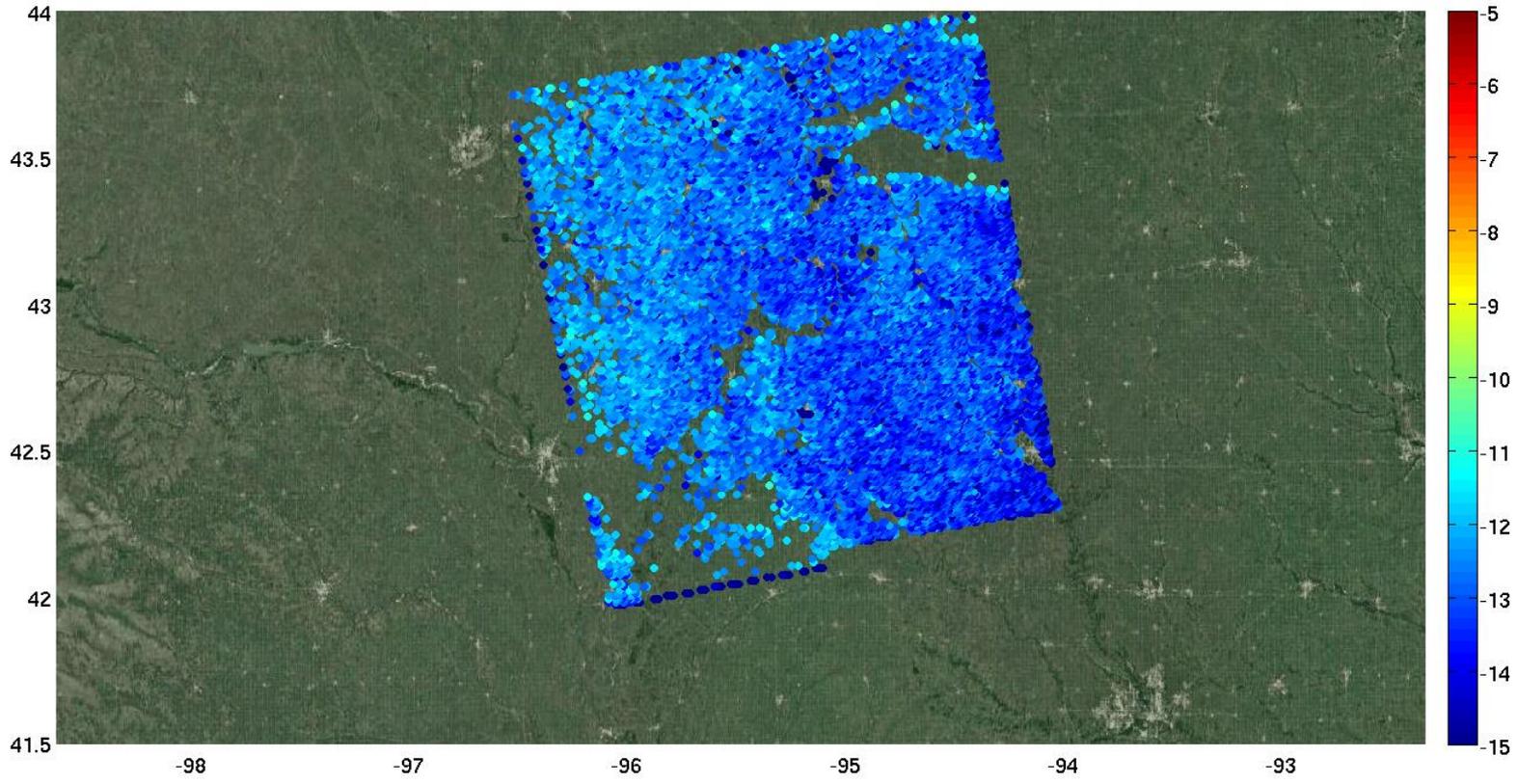


Unfiltered



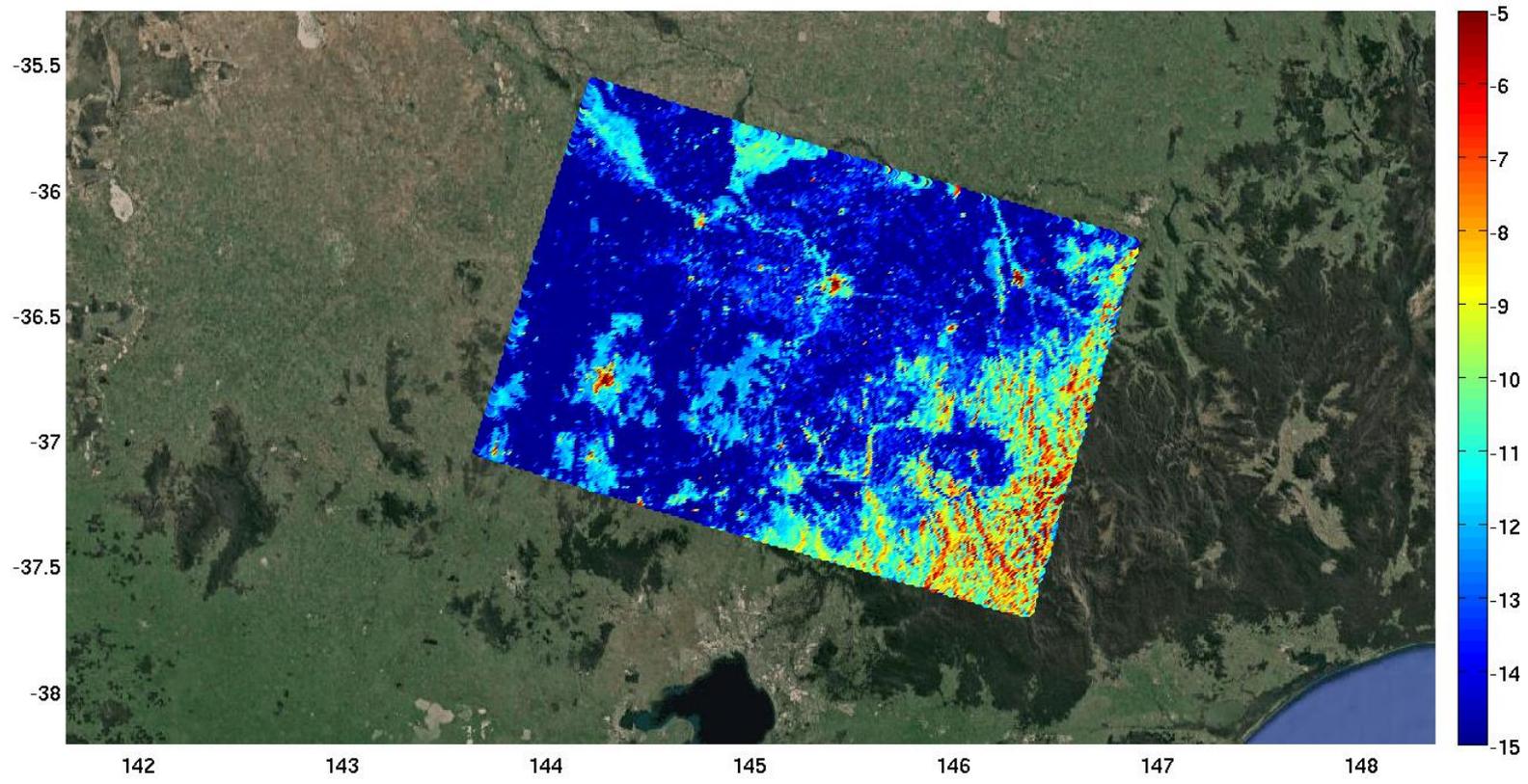


Unfiltered



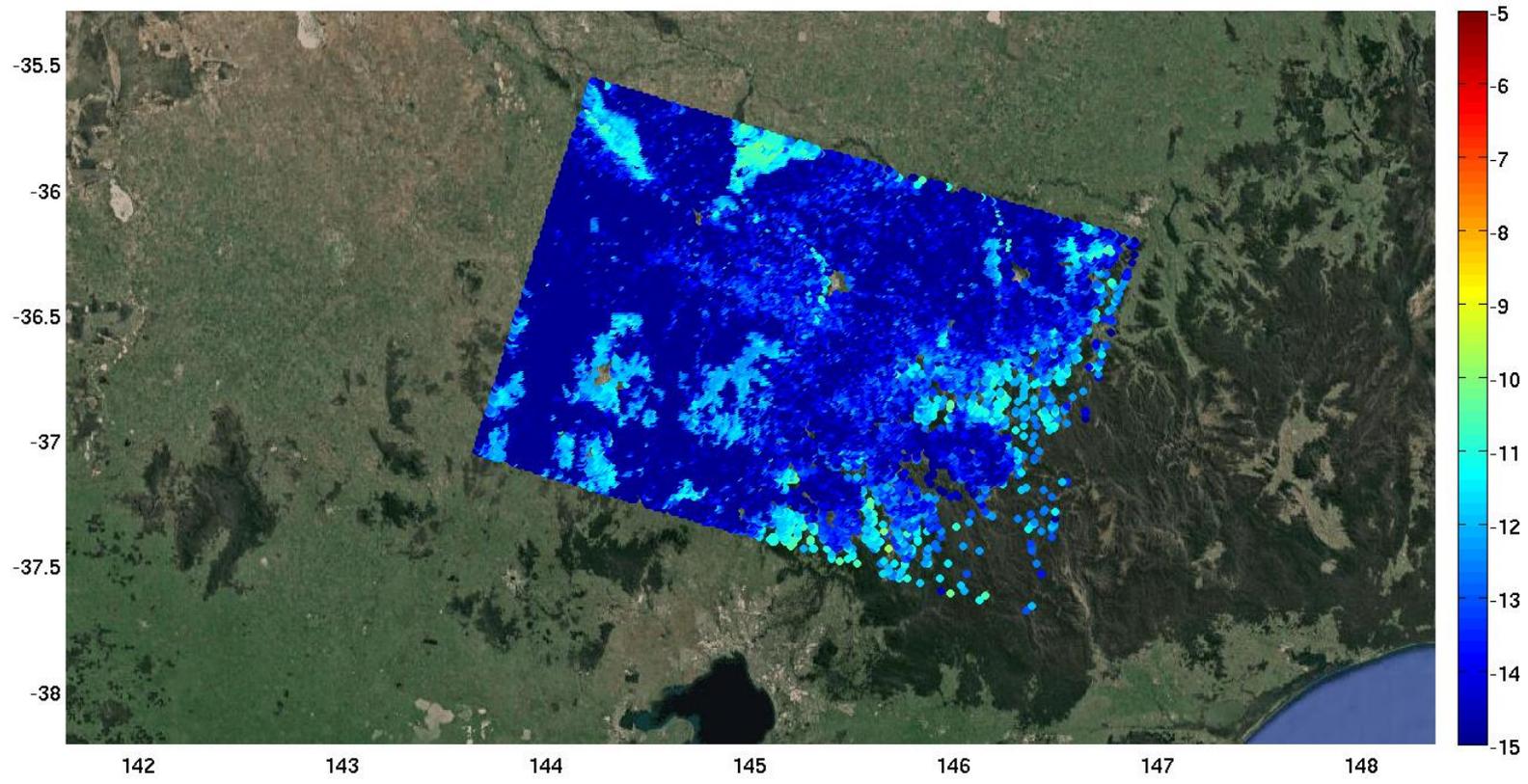


Unfiltered



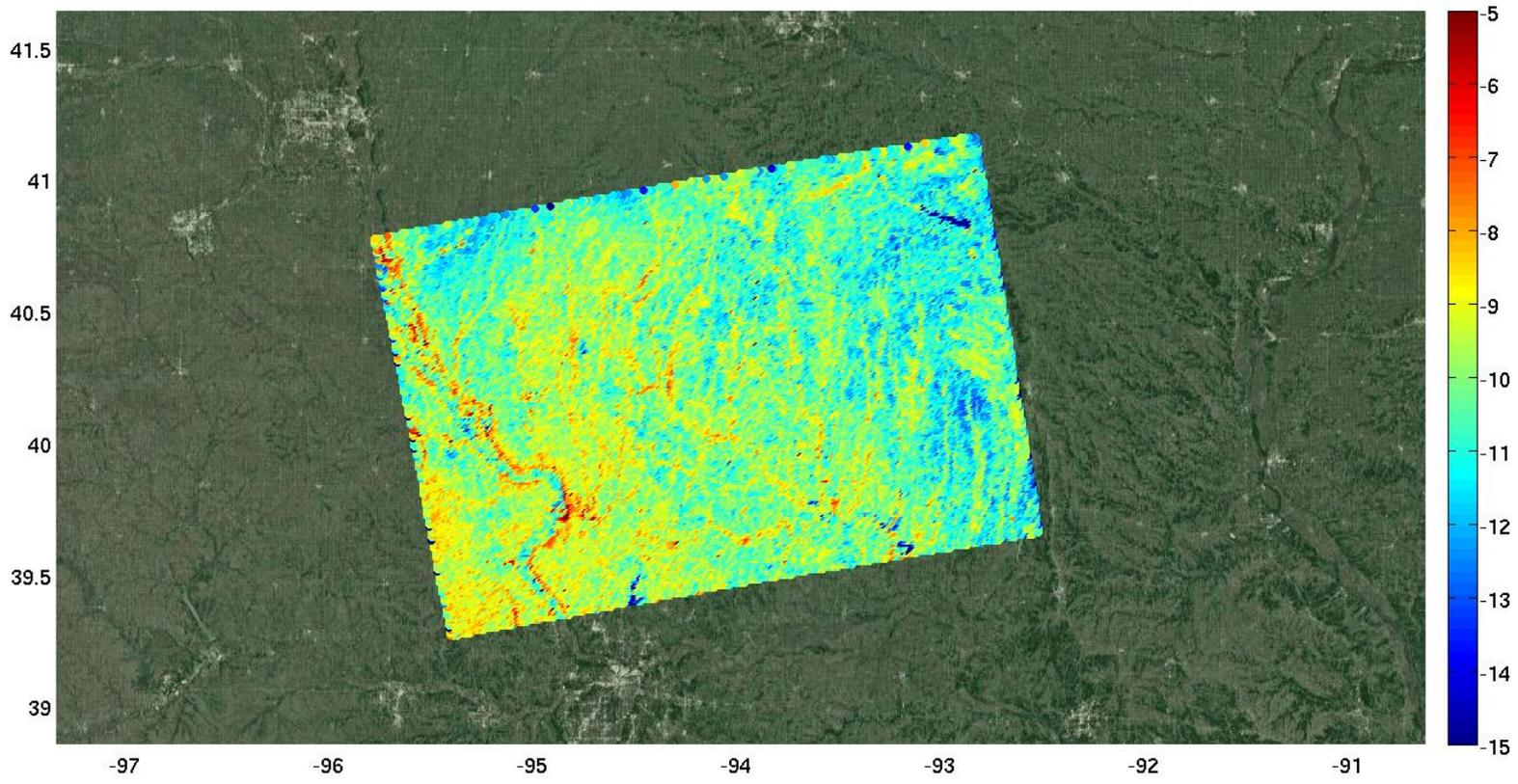


Unfiltered





Unfiltered



41.5
41
40.5
40
39.5
39

-97 -96 -95 -94 -93 -92 -91

-5
-6
-7
-8
-9
-10
-11
-12
-13
-14
-15



Unfiltered

