



WFIRST Coronagraph Technology Development Testbeds: Status and Recent Testbed Results

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Note: the materials in this packages will be used to compose a poster for 231st AAS

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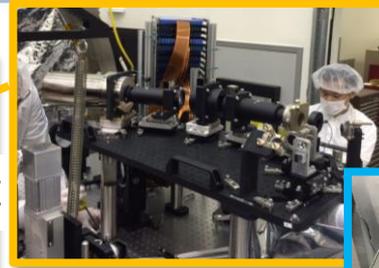
- **WFIRST coronagraph technology development testbeds**
 - Occulting Mask Coronagraph (OMC) dynamic testbed
 - Shaped Pupil Coronagraph and Integral Field Spectrograph (SPC/IFS) testbed
- **WFIRST technology development milestones status**
- **Tech Testbed result highlights**
 - HLC and SPC coronagraph dynamic tests with LOWFS/C rejection of WFIRST like line-of-sight disturbances and wavefront drifts.
 - Demonstration of EFC control (dark hole digging) using 3 band filters instead of 5 bands to improve the EFC efficiency.
 - Demonstration of simultaneous EFC control (dark hole digging) and LOWFS/C with presence of WFIRST like disturbances for both HLC and SPC.
 - Improve HLC contrast jitter sensitivity using broadband tip-tilt EFC during dark hole creation.
 - Test of a high throughput asymmetric HLC mask.
 - Demonstration of EFC control using integral field spectrograph (PISCES) with 18% band on SPC/IFS testbed
 - Disk science shaped pupil mask coronagraph test
- **Conclusion and future work**

WFIRST CGI Tech Testbeds

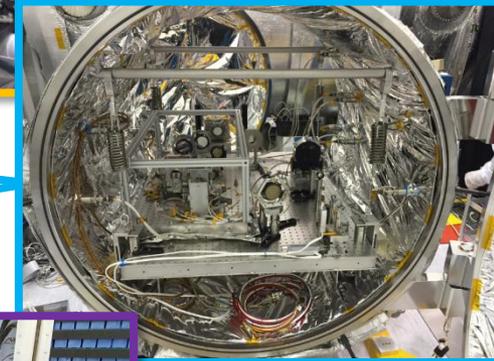
- Various testbeds have been built for WFIRST Coronagraph Instrument (CGI) technology development
- These testbeds address the key technical challenges for WFIRST CGI
 - **Hybrid Lyot Coronagraph Testbed:** a static testbed to demonstrate HLC coronagraph contrast ($<1e-8$ contrast, 10% bandwidth) with WFIRST aperture.
 - **Shaped Pupil Coronagraph Testbed:** a static testbed to demonstrate SPC coronagraph contrast ($<1e-8$ contrast, 10% bandwidth) with WFIRST aperture.
 - **PIAACMC Testbed:** test the WFIRST backup coronagraph PIAACMC architecture.
 - **Low Order Wavefront Sensing and Control (LOWFS/C) Testbed:** demonstrate LOWFS sensor and line of sight control for WFIRST CGI as well as the OTA-Simulator to generate dynamic disturbances of line-of-sight and low order wavefront error
 - **Occulting Mask Coronagraph (OMC) Testbed:** combine coronagraph (HLC & SPC), OTA-Simulator, and LOWFS/C to demonstrate the coronagraph performance under the WFIRST like dynamic disturbances.
 - **SPC/IFS Testbed:** a static Shaped Pupil Coronagraph plus an integral field spectrograph (IFS) PISCES (Prototype Imaging Spectrograph for Coronagraphic Exoplanet Studies) to demonstrate IFS wavefront control for coronagraph
 - **Vacuum Surface Gauge (VSG):** a high precision interferometer testbed to test, characterize, and calibrate the deformable mirrors (DM)
- Early testbed activities greatly have reduced the technical gaps for WFIRST.

WFIRST Tech Testbeds in Pictures

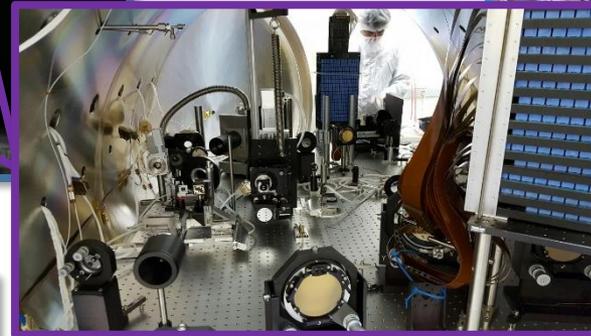
PISCES



LOWFS/C Testbed



SPC Testbed



VSG for DM characterization

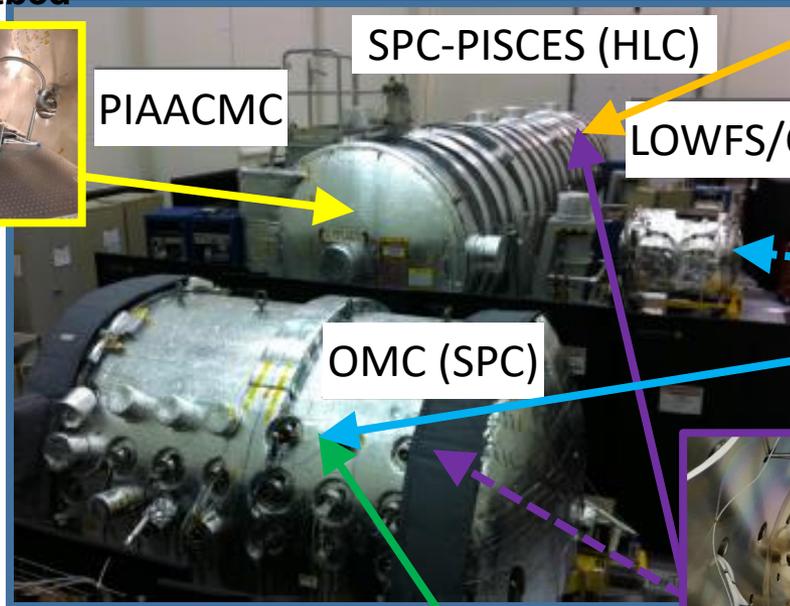


HCIT Testbeds

SPC-PISCES (HLC)

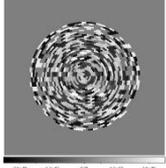
LOWFS/C

OMC (SPC)

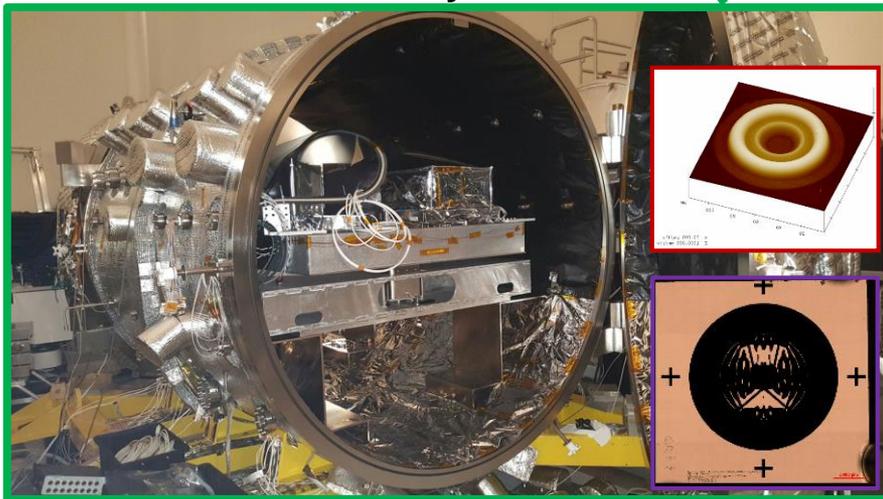


PIAACMC

PIAACMC Testbed

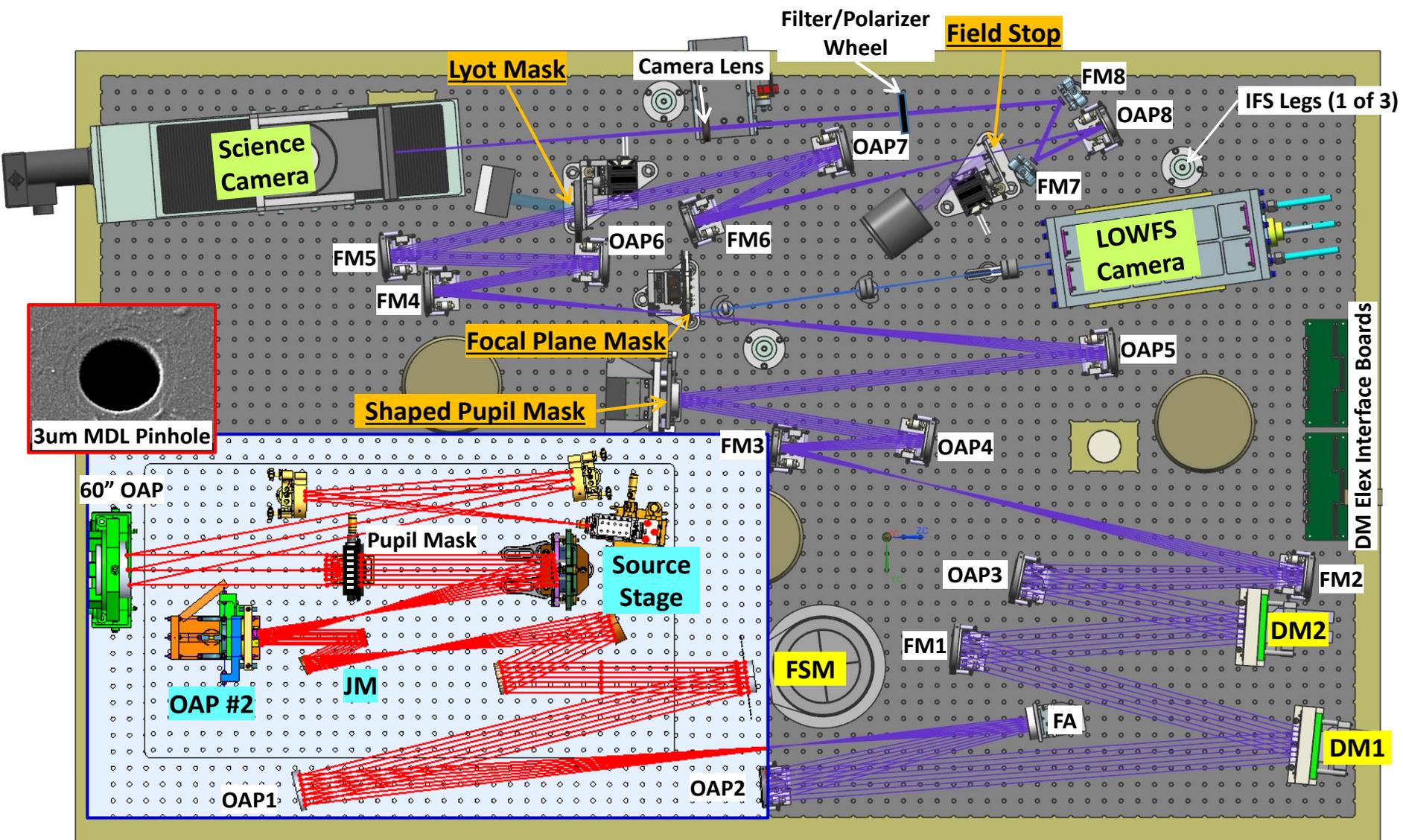


OMC Testbed for Coronagraph-
LOWFS/C Dynamic Test

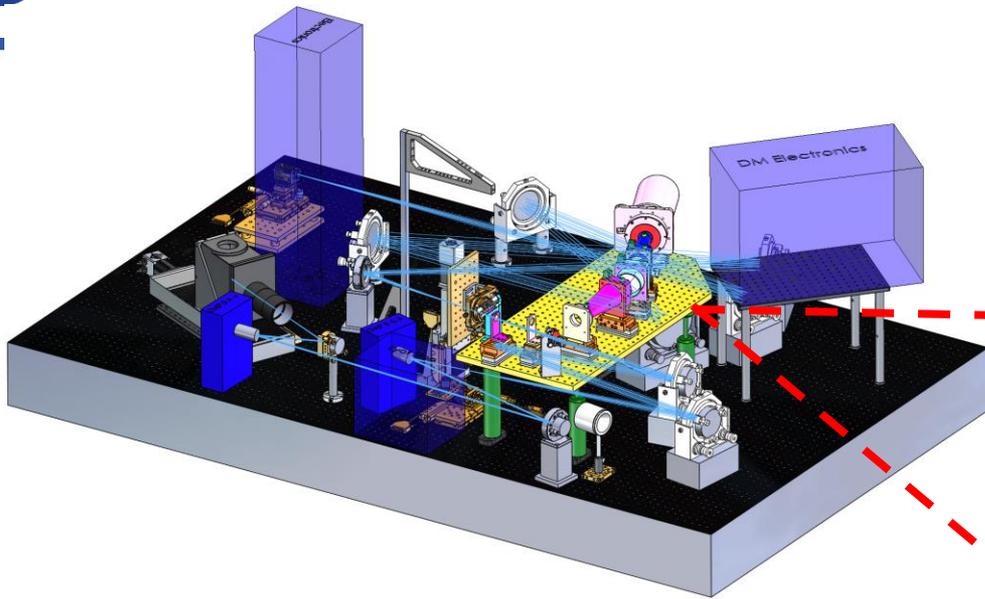




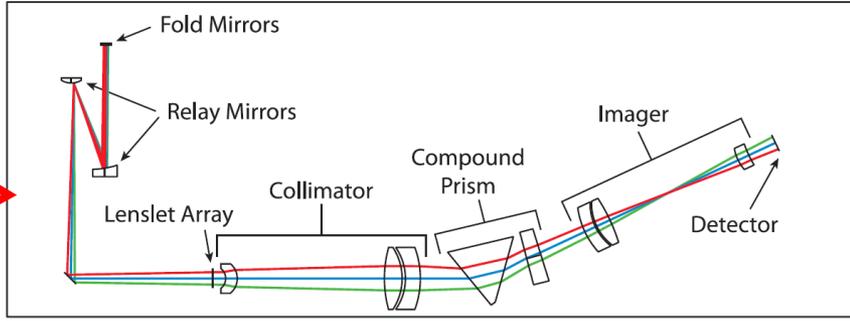
Occulting Mask Coronagraph (OMC) Dynamic Testbed



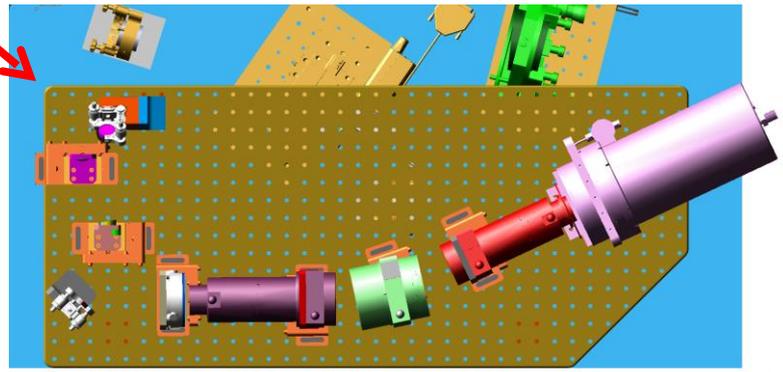
SPC / IFS (PISCES) Testbed



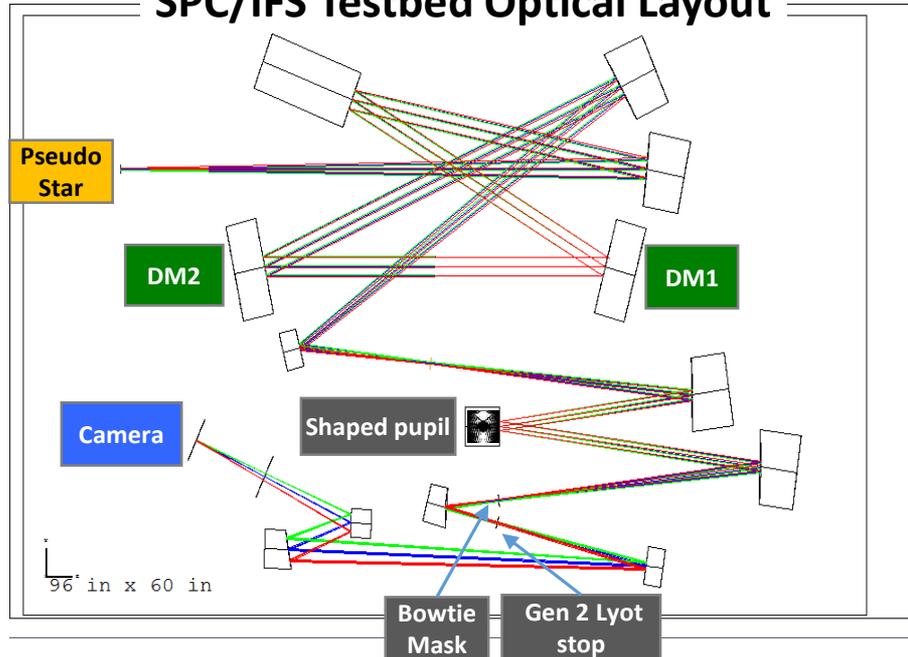
PISCES Optical Layout



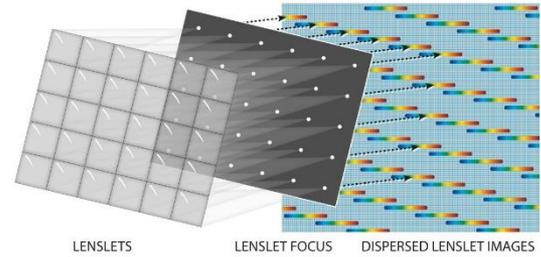
PISCES Sub-bench



SPC/IFS Testbed Optical Layout



PISCES Spectral Image



- Key milestones for CY 17 concentrate on flight like configurations and operations
- Currently the progress is on track

Milestones	Milestone Date	Status	Status Comments
PISCES commissioning done. Calibration and data pipeline in place	12/31/2016	Done	In HCIT2
Close out Milestone 9.	1/31/2017	Done	Review slides cleared
HLC wavefront control with ≤ 3 bandpass filters (# engineering filters for flight).	3/31/2017	Done	In HCIT1, 3 bandpass done and has reached $\sim 4e-9$
Demonstrate simultaneous EFC and LOWFS/C operation.	5/31/2017	Done	In HCIT1, HLC & SPC contrast converges, LOWFS/C follows EFC reference
SPC wavefront control using PISCES IFS. 18% band high contrast.	5/31/2017	Done	In HCIT2, 18% band contrast $1.09e-8$
Demonstrate SPC disc science mask performance with the imager, 6.5-20 λ/D .	9/30/2017	Done	In HCIT2, achieved 10% contrast of $8e-9$ over 6.3-19.5 λ/D
High Efficiency HLC Mask Test	11/17/2017	Done	In OMC (HCIT1) testbed

CGI Tech Testbeds Milestone CY'18

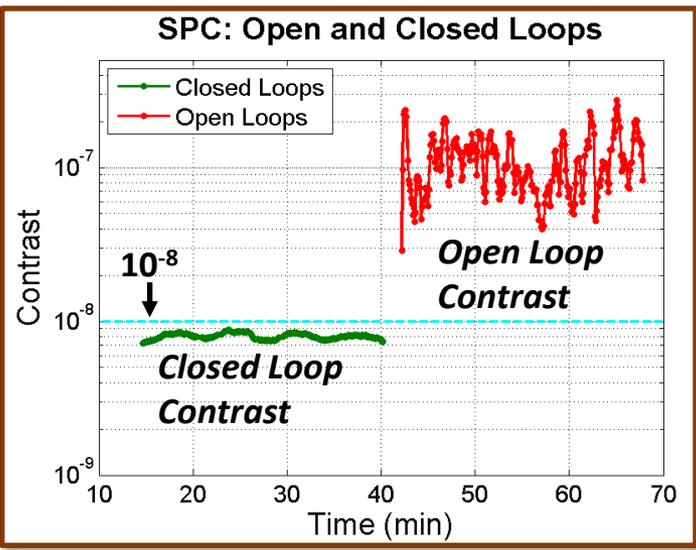
- Key milestones for CY 18 concentrate on flight like configurations and operations
- Currently the progress is on track

Milestones	Milestone Date	Status	Status Comments
SPC Disc Science Mask TRL5 Demo	2/28/2018	On-going	In SPC/IFS (HCIT2) testbed.
OMC Low Light (Low SNR) Tests	7/9/2018	On-going	In OMC (HCIT1) testbed. EFC on Mv=2 star and LOWFS/C on Mv=5 star
SPC/IFS 18% high contrast	2/9/2019		In OMC (HCIT1) testbed. Waiting for mask design to finalized.

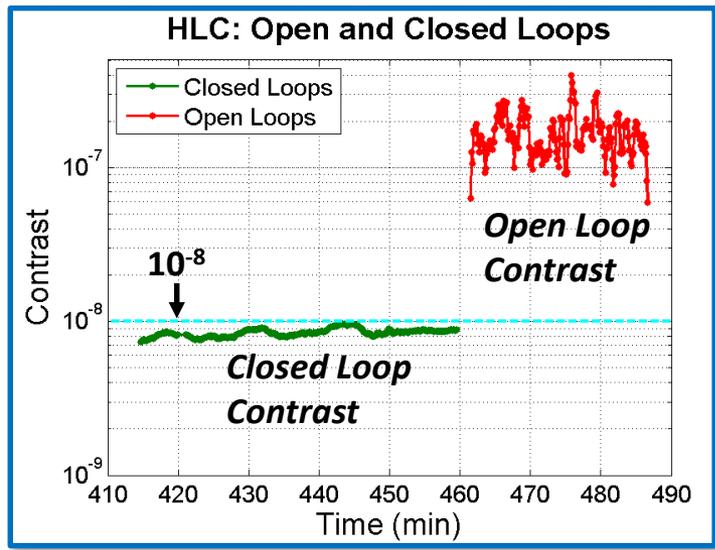


Summary of Testbed Milestone 9 Results

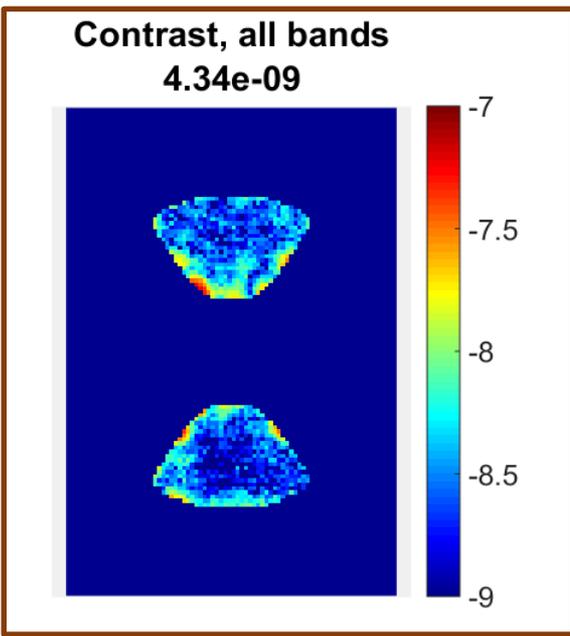
SPC Dynamic Test
(10% at 550nm)



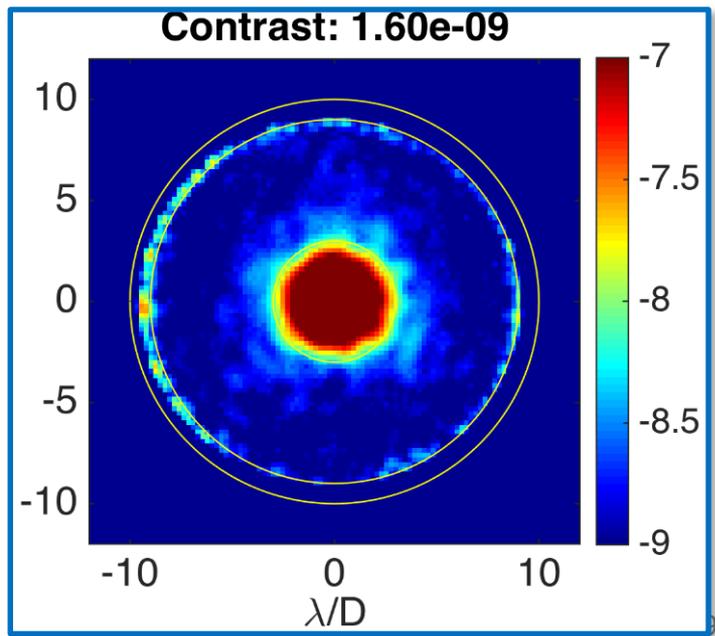
HLC Dynamic Test
(10% at 550nm)



Best SPC Static Contrast
(10% at 550nm)



Best HLC Static Contrast
(10% at 550nm)

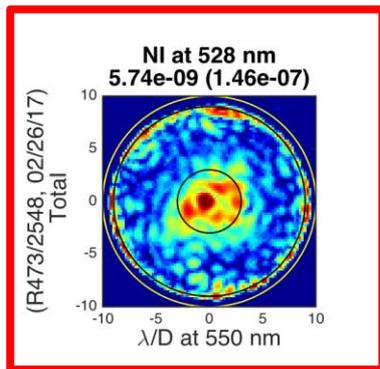
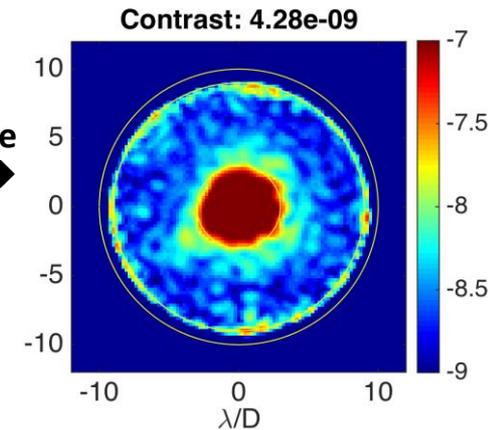


Increasing the WFC Efficiency by Using 3 Band EFC

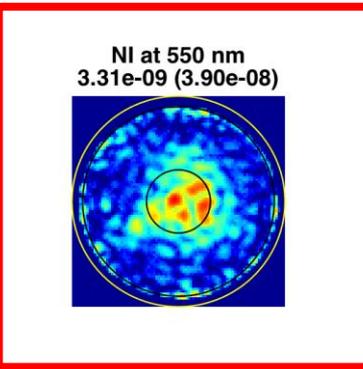
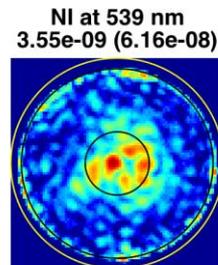
• Test Configuration

- Three bands (528 nm, 550 nm, 572 nm) nulling : Note that current OMC HLC occulter is designed at 550 nm.
- 4 % bandwidth (22 nm) for each band : More aggressive configuration than current engineering filter bandwidth of 3.3 %.
- Initial DM solution for EFC : DM flat. : It is the MOST aggressive initial condition we can think of. We like to confirm EFC works even with this extreme condition

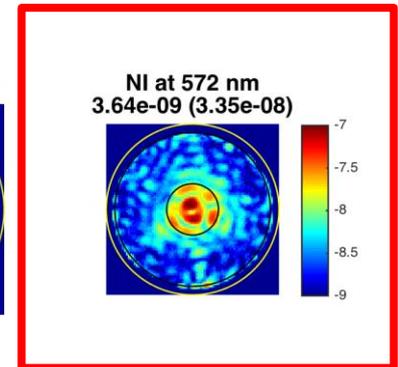
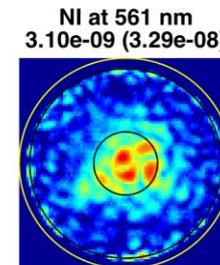
10 % average at 550 nm →



Control bands



Control bands



Control bands

• Results:

- Both the final 10 % contrast and its Zernike WFE sensitivity* are consistent with those of normal 5 band operation.
- Bandwidth of the bands does NOT affect the end-result if the bandwidth is 2% ~ 4 %.*
- Two-bands operation could NOT produce 5 band-consistent results.* *Not shown here.
- **Three band EFC now become the standard operation on the testbed like flight**

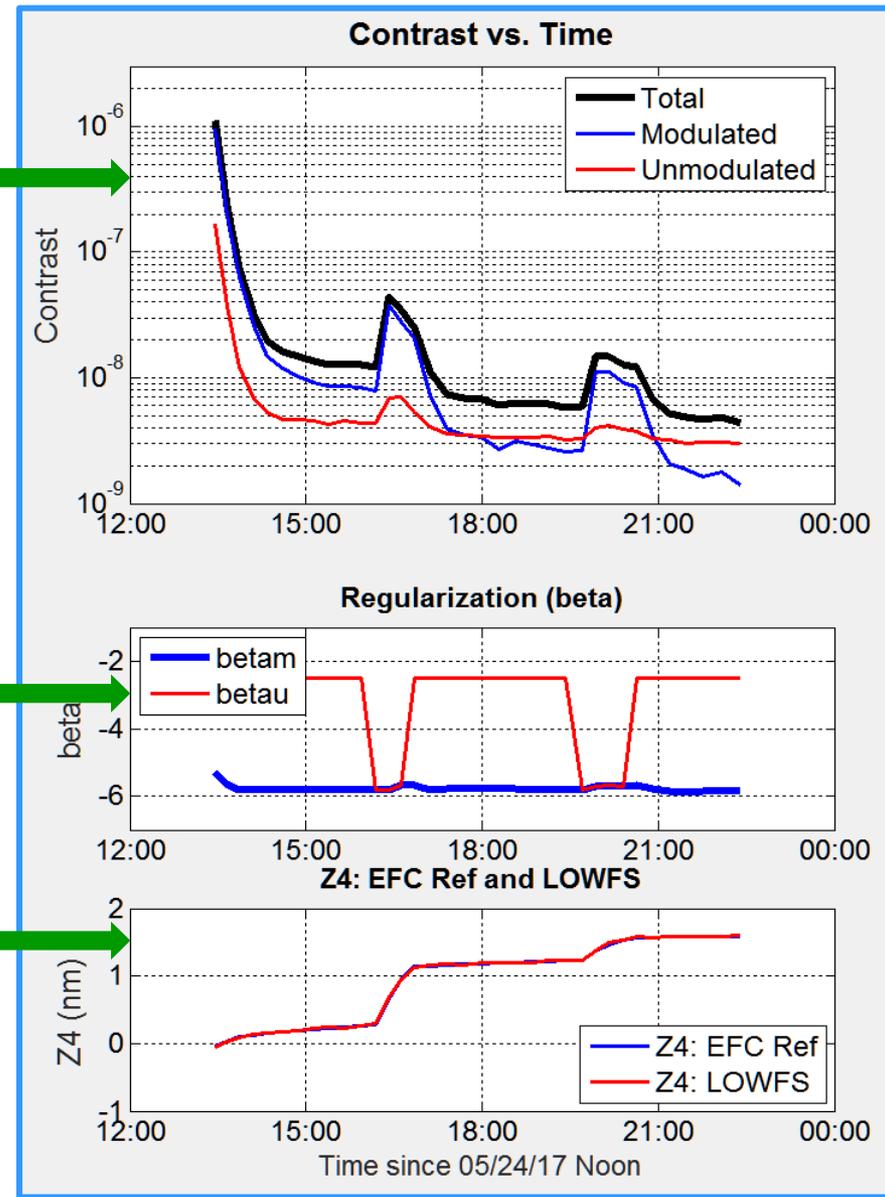
OMC Testbed: Simultaneous EFC & LOWFS/C

- MS9 like disturbances using OMC Testbed's JM and Source Z actuator
 - LoS drift = 8 mas; LoS jitter = 1 CBE at RWA = 600 rpm; Focus (Z4) drift = 1 nm sinusoidal with 60 minutes period
- LOWFS/C loops using FSM and DM:
 - LoS feedback loop (FSM)
 - LoS feed forward loop (FSM)
 - Low order WFE loop (DM #2)
 - LOWFS DM loop follows WFE target set by EFC
- HLC EFC dark hole nulling operation:
 - Use 3 band from filter wheel in front of SciCam simulating flight operation
 - Start with poor contrast to show case EFC convergence
 - EFC control set reference for LOWFS/C (LoS and low order WFE)
 - EFC control with varying regularizations
- Test results have shown a successful simultaneous EFC and LOWFS/C operations:
 - Contrast converges with simultaneous EFC & LOWFS controls
 - Coordinated controls between EFC and LOWFS/C loops, especially joint DM operations
 - LOWFS/C follows EFC set WFE target
 - LOWFS/C is helping EFC by correcting/reducing any low order WFE not specifically set by EFC

Contrast converges with simultaneous EFC & LOWFS/C

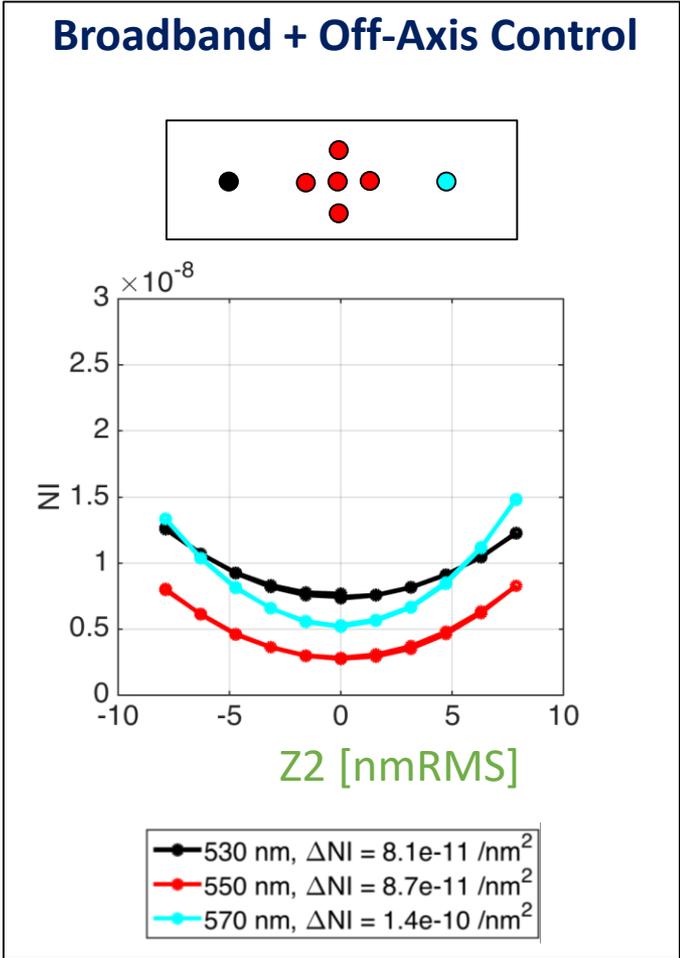
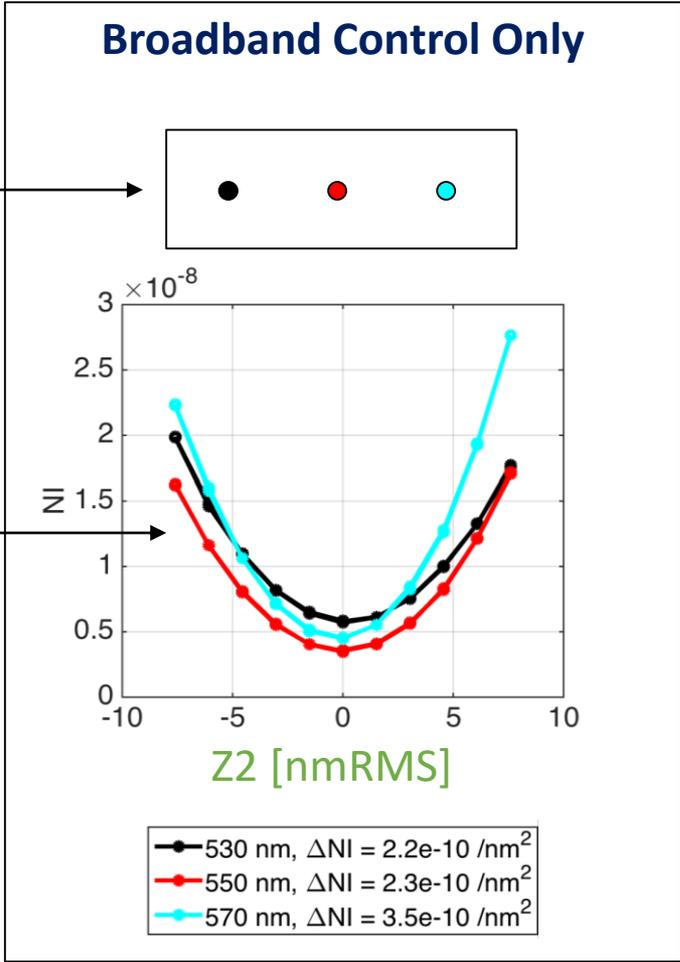
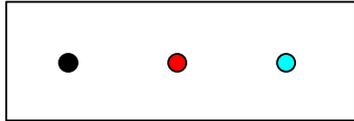
EFC varying regularization

LOWFS/C follows EFC set WFE ref



OMC Testbed: Improving HLC Jitter Sensitivity by Including Off-axis EFC

EFC control channels:
color + off-axis



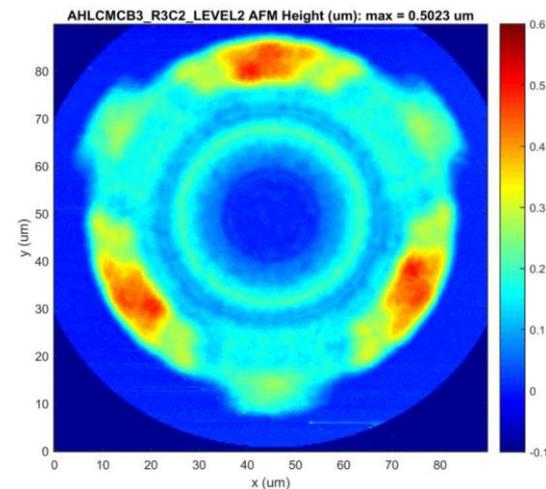
By including the off-axis control channels, the LoS sensitivity is improved by factor of 2 or higher (right plot, with tilt sensitivity in legend).



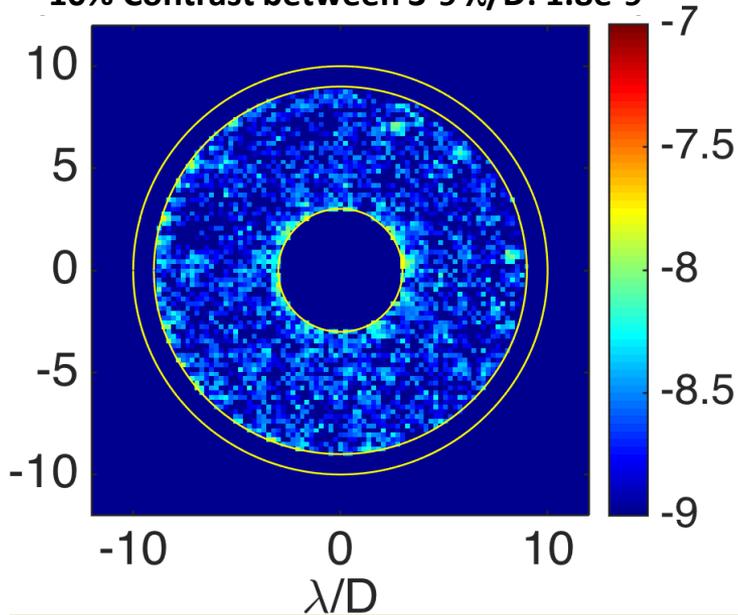
High Throughput Asymmetric HLC Mask on OMC Testbed

- New HLC design (AHLCCMB3-051717) is under test on OMC testbed since Sep. 2017. This new HLC is mostly designed for higher throughput with asymmetric dielectric profiles (right plot).
- Contrast: with this mask the HLC reaches 10% contrast level of 1.8×10^{-9} between 3 – 9 I/D (lower plots).
- LOWFS: the LOWFS performance remains to be the same using this asymmetric mask.
- Coronagraph Throughput: The testbed throughput is measured at 4.4% at 550 nm, which is slightly less than design expected 5.9%. This compares to the previous design throughput (model-20150828-496) which was 3.5 % @ 550 nm in both measurement and model. The source of discrepancy is under investigation.
- **New asymmetric HLC mask has better throughput**

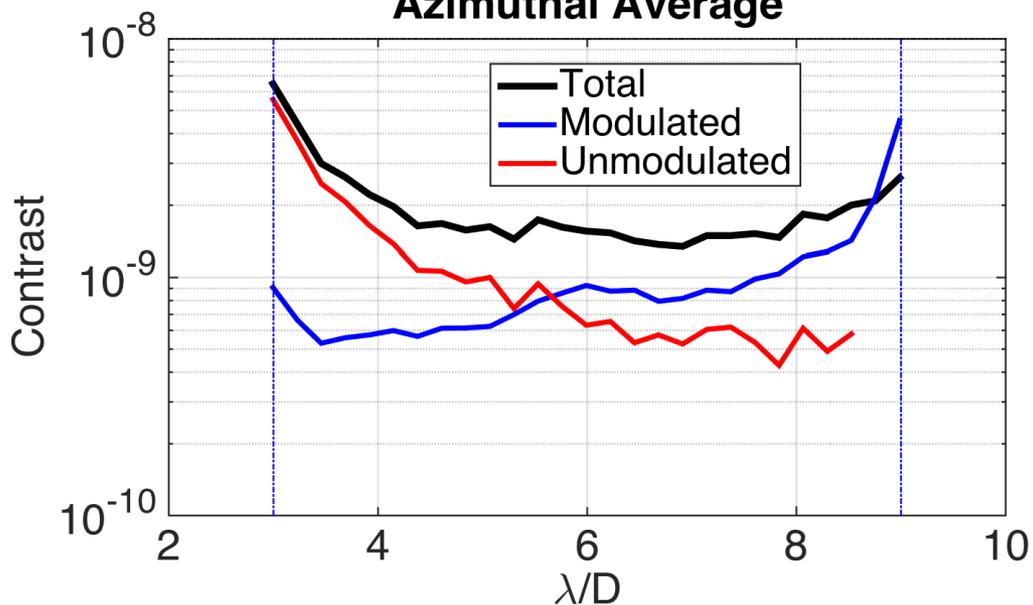
AFM Height Measurement



10% Contrast between 3-9 λ/D : 1.8×10^{-9}

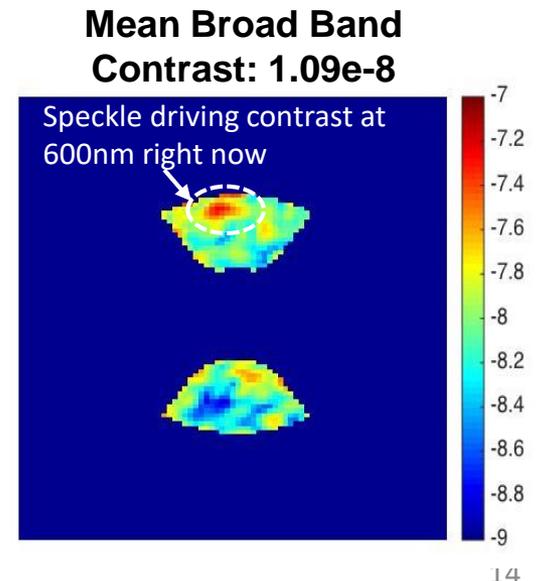
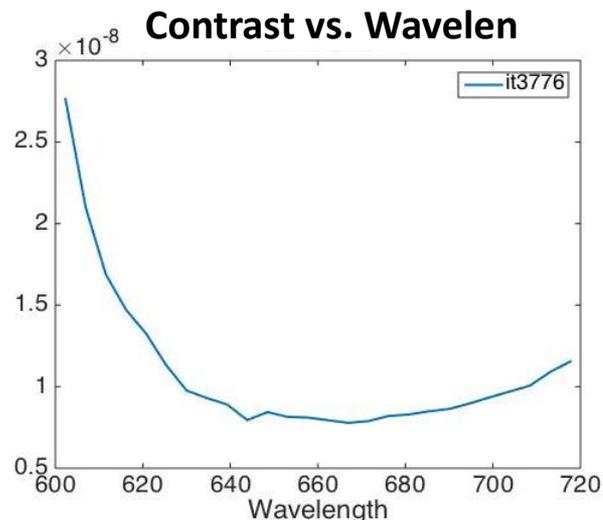
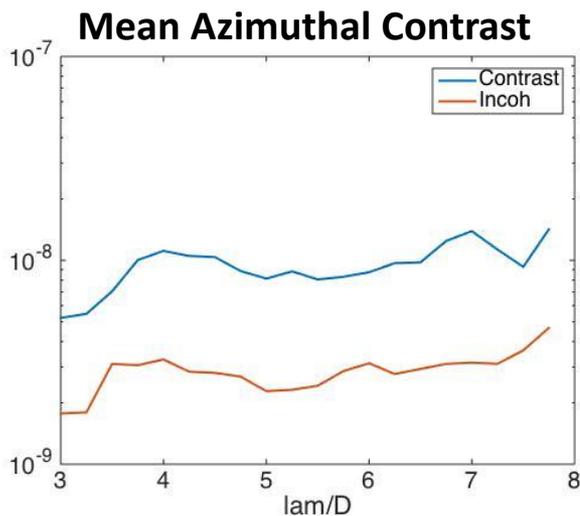


Azimuthal Average



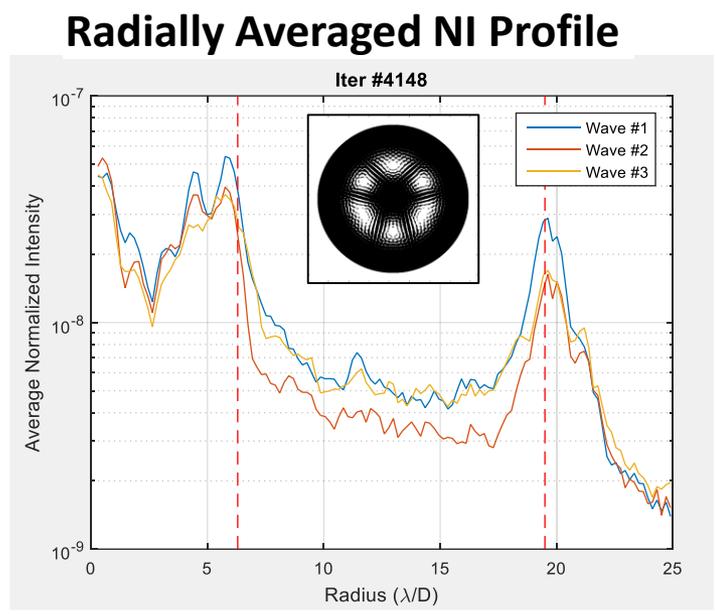
SPC/IFS Testbed: IFS Nulling in Broadband

- **SPC PISCES IFS 18% reached contrast 1.09×10^{-8} in an 18% band with IFS**
- IFS data extraction creates 26 slices and 7 slices spread across the 18% band are used to do EFC control
 - 18% Control at 660nm
 - Score: Two sides, 26 channels, 3-8 λ/D , at $\lambda = 650$ nm
 - Control: Two sides, 7 channels, 2.5-9.5 λ/D , at $\lambda = 750$ nm
- **GSFC PISCES team implemented second pipeline extraction scheme using the 2D fits (“lstsq”) in place of 1D fits (“optext”)**
 - Though in current test still uses “optext” the “lstsq” produces residual maps which will be useful for future performance analysis

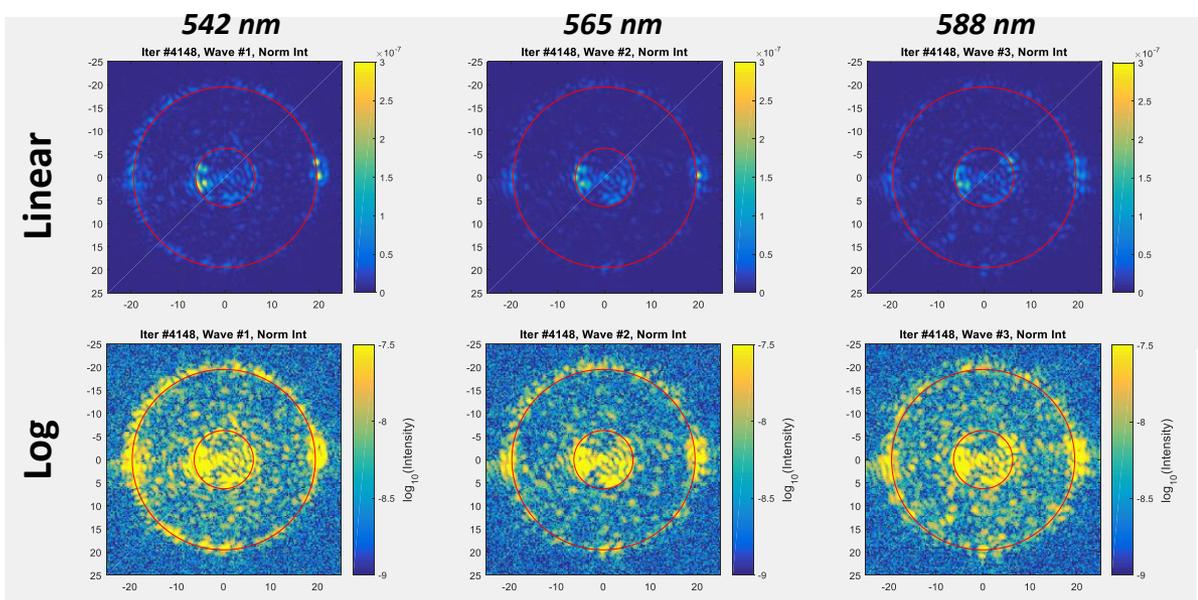


Disk Science Mask Test on SPC/IFS Testbed

- Disk science mask (DSM) is one of the three coronagraph modes for WFIRST CGI.
 - 360 degree dark hole extended up to $20 \lambda/D$
 - Provides a powerful tool to study exozodiacal dust clouds associated with stellar debris disks to gain insight of the exoplanet formation and stellar disk dynamics.
- DSM masks were fabricated by JPL's Micro Device Lab (MDL)
 - A total of 9 shaped pupil mask samples of two different designs for disk science (1Kx1K and 2Kx2K pixels) were fabricated and characterized in June '17
 - 35mm x 35mm x 4mm silicon substrates with Al and black silicon binary features
- **Current best contrast from DSM: averaged 10% contrast evaluate between 6 - 19.5 I/D is $8e-9$**



SPC imager 3 bands normalized intensity:
linear (top) and logarithmic (bottom) stretched



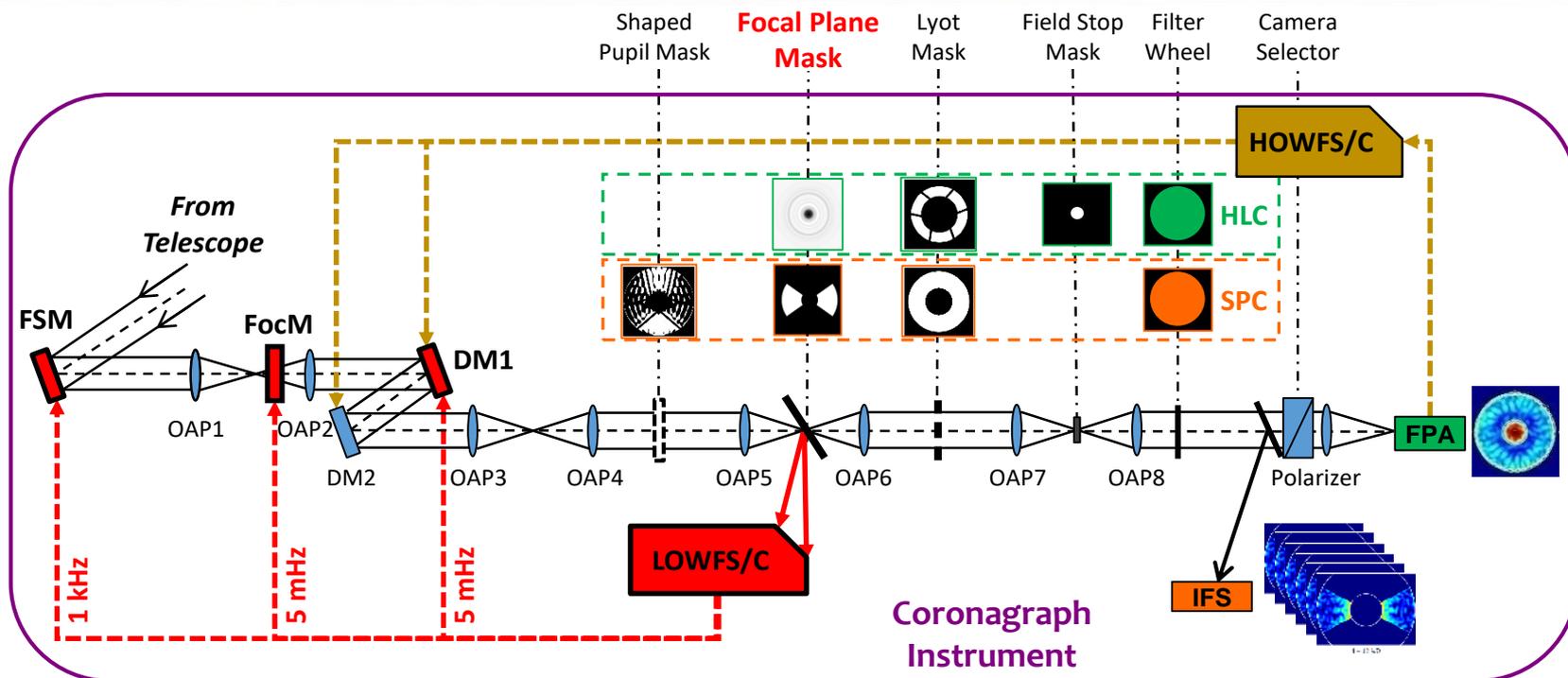
Shaped Pupil Disk Science Mask
ID: ERP25-3 installed on 06/29/2017

Conclusion and Future Work

- **WFIRST coronagraph technology development testbeds have been very successful and effective in developing and demonstrating needed technologies for WFIRST CGI**
- **WFIRST technology development milestones for 2017 have been done and those for 2018 are on track**
- **Key testbed milestones for 2018**
 - Finish disk science SPC mask test including model matching
 - Coronagraph and LOWFS/C demonstration with photon flux equivalent stellar magnitude, $M_v = 2$ for EFC, and $M_v = 5$ for LOWFS/C
 - Improve the ISF 18% high contrast to match the requirement specified by CGI system engineering, which is $\sim 5e-9$.
 - Test LOWFS/C with WFIRST Phase A line-of-sight jitter which includes disturbances from multiple reaction wheels

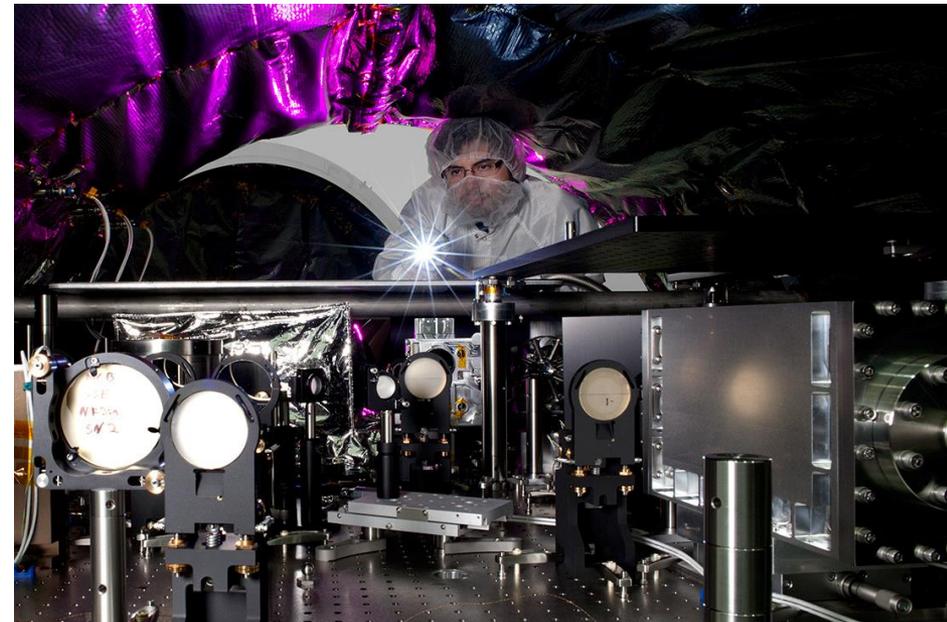
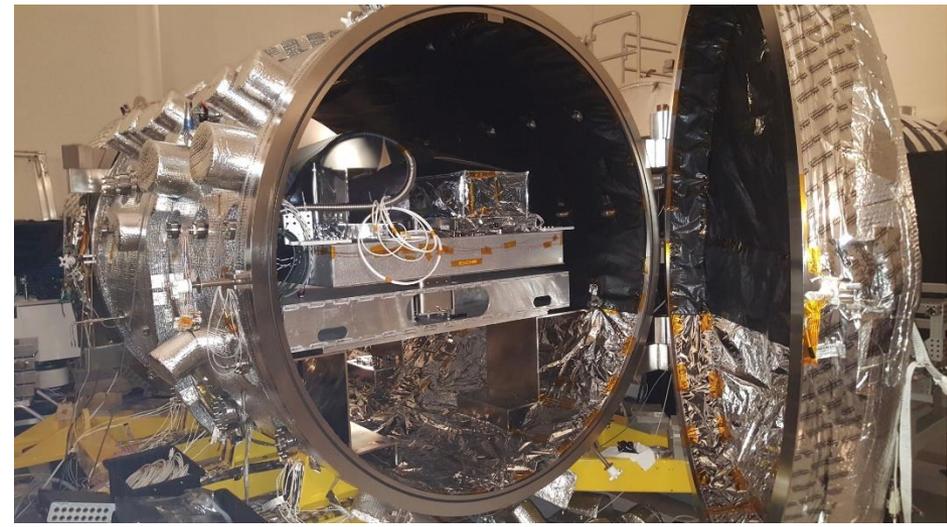
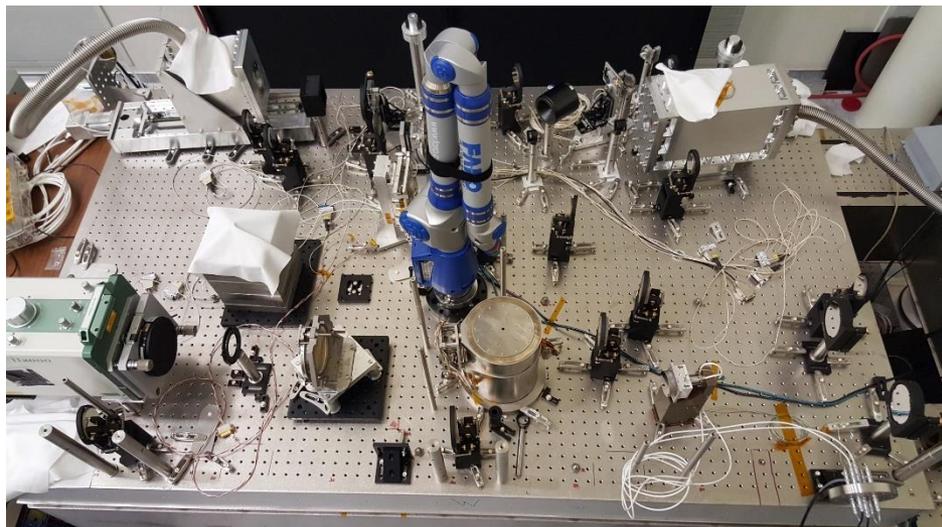
Backup

WFIRST CGI LOWFS/C Overview



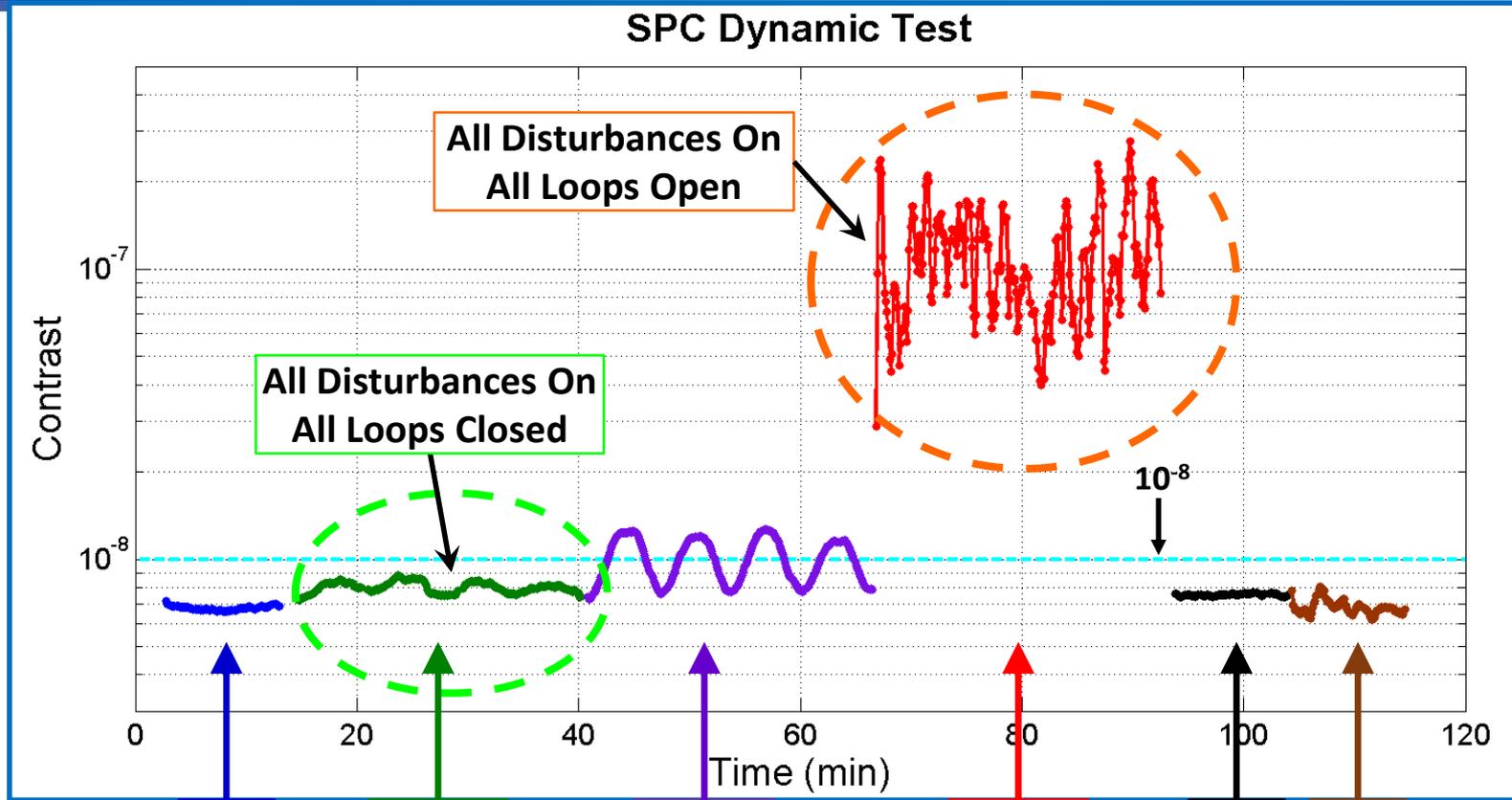
- LOWFS/C subsystem measures and controls line-of-sight (LoS) drift and jitter as well as the thermally induced low order wavefront drift
 - LoS: drift (< 2 Hz): ~14 mas, tonal jitter: ≤14 mas
 - WFE: drift (~10⁻³ Hz): ~0.5 nm (RMS), dominant by focus, astigmatisms and comas from the telescope optics rigid body motions
- Uses rejected starlight from occulter which reduces non-common path error
- Differential image wavefront sensor referenced to coronagraph wavefront control (HOWFS/C using EFC): maintains wavefront established for high contrast
- LOWFS/C telemetry can be used for coronagraph data post-processing

OMC Dynamic Testbed



- **HLC/SPC dynamic test uses OTA-S to generate pointing and focus disturbances that WFIRST would experienced on-orbit.**
- Coronagraph Modes: Shaped Pupil Coronagraph (SPC) and Hybrid Lyot Coronagraph (HLC)
 - Coronagraph contrast recorded with a 10% bandwidth filter centered at 550 nm.
- Line-of-sight Error Injected: 14 mas rms drift + CBE line of sight jitter at 600 rpm wheel speed (72 harmonic tones)
 - LoS error injected by OTA Simulator's Jitter Mirror (JM)
 - LoS error corrected by OMC's Fast Steering Mirror (FSM) with both feedback and feedforward loops
- Low Order WFE Injected: ± 1 nm (SPC) and ± 0.5 nm (HLC) focus disturbance. The amplitude is 4X and 2X worse than expected WFIRST thermal drift.
 - Focus injected by modified OTA Simulator's source stage
 - Sinusoidal focus disturbance with period of 750 sec (12.5 min). The focus disturbance is much faster ($\sim 100X$) than anticipated WFIRST thermal drift speed
 - Focus corrected by one of OMC's deformable mirrors (DM).

SPC+LOWFS/C Dynamic Test Result



FSM FB On, FF Off, DM Off:
Lab Environment

FSM FB & FF On, DM On:
LoS ACS Drift + RWA Jitter +
Focus Sine Wave

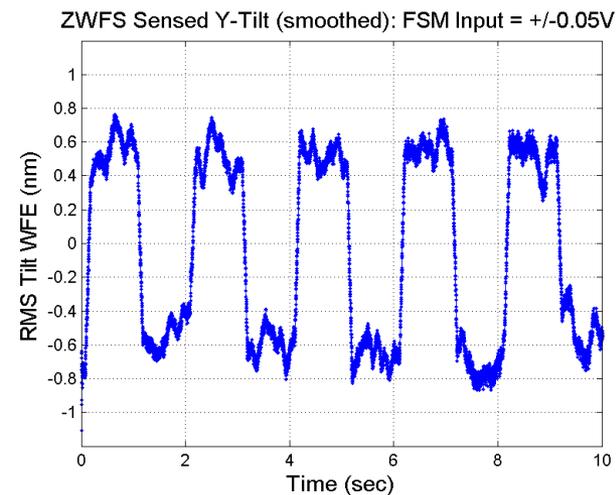
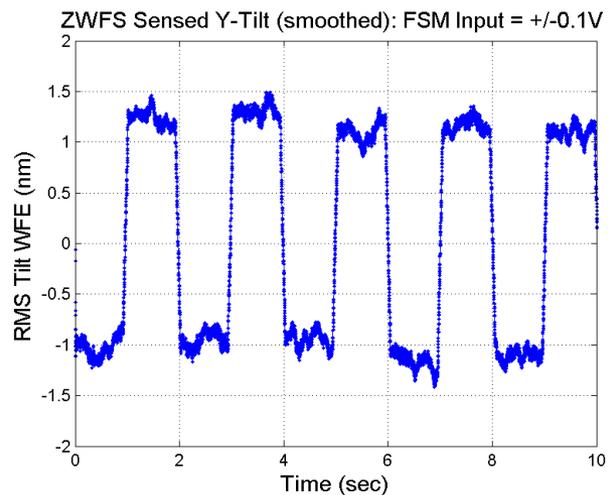
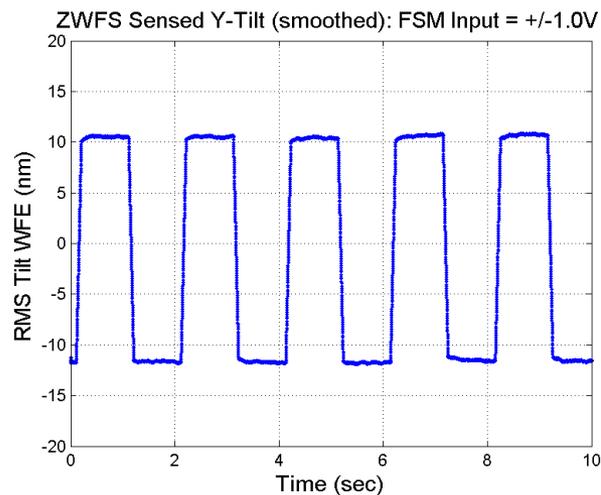
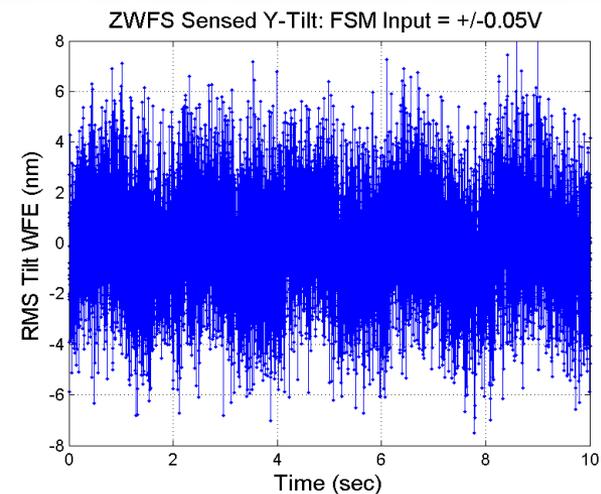
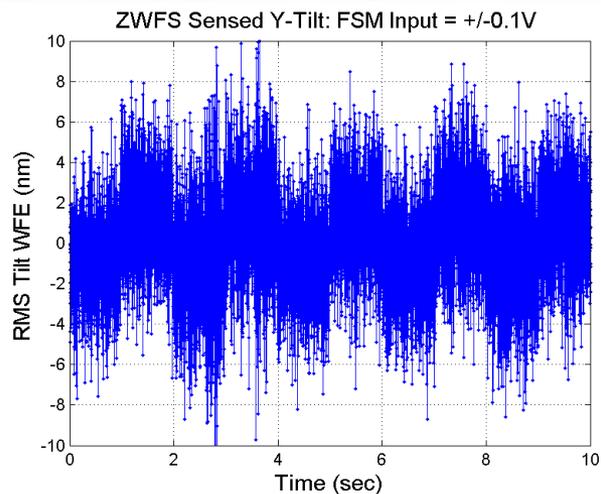
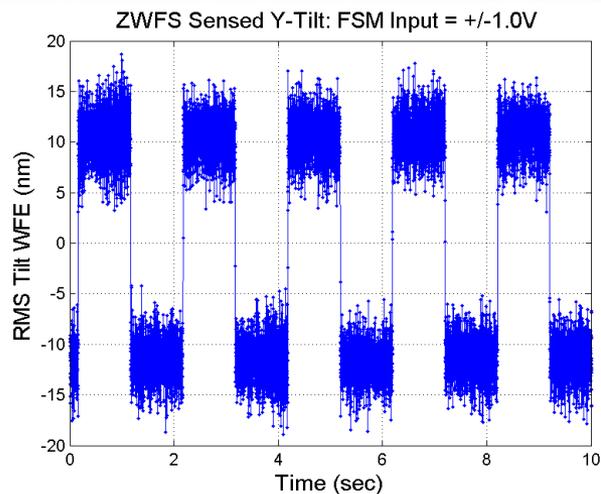
FSM FB & FF On & DM Off:
LoS ACS Drift + RWA Jitter +
Focus Sine Wave

FSM FB&FF Off, DM Off:
LoS ACS Drift + RWA Jitter +
Focus Sine Wave

FSM FB On, FF Off, DM On:
Lab Environment

FSM FB&FF Off, DM Off:
Lab Environment

LOWFS Sensitivity: Line-of-Sight



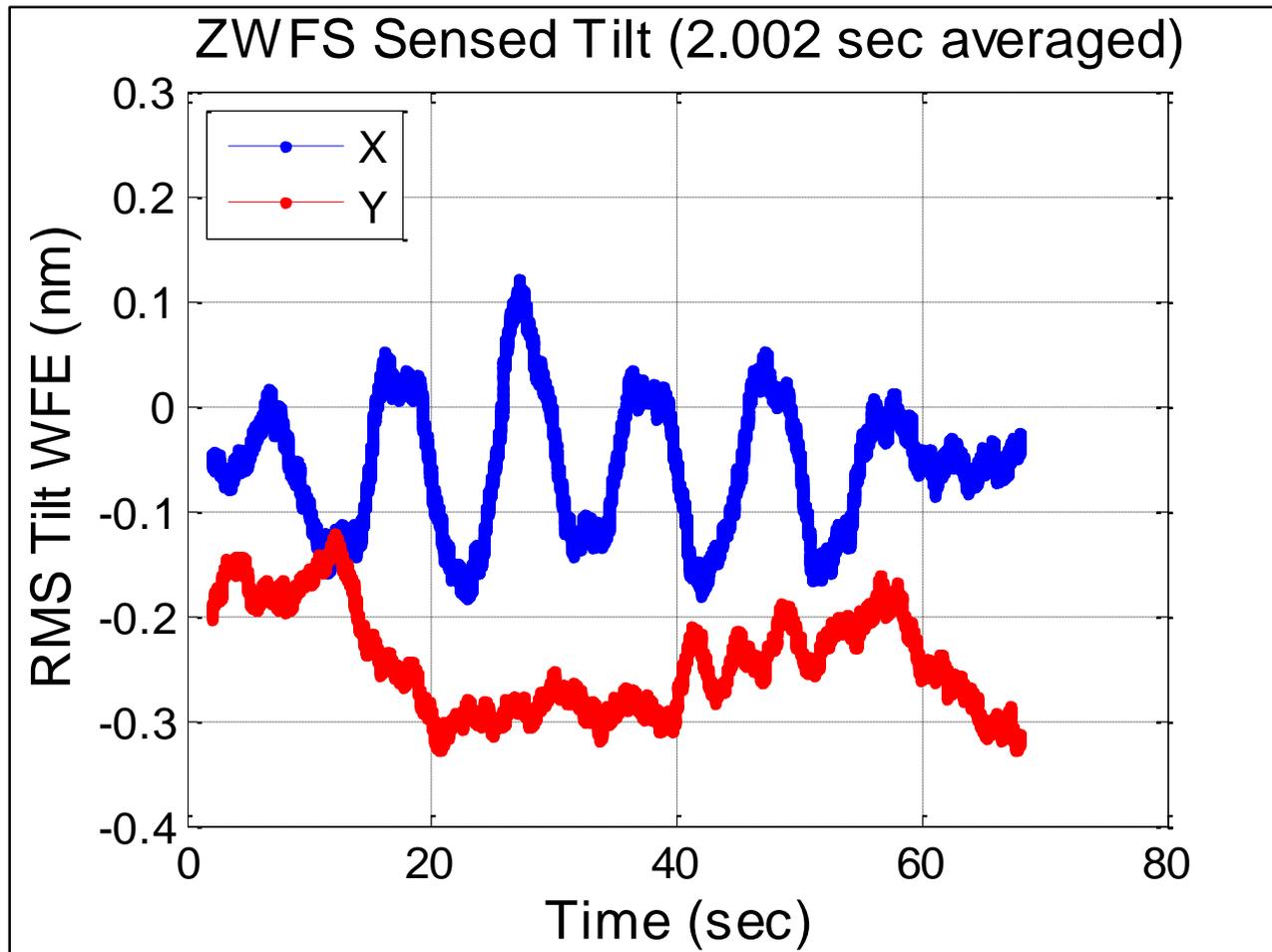
Mean Sep = 22.1 nm (7.7 mas)

Mean Step = 2.2 nm (0.77 mas)

Mean Step = 1.2 nm (0.38 mas)

- Sensor clearly detects ± 0.2 mas on-sky signal (right column)
- ZWFS sensed tilt WFE matches calibrated input to within 8%

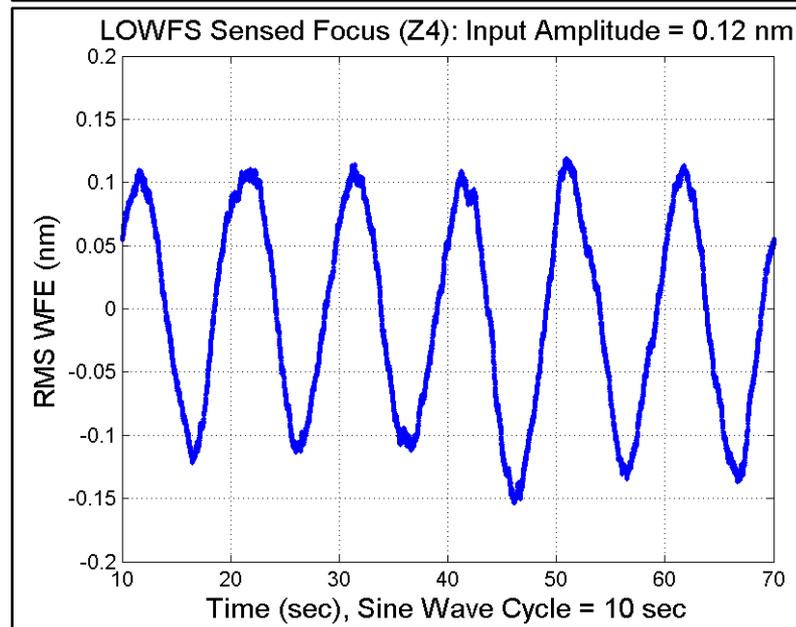
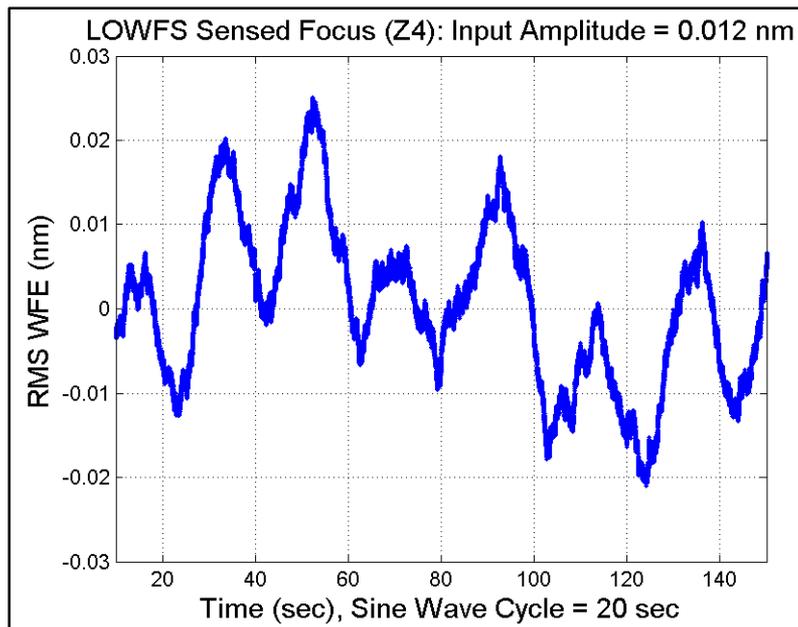
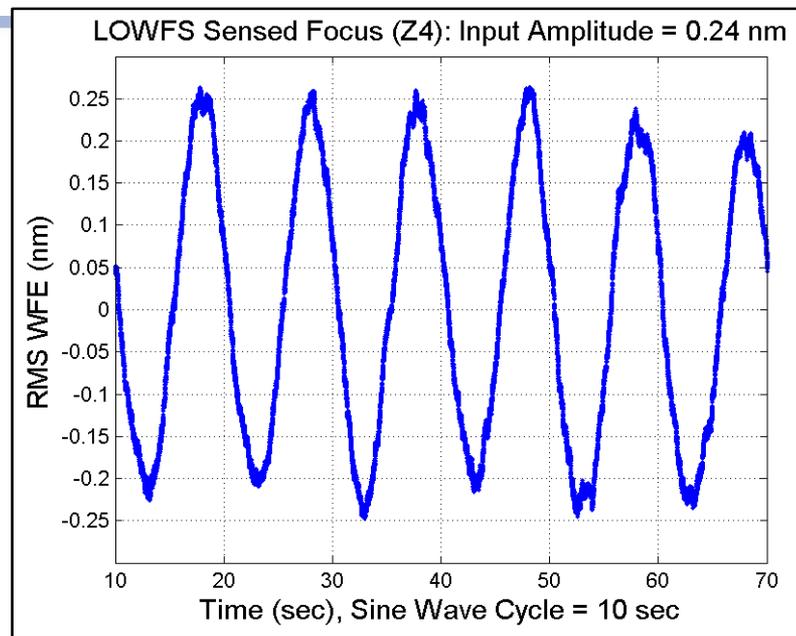
Recent FSM Chopping Test: Preliminary



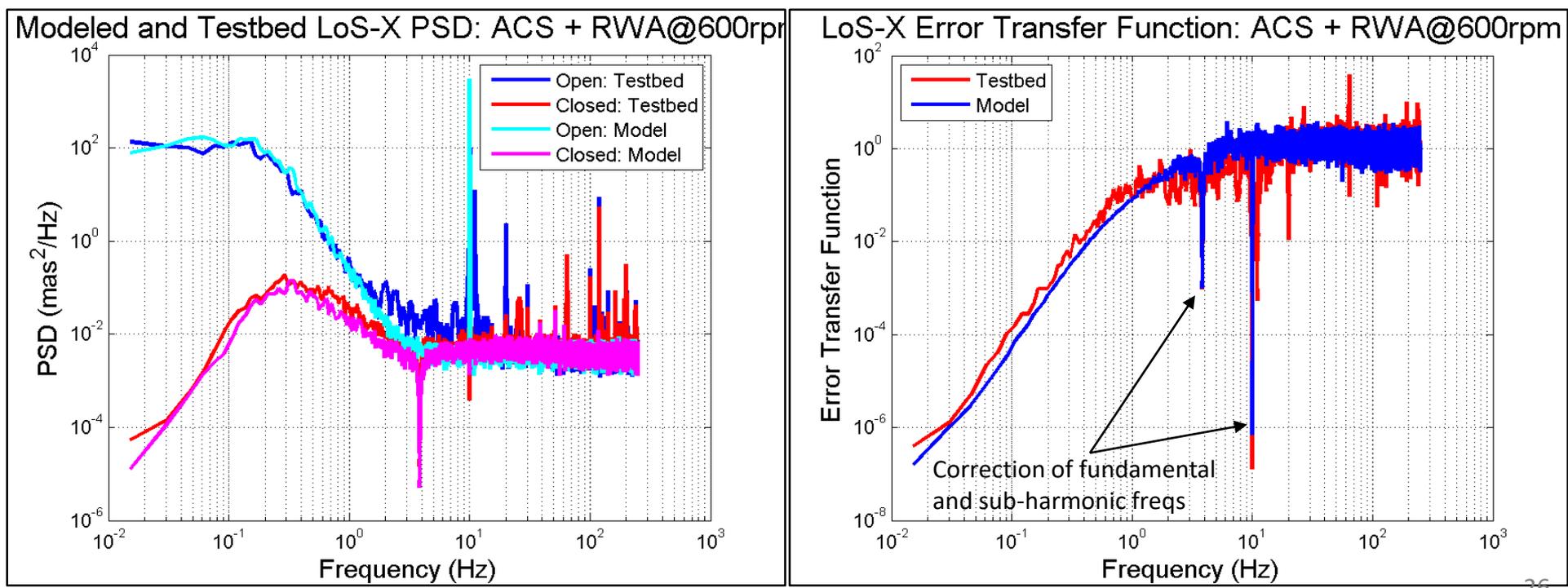
- FSM Ch 1 (X tilt) is chopped
- LOWFS can sense LoS as small as 0.1 nm, which is 0.01 mas for WFIRST

LOWFS Sensitivity: Focus

- **Reduced amplitude of OTA-S focus disturbance to create a small focus modulation for LOWFS sensor**
 - Increase modulation cycle period for more frame averaging to reduce sensor noise
 - Signals averaged to reduce noise and detrended to remove testbed focus drift
 - Average: 1, 2, 10 seconds for the plots
- **LOWFS can see focus as small as 12 pm (rms)!**



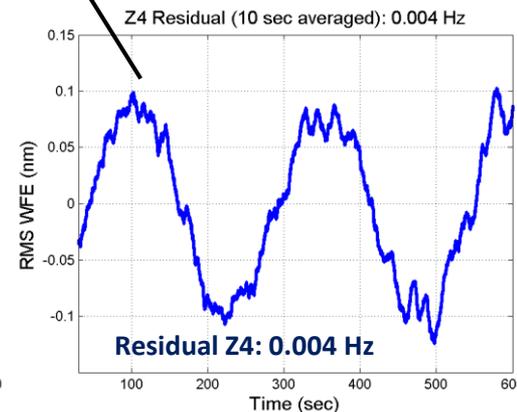
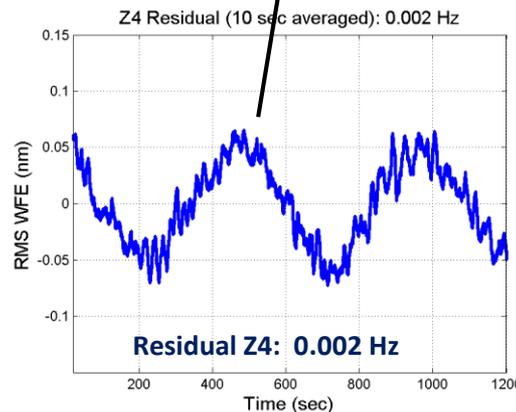
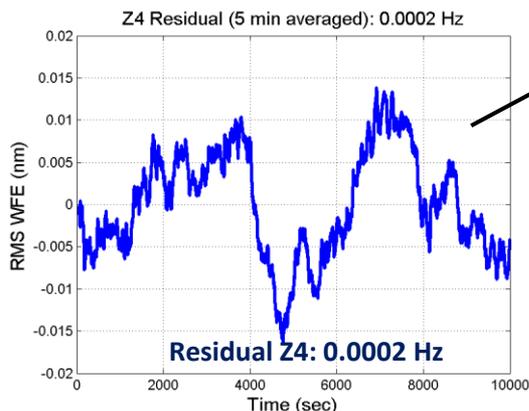
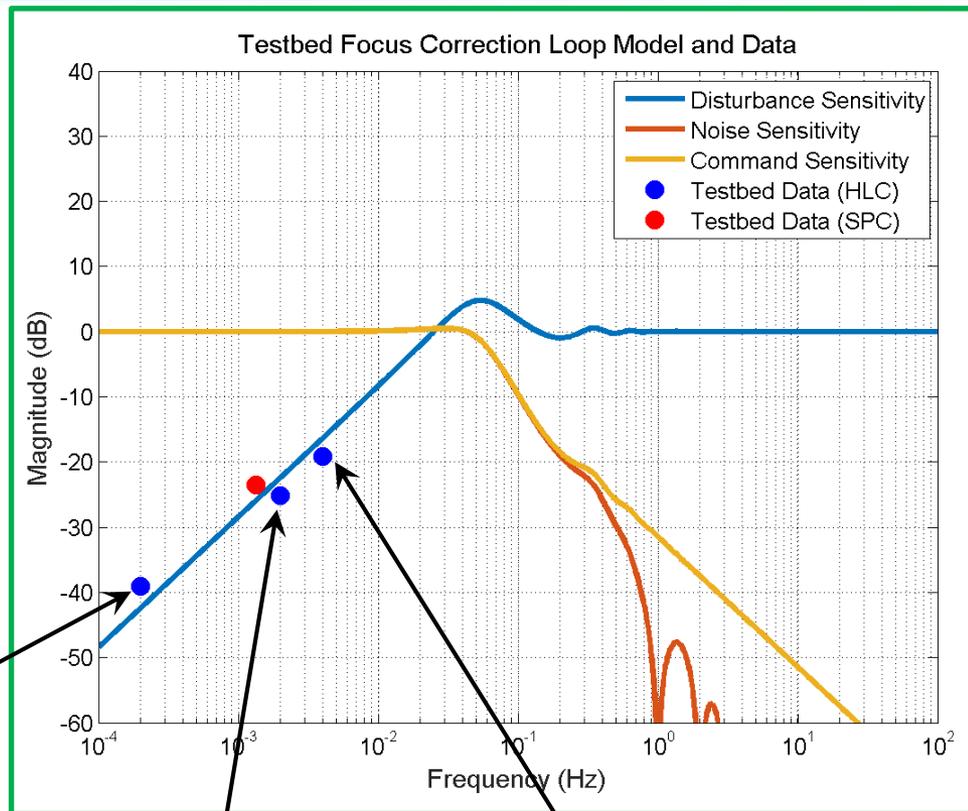
- Modeled and testbed PSD of open/closed loop in LoS X (lower right plot)**
 - Cycle 5 ACS drift and jitter at wheel speed of 600 rpm (fundamental freq = 10 Hz)
 - Testbed data include lab environment LoS noise. Modeled data include sensor noise
- Modeled and testbed LoS error transfer function calculated from the open and closed loop PSD (lower right plot)**
 - Feedback loop forms high pass filter
 - Feedforward loop forms notch filters at fundamental and sub-harmonic frequencies
- Excellent agreement between modeled and testbed data for FSM loops**





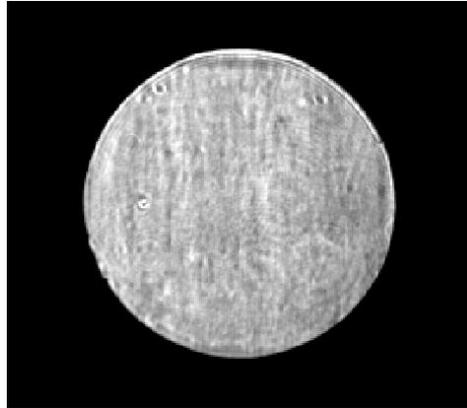
LOWFS/C DM Loop Performance: Data vs. Model

- Focus drift generated by OTA simulator
 - 2 nm P-V sinusoidal focus disturbance
 - 4X larger than WFIRST flight
- DM is used to correct focus
- Solid lines are model prediction
- Excellent agreement between modeled and measured DM loop performance

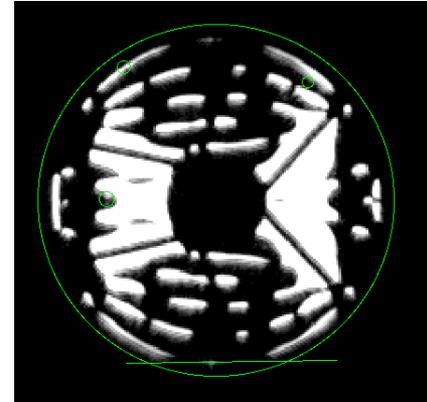


SPC/IFS Test Configuration

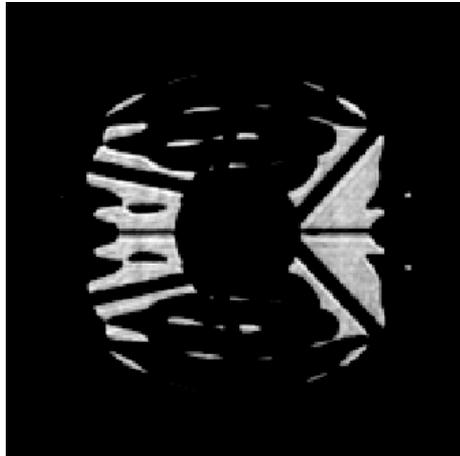
Pupil



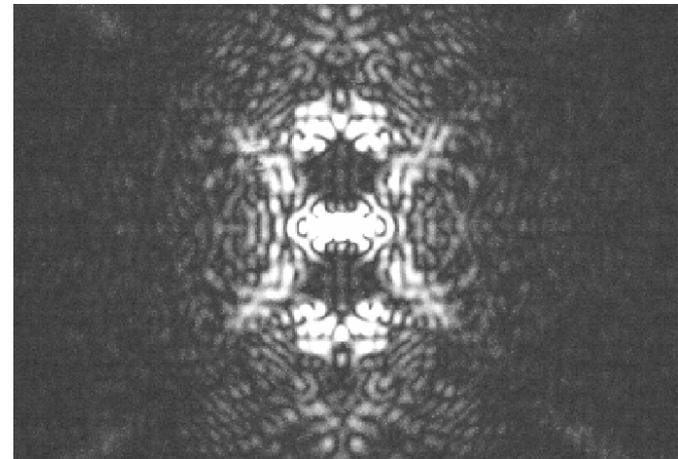
Mask



Mask + Lyot

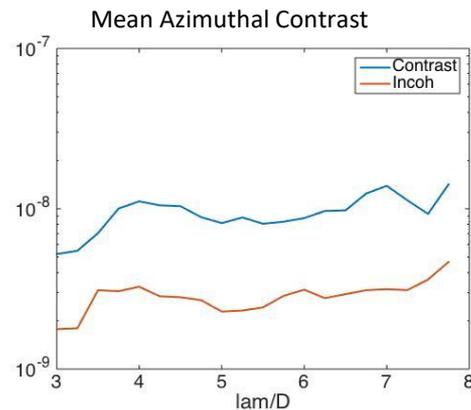
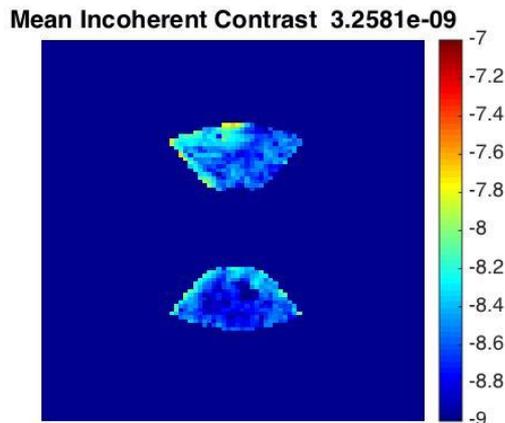
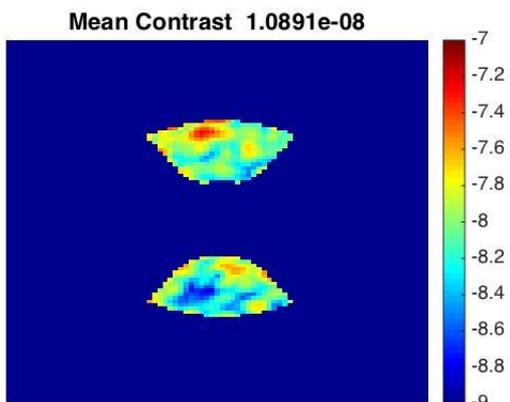
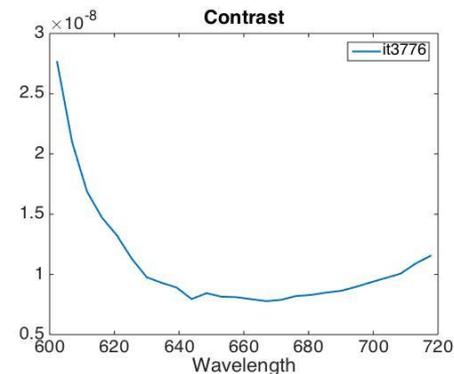
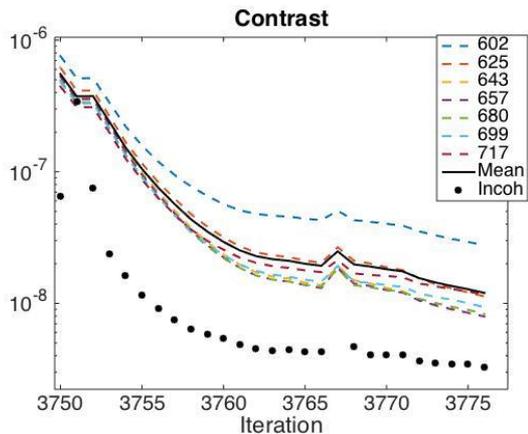
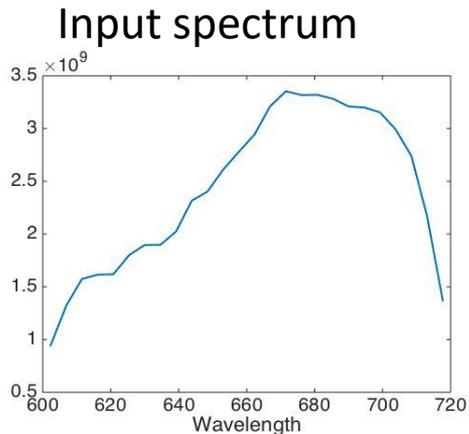


PSF



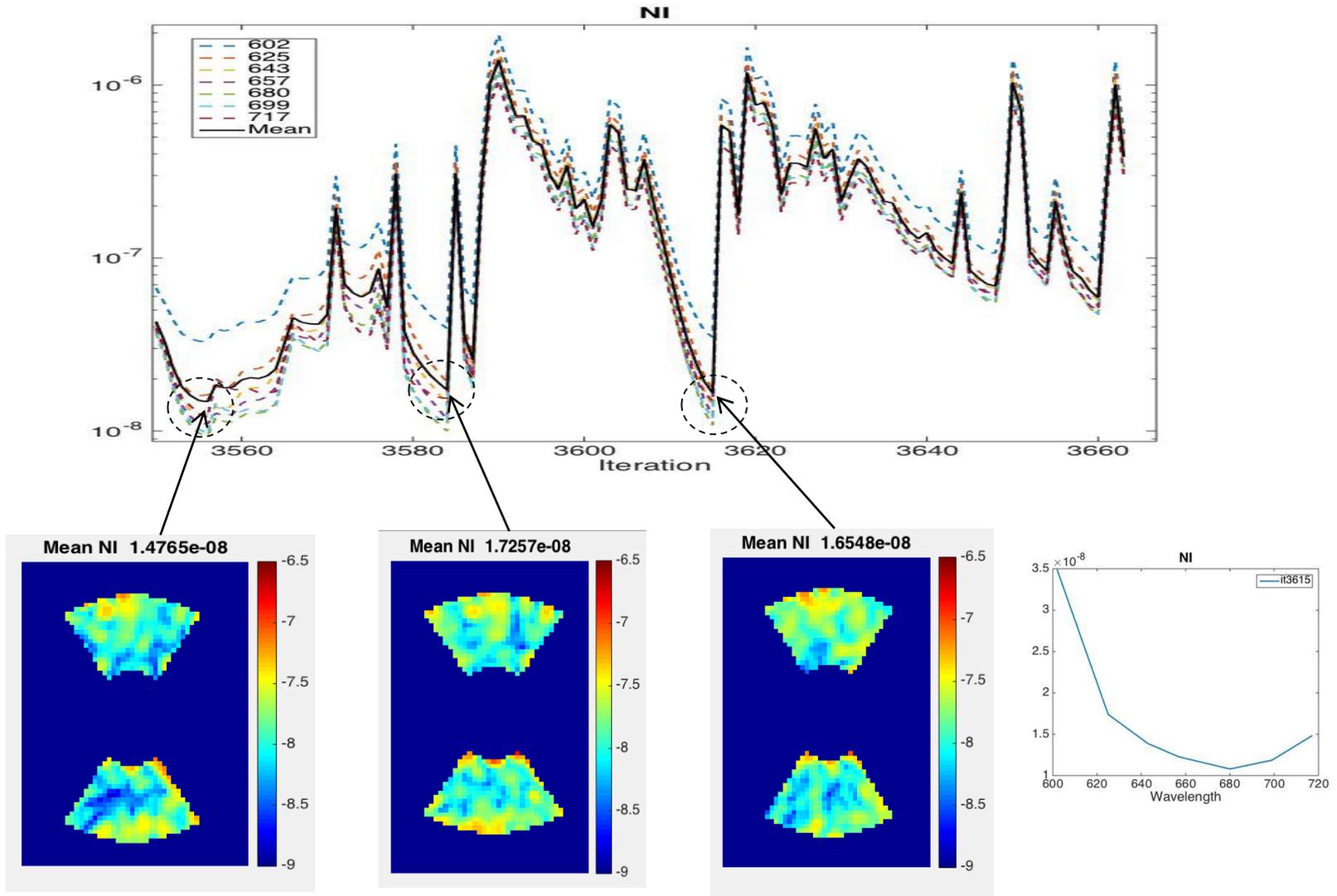
- Pupil errors are behind the SP mask.
- SP mask has small Low Order error.

Run Broad band 18%, IFS



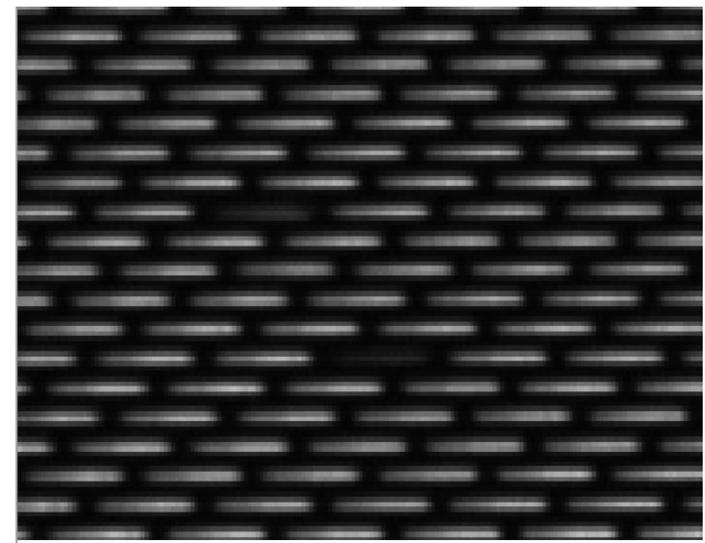
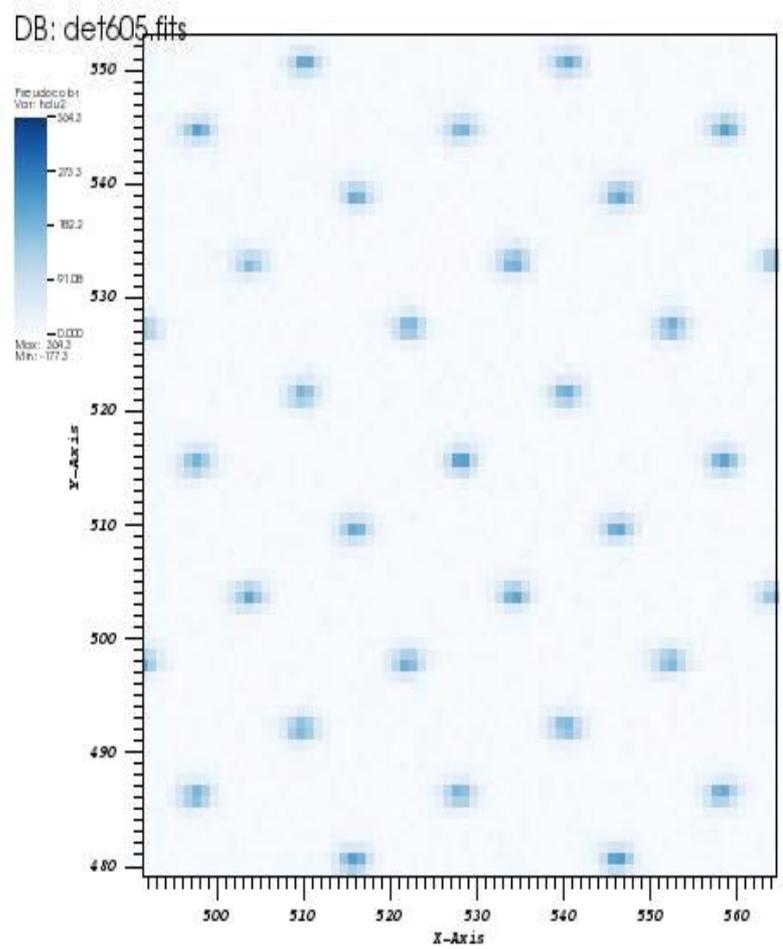
- 18% Control at 660nm
- Score: Two sides, 26 channels, 3-8 lam/D, 65°
- Control: Two sides, 7 channels, 2.5-9.5 lam/D, 75°
- PISCES optimal extraction

Full Run May 15, SPC_IFS



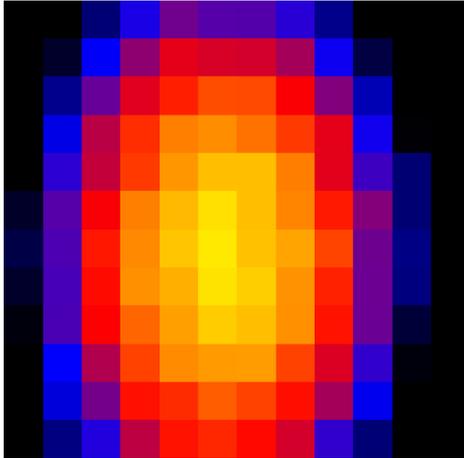
- 18% Control at 660nm

IFS (PISCES) Microspectrum



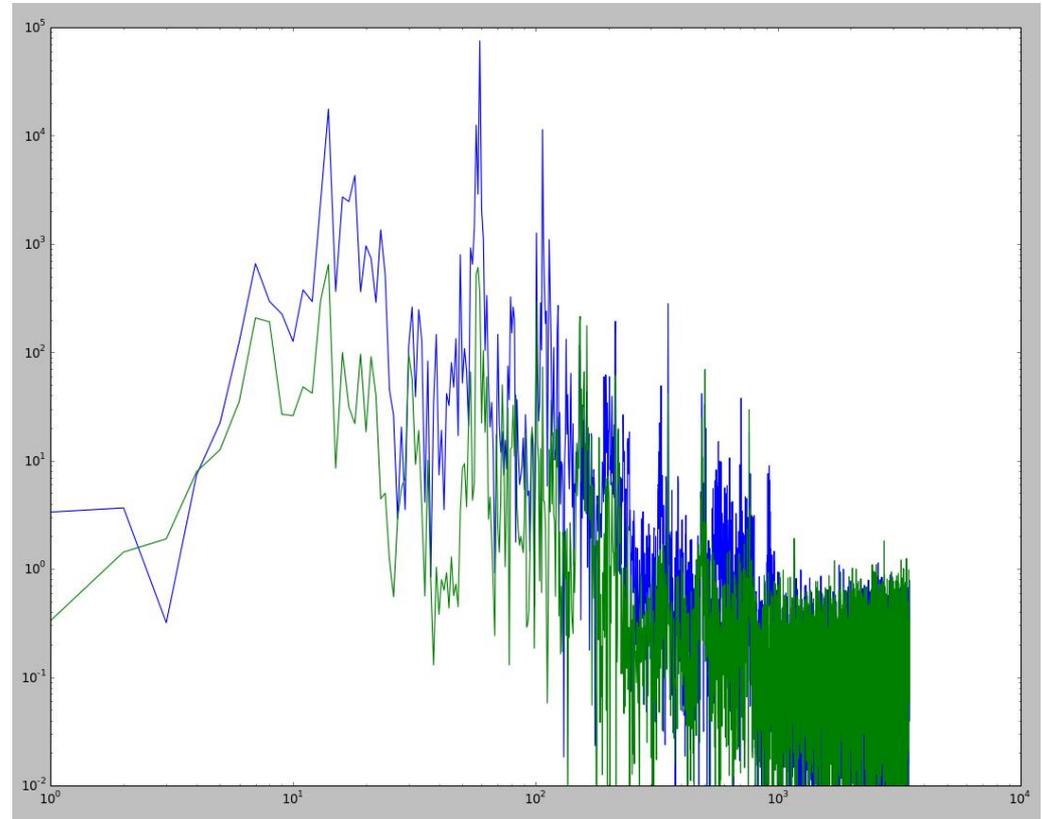
user: mlzco
Tue May 23 14:33:17 2017

Centroid



High speed image centroid is used to measure the testbed line of sight jitter

LoS Jitter PSD: unit = pixel



Jitter: (0.08,0.017) pixels rms