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Kalman filter terrestrial reference frame solutions based on time-variable process noise

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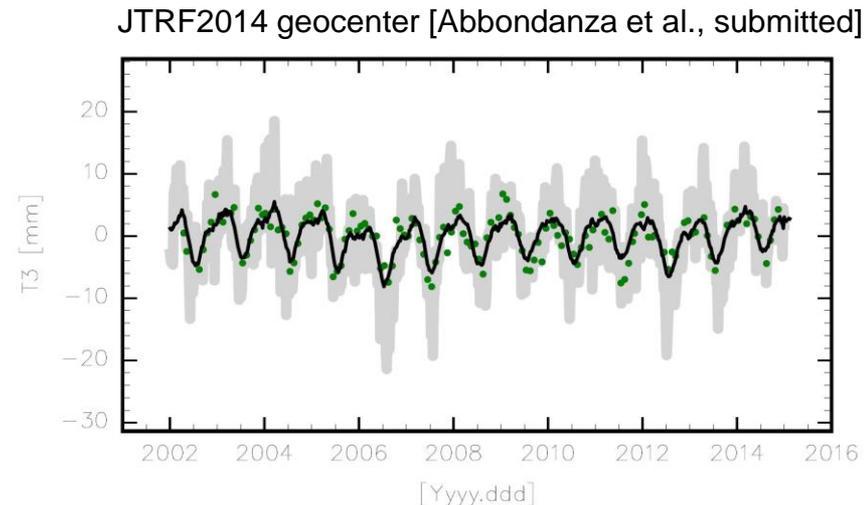
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Background

- **Kalman filtering** has become an established technique for the determination of terrestrial reference frames (TRF)
 - Example: JTRF2014 [Abbondanza et al., submitted]
- Time series realization → capture short-term variations
- Predictions by extrapolating the functional model
- **Process noise** controls temporal variability of station coordinates
- So far, process noise assumed to be station-dependent, but *constant over time*



Goals

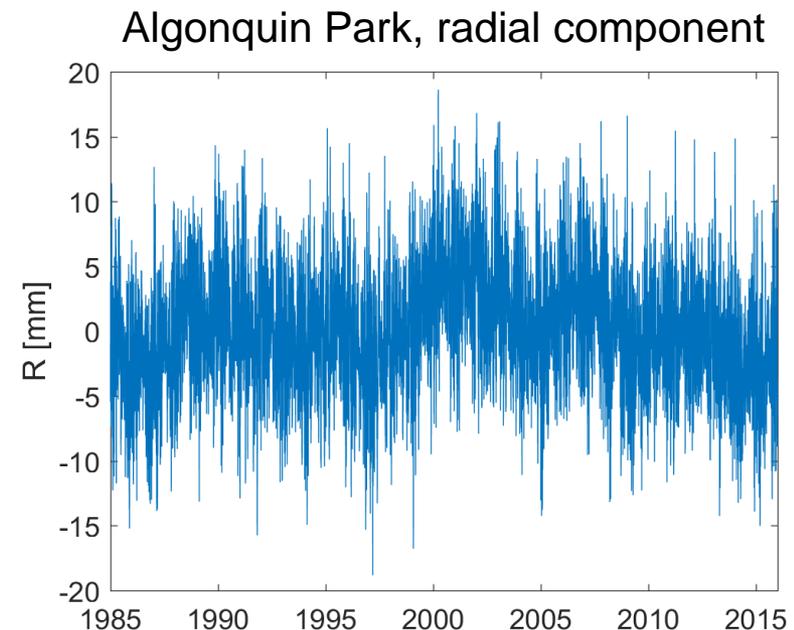
1. Derive process noise model with temporal variability
 - Monthly station-dependent process noise model
2. Study impact of this process noise model on TRF solutions
 - Here: VLBI TRF (VTRF)

Goals

1. **Derive process noise model with temporal variability**
 - **Monthly station-dependent process noise model**
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Process noise model

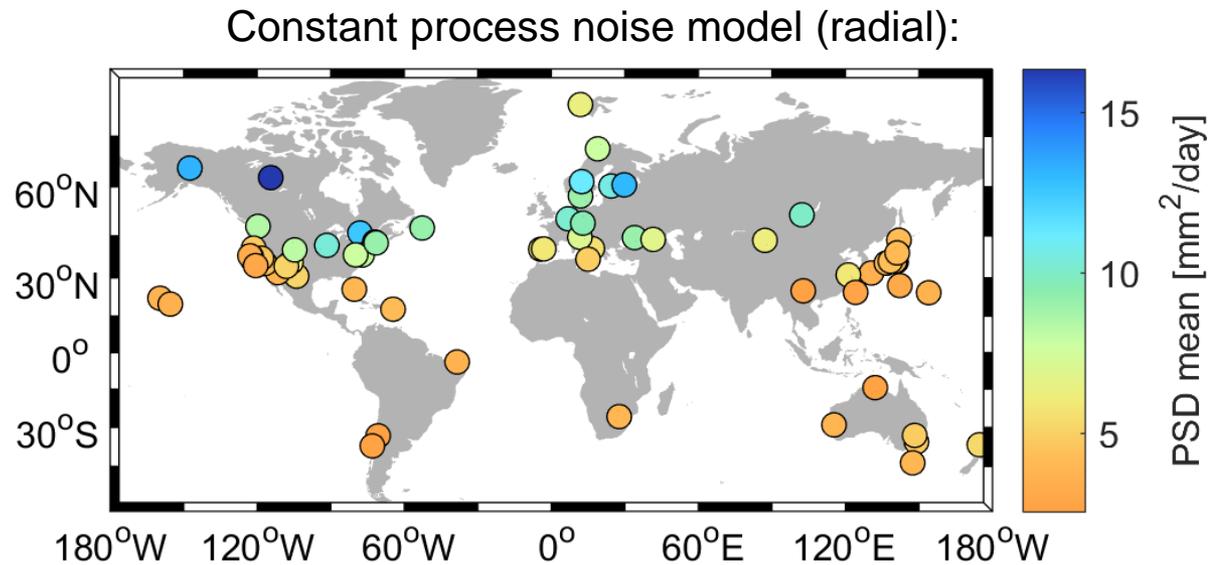
- Assumption: irregular station coordinate variations due to unmodeled non-tidal (NT) loading displacements
 - Atmosphere (NTAL), oceans (NTOL) & hydrology (HYDL)
- Time series of NTAL, NTOL & HYDL between 1985 – 2015
 - GFZ Potsdam loading models
 - Dill & Dobslaw, 2013
 - Temporal resolution 1 day
 - Sum of displacements calculated
 - Trend and seasonal signal removed (part of TRF coordinate model)



Constant process noise model

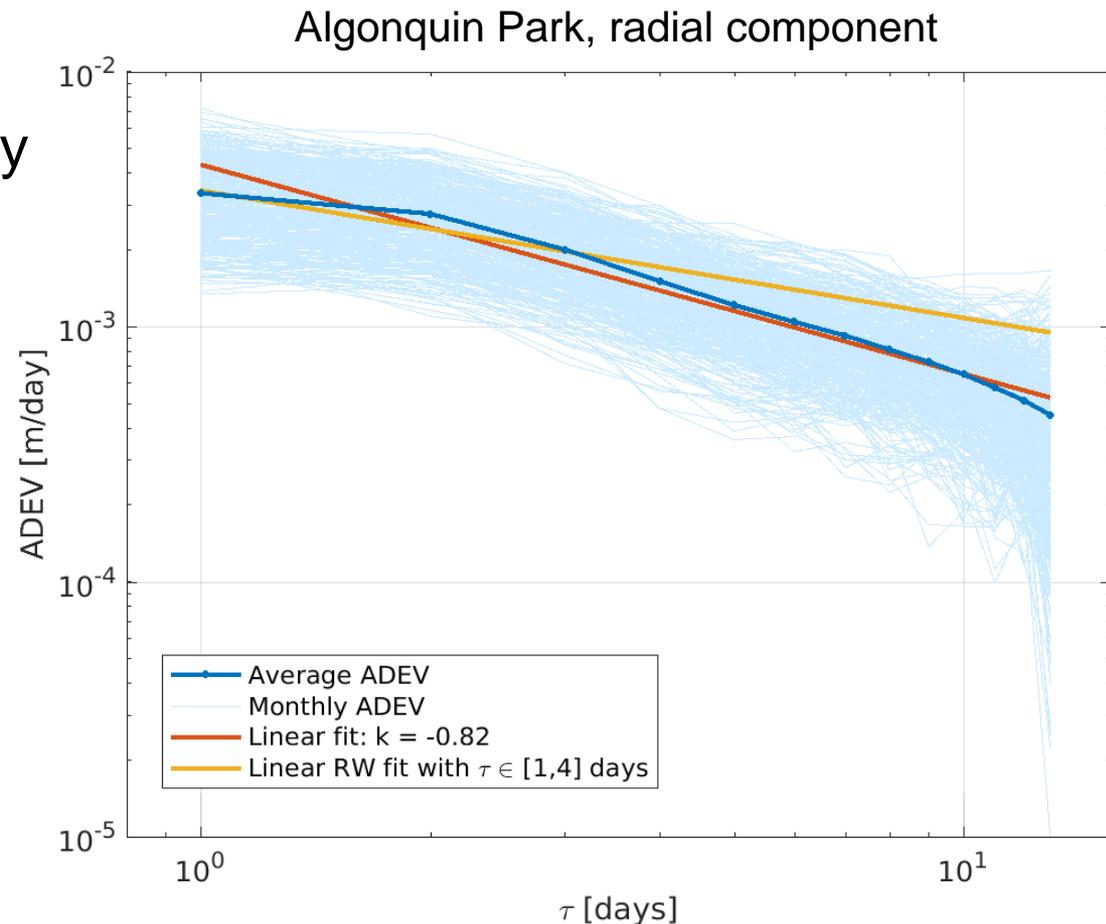
- Allan standard deviation (ADEV) for noise characterization
- Assuming random walk (RW) processes → computation of power spectral densities (PSD) of driving white noise

[Soja et al., 2016]



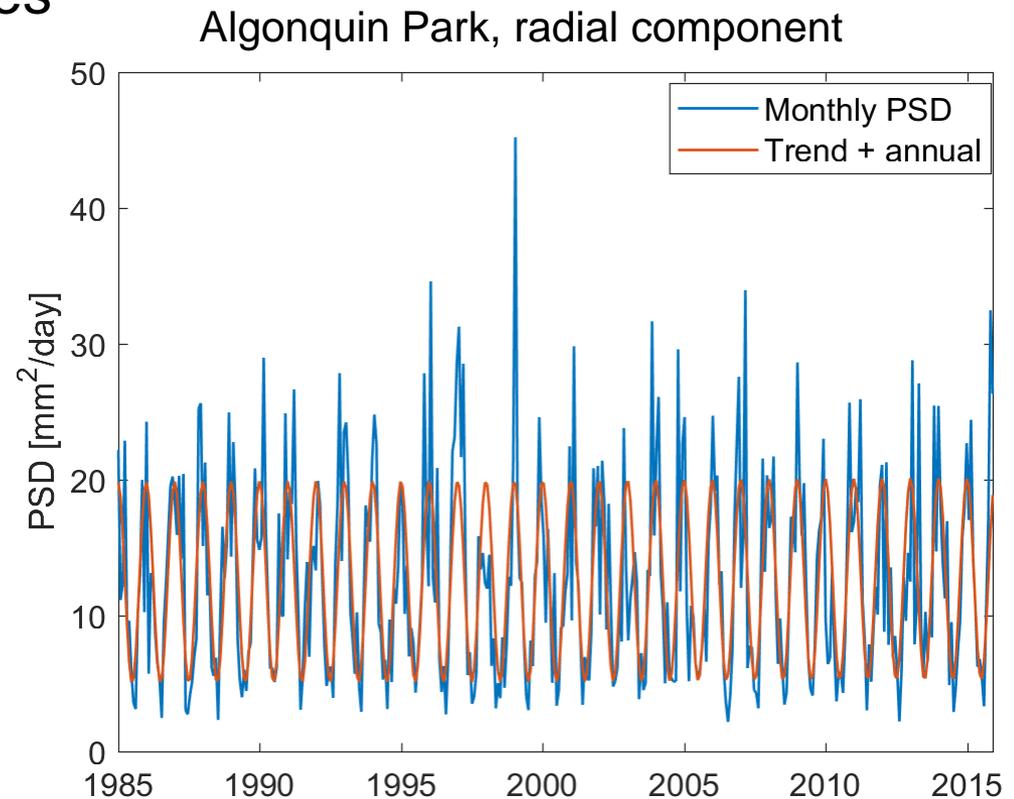
Monthly process noise model

- Split loading time series into monthly chunks
- Compute ADEV for every station and month



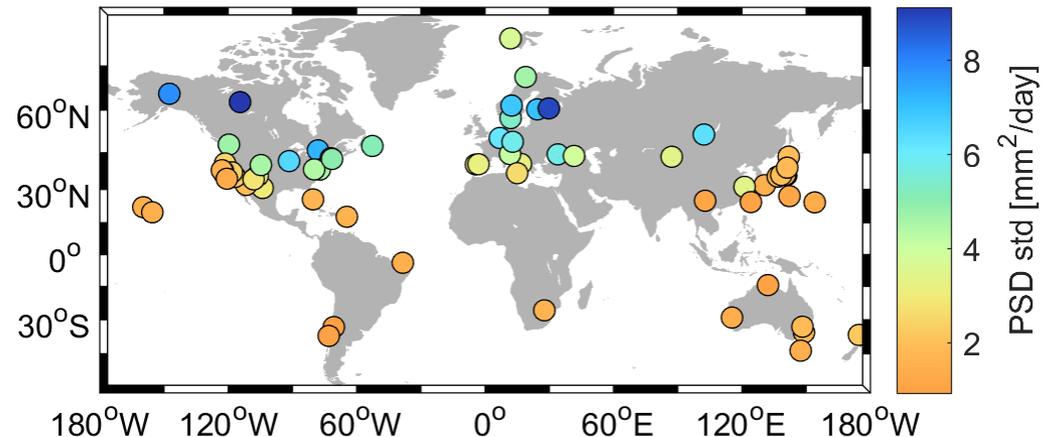
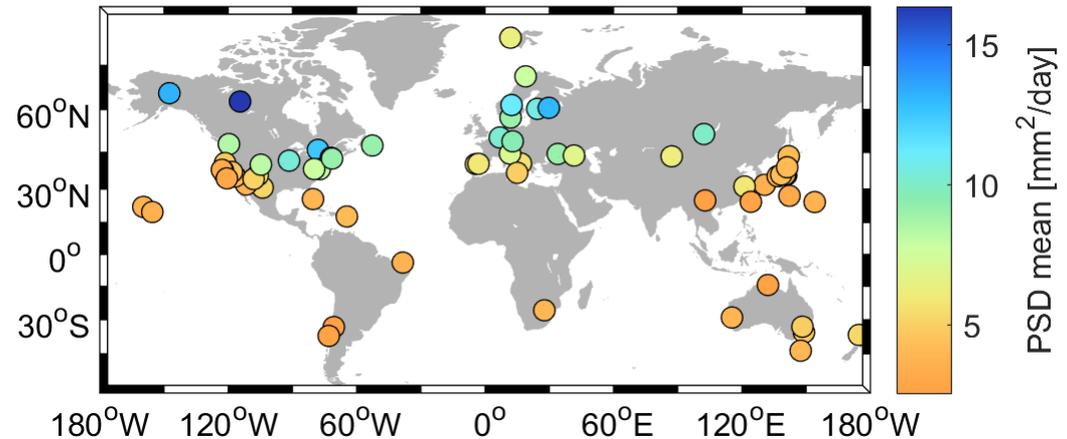
Monthly process noise model

- Estimate monthly PSD values for every station
- Fit trend and annual signal (not used in TRF computation)



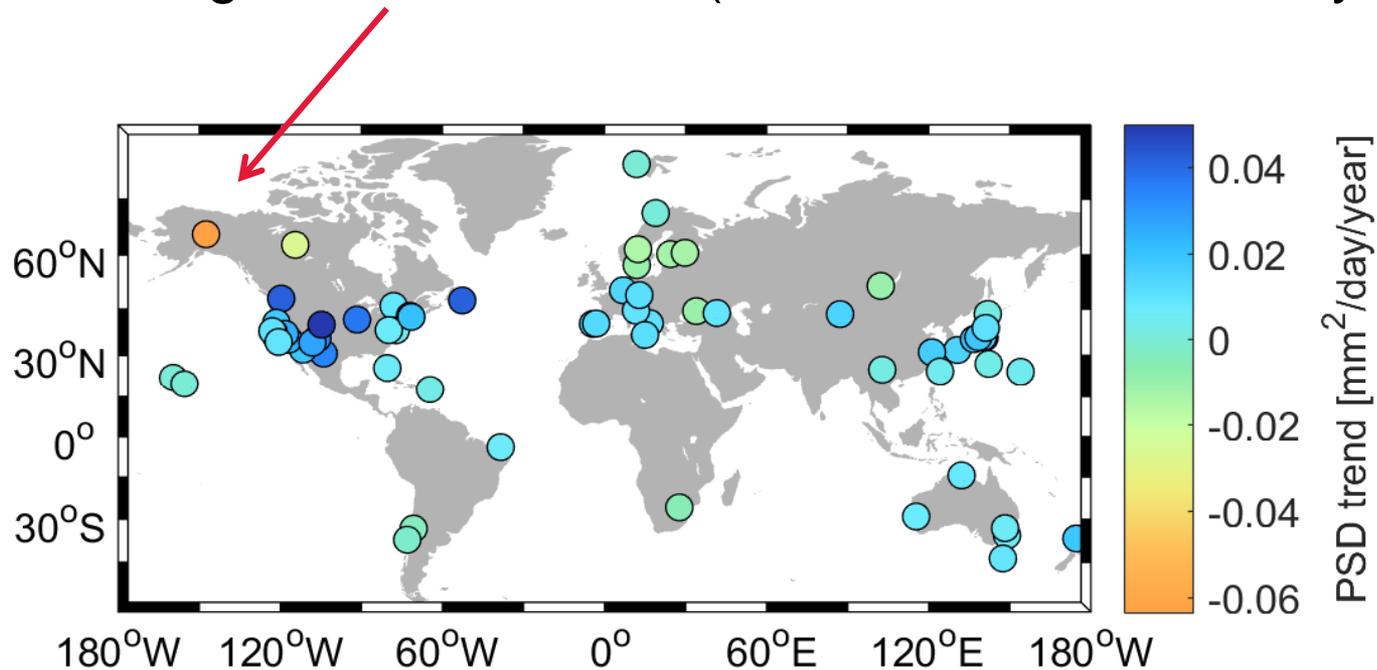
Mean and std. dev. of PSD time series

- **Mean PSD** larger for high latitudes (NTAL)
- Differences in PSD between individual stations: factor 4
- **Standard deviation** of monthly PSD shows same pattern as mean PSD



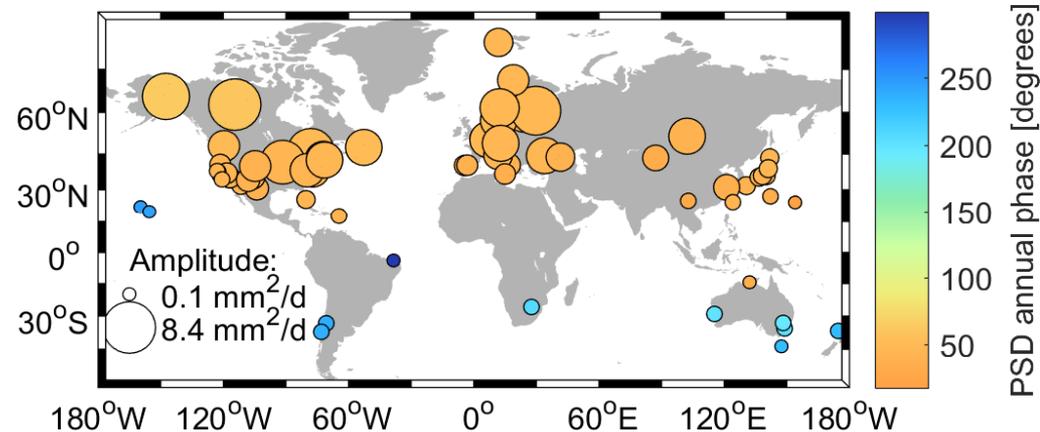
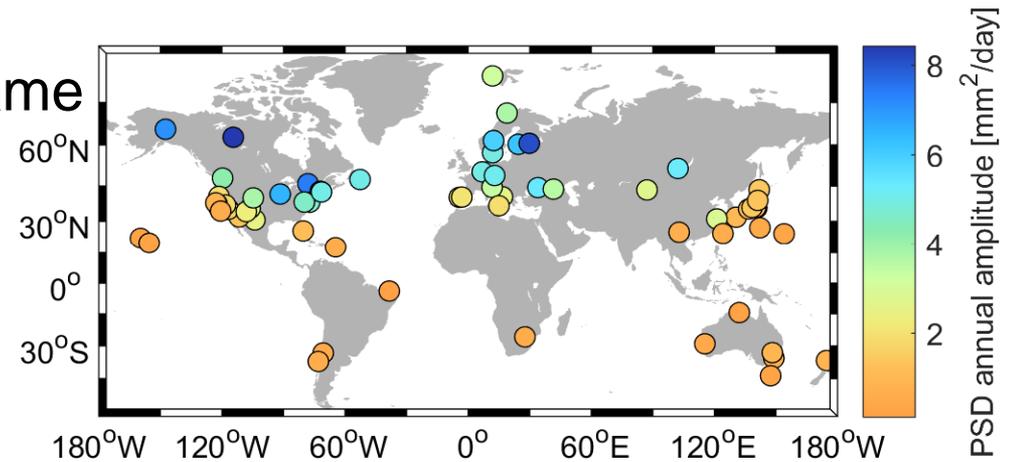
Trends in PSD time series

- On average: noise slightly increases over time
 - 0.01 mm²/day/year (5% change in noise over 31 years)
- Largest change: Gilmore Creek (10% reduction over 31 years)



Annual signals in PSD time series

- **Amplitude** pattern is the same as for mean and std. dev.
- Annual signals much more important than trend: on average 37% of average offset
- **Phase** is in line with seasons on different hemispheres



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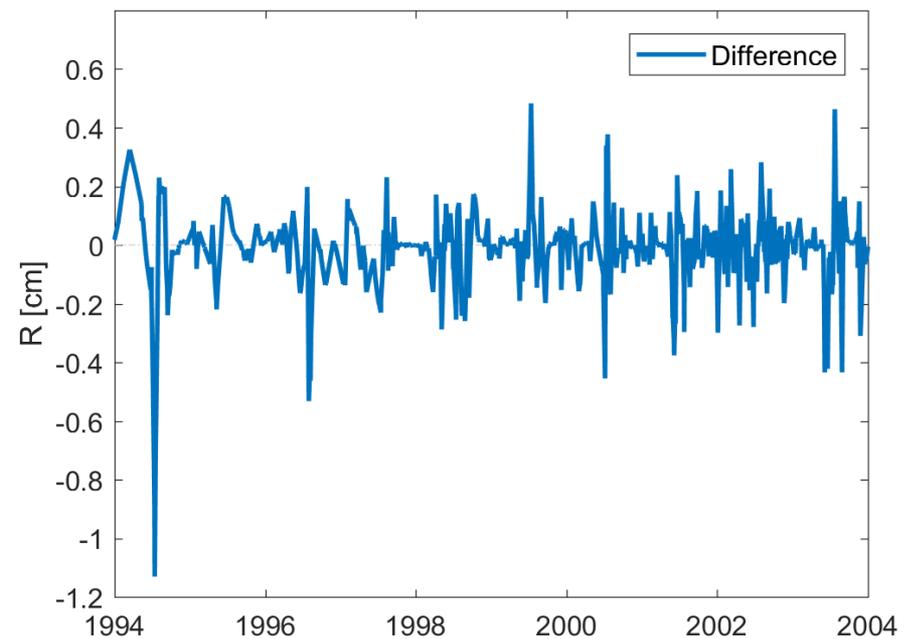
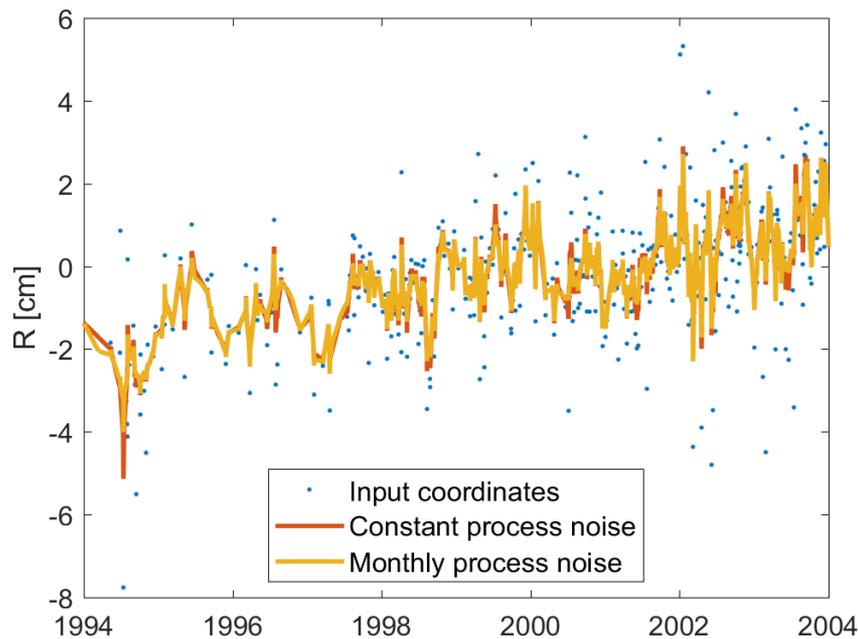
VLBI TRF solutions

- Kalman filter & smoother
- Coordinate model: linear (offset + velocity) & annual
- States updated for every VLBI session (usually every 1-4 days)
- Input data: 1985 – end of 2015
 - 3992 IVS VLBI sessions
 - 84 stations
 - Single session analysis with least-squares module of VieVS@GFZ, adhering to IERS Conventions 2010
- Output: filtered and smoothed time series of station coordinates and their covariances



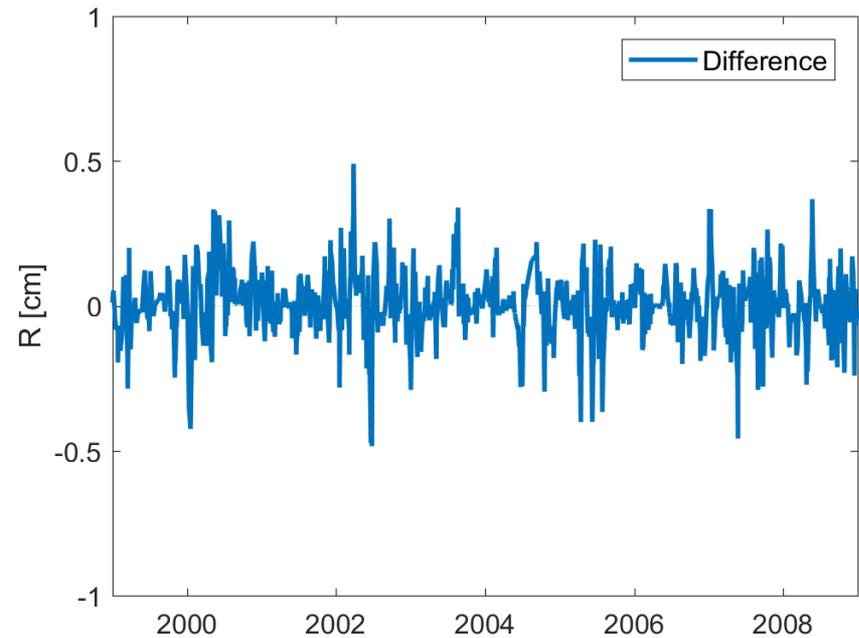
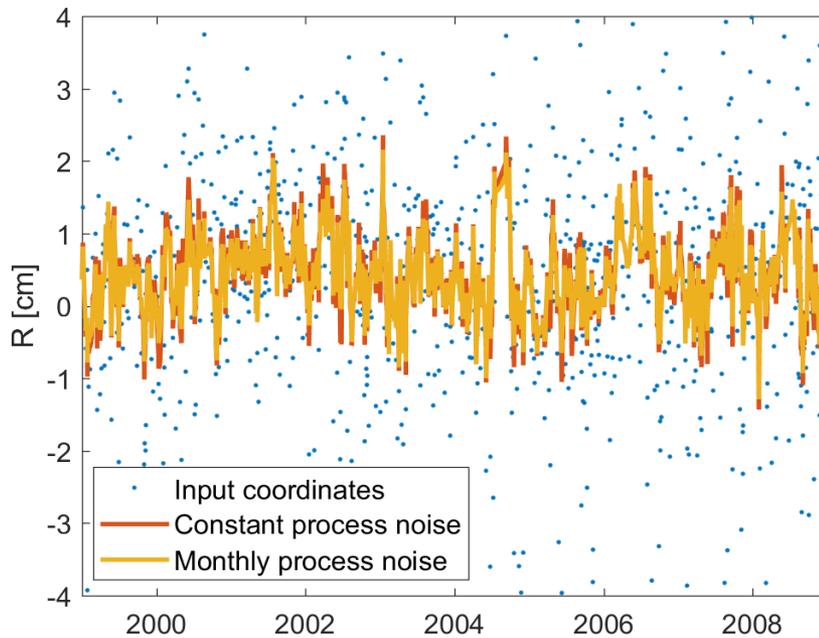
TRF solutions for Algonquin Park

- Comparison between TRFs based on constant and monthly process noise
- Algonquin Park: difference 0.1 mm on average, max. 1 cm



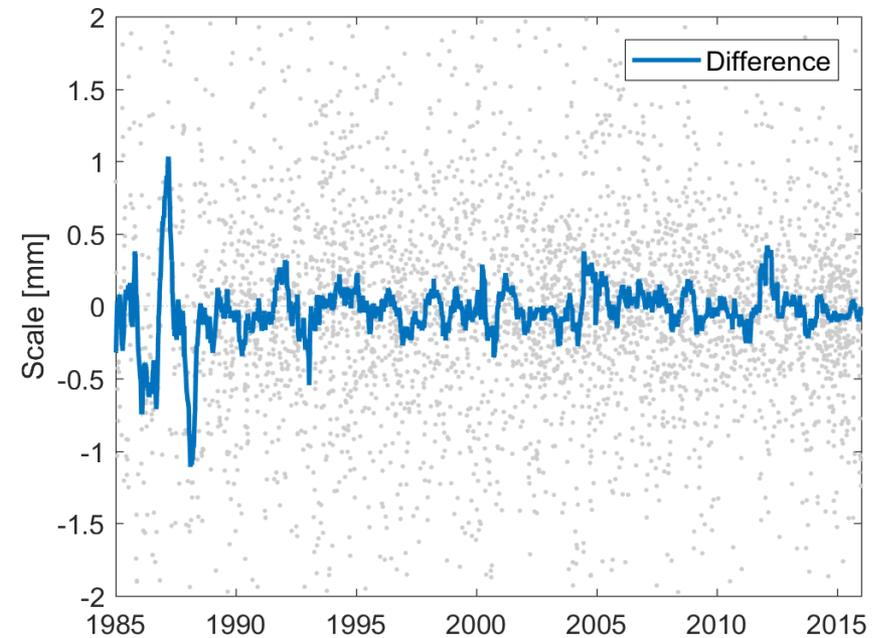
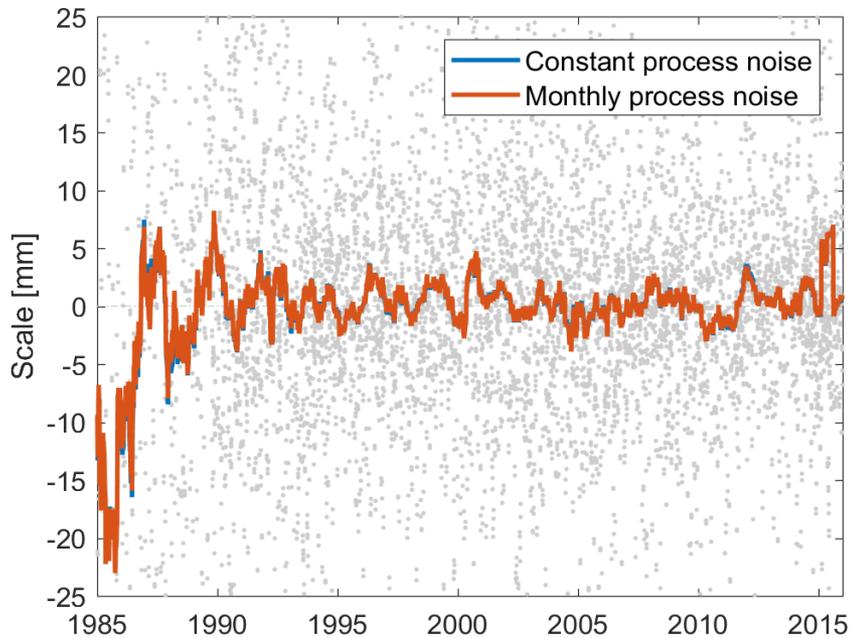
TRF solutions for Kokee Park

- Comparison between TRFs based on constant and monthly process noise
- Kokee Park: difference 0.1 mm on average, max. 5 mm



Network scale

- Scale from Helmert transformation between TRF coordinates and input coordinates
- Difference: 0.02 mm on average, 9 mm maximum



Grey dots: scale per session, colored lines: 180-day moving average

Network scale

Scale [mm]	WMEAN	WRMS
Constant PSD	0.10	9.26
Monthly PSD	0.12	9.27
Difference	0.02	0.01

- WRMS of residuals of Helmert transformation
 - Average over all stations

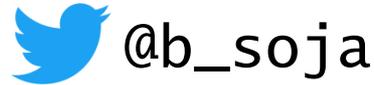
WRMS [mm]	R	E	N	3D
Constant PSD	4.19	2.31	2.60	5.85
Monthly PSD	4.21	2.32	2.64	5.88
Difference	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.03

Conclusions

- **Kalman filter TRF** solution with **monthly process noise** model based on loading displacements
- Time series of process noise values:
 - Noise, noise variability & annual amplitudes larger in higher latitudes (NTAL dominated)
 - On average, noise slightly increases over time
 - Seasonal signals much larger than trend
- TRF coordinates differ by **up to 1 cm** between solutions with monthly and constant process noise models
- **Average effect** on TRF coordinates at the **level of 0.01 mm**

Thanks for your attention!

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VLBI data: IVS (Nothnagel et al., 2015)

Loading models: GFZ Potsdam

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