

MBSE FOR A PRODUCT LINE: MOS 2.0

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JPL, Caltech
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Outline

- Context for Mission Operations Systems
- Approaches
 - Architectural
 - Model-based
- Examples
- Insights



Context

- AMMOS
 - Advanced Multi-Mission Operations System
 - Product line: Adaptable tools and services
 - Cost advantage to Missions & NASA
 - “Why re-invent the wheel?”
- Ops Revitalization Initiative
 - Enhance, extend multi-mission Ops and associated savings
- MOS 2.0
 - The Next-Generation MOS



Context

- Pressure to lower costs
- Missions want more
 - Capability (they're more complex)
 - Flexibility (unique needs to meet)
- AMMOS is modernizing
 - Architecture is 40+ years old
 - Has evolved organically
 - Multiple, localized improvement efforts, no “magic bullet”



Approach

- Establish scope, execute trades
 - Goals and Objectives, system lifecycle
 - Key trades:
 - architecture standards (DODAF, RASDS, IEEE-1471)
 - modeling tools (EA, MagicDraw)
- Use an architectural mindset
 - Components, connections, constraints
 - Separation of concerns
 - Identification of fundamental patterns
 - Stakeholder Engagement



Method

- Elicit Input from Stakeholders and SMEs
 - Variety of expertise and experience
- Discover Patterns from input
 - Discover similarity out of varying perspectives
- Identify Formal Concepts
 - Create Detailed Model of Pattern
- Incorporate into Framework
 - Integrate the concepts into whole framework
- Implement Multi-Mission System
 - Utilize framework to build multi-mission system
- Implement Mission-specific adaptation
 - Deploy multi-mission System for a Mission



Architectural Concepts Identified

- Timelines
- Control System
- Process
- Capabilities offered According to Agreements (Services)
- Queue System (Poisson Process)
- Standardized Design Specs
- **Key Point**
 - Each has a value proposition that supports the overall business case



Use of modeling

- More rigorous capture of intent, specs.
 - SysML v. English
- Explicit, standard specifications
 - Vs. shared implicit (inconsistent) understanding by individuals
- Single authoritative source of design information
 - “Which version of the document is it? When was this updated last?”



Use of modeling

- Ability to automate
 - “Pushbutton” document publication
 - Leverage design patterns, automate modeling of common elements.
- Increased ability to manage complexity
 - Connections between model elements can be queried; are never forgotten
- Tighter coupling between design intent and implementation
 - e.g., Timelines specified in SysML automatically transformed to schema in a repository for use in software



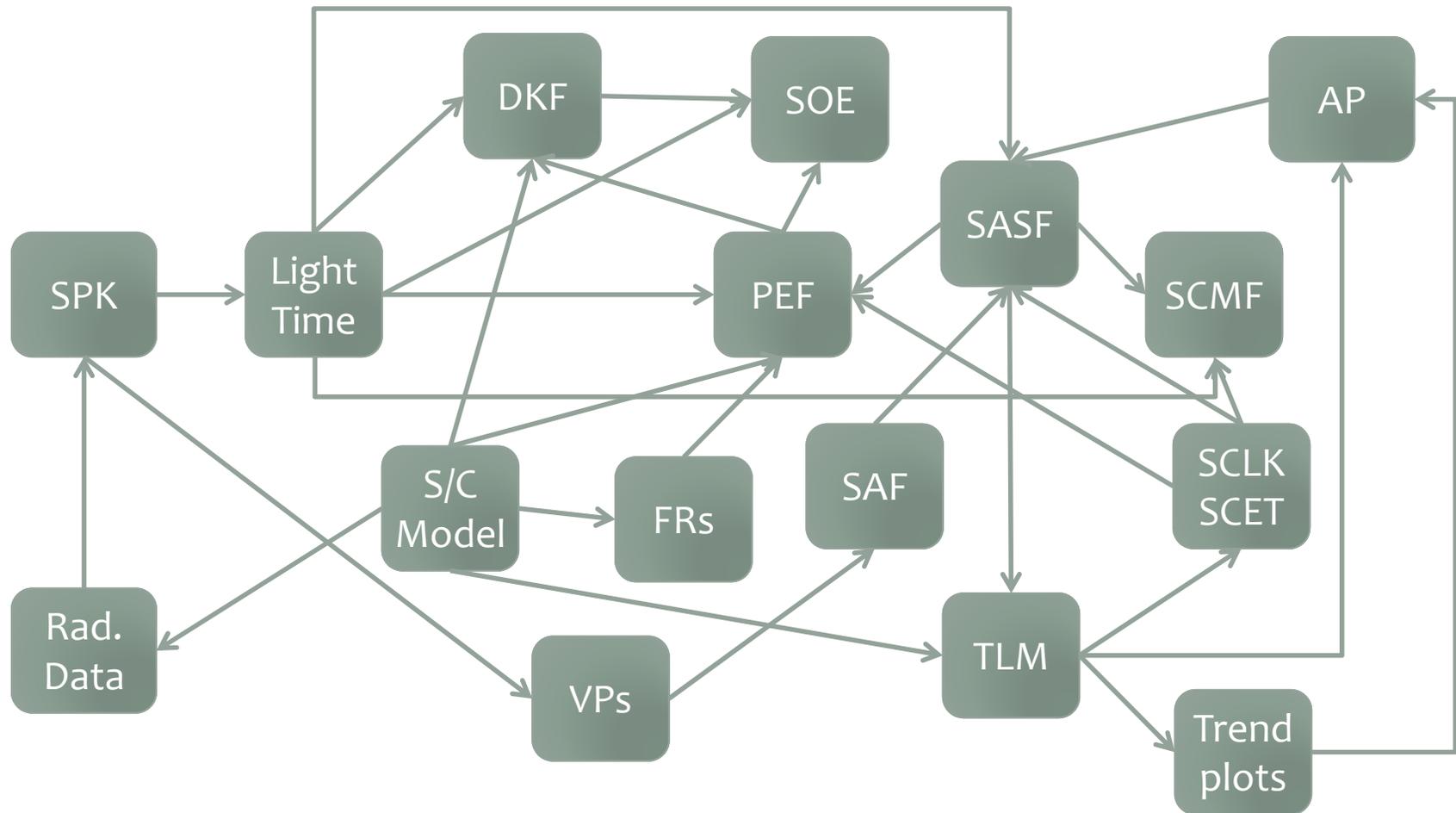
EXAMPLES

Timelines
Control System
Services

} Synthesis

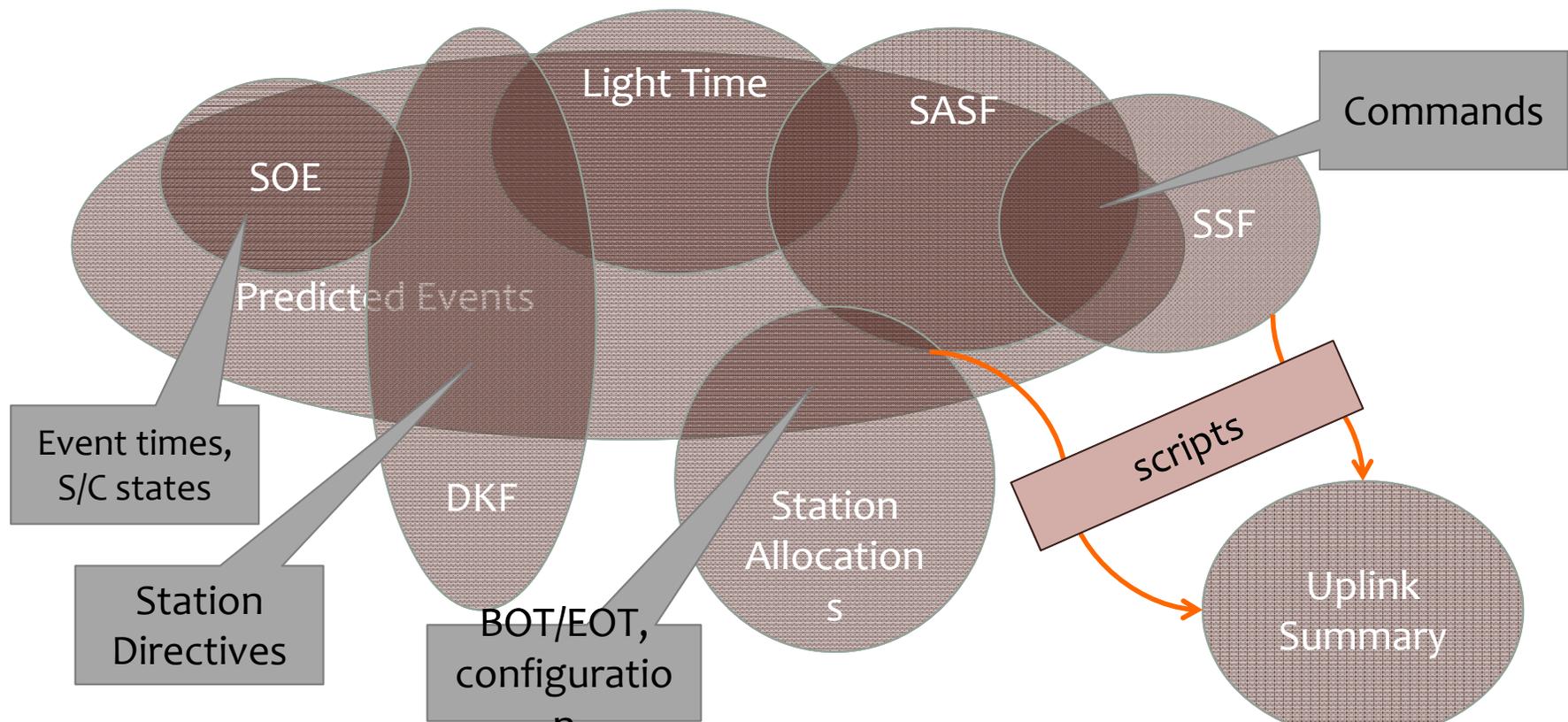


Elicit: File-based Information

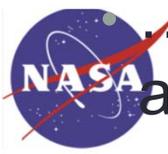


Elicit: Duplication of Information

- Current MOS products have duplicate information

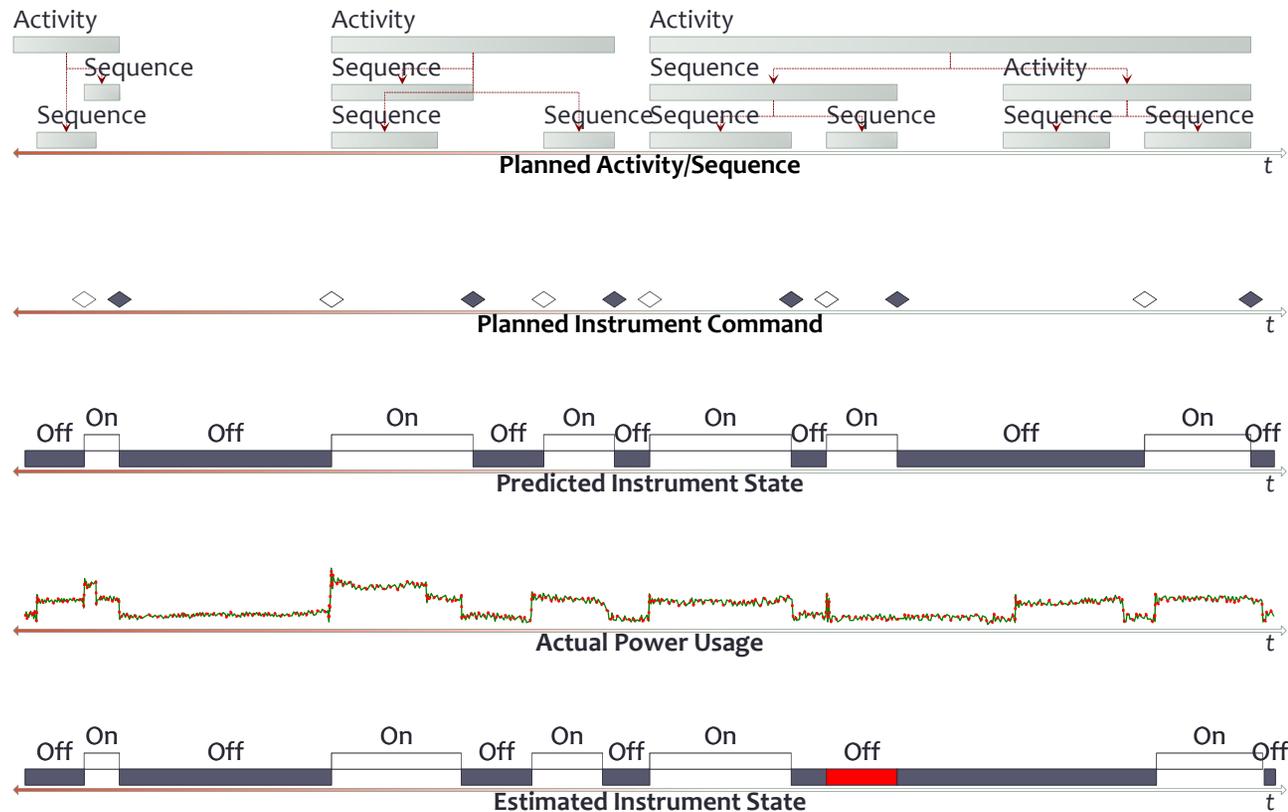


...and when information is not directly available it is made available via custom scripts

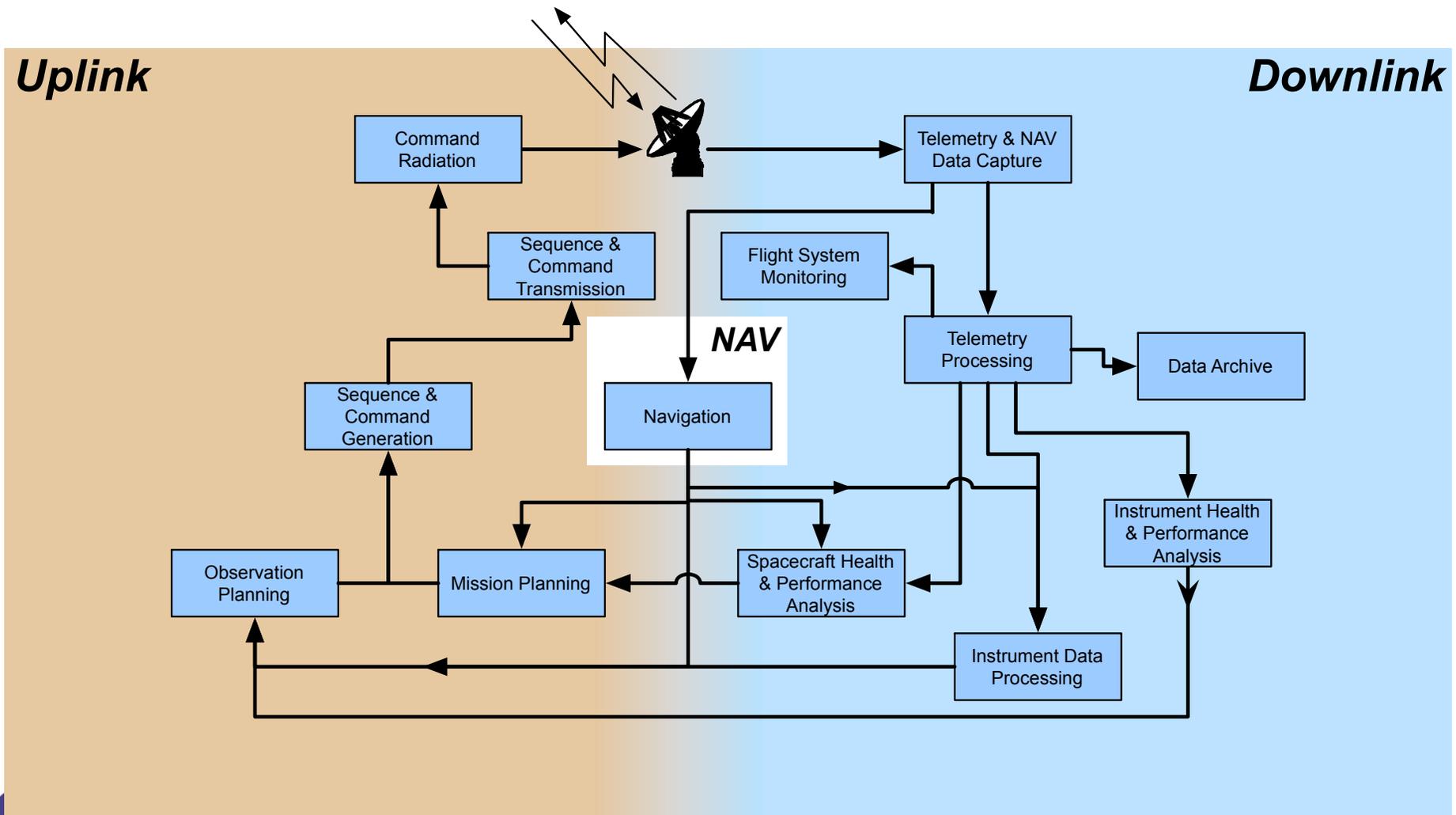


Discovery: Timelines

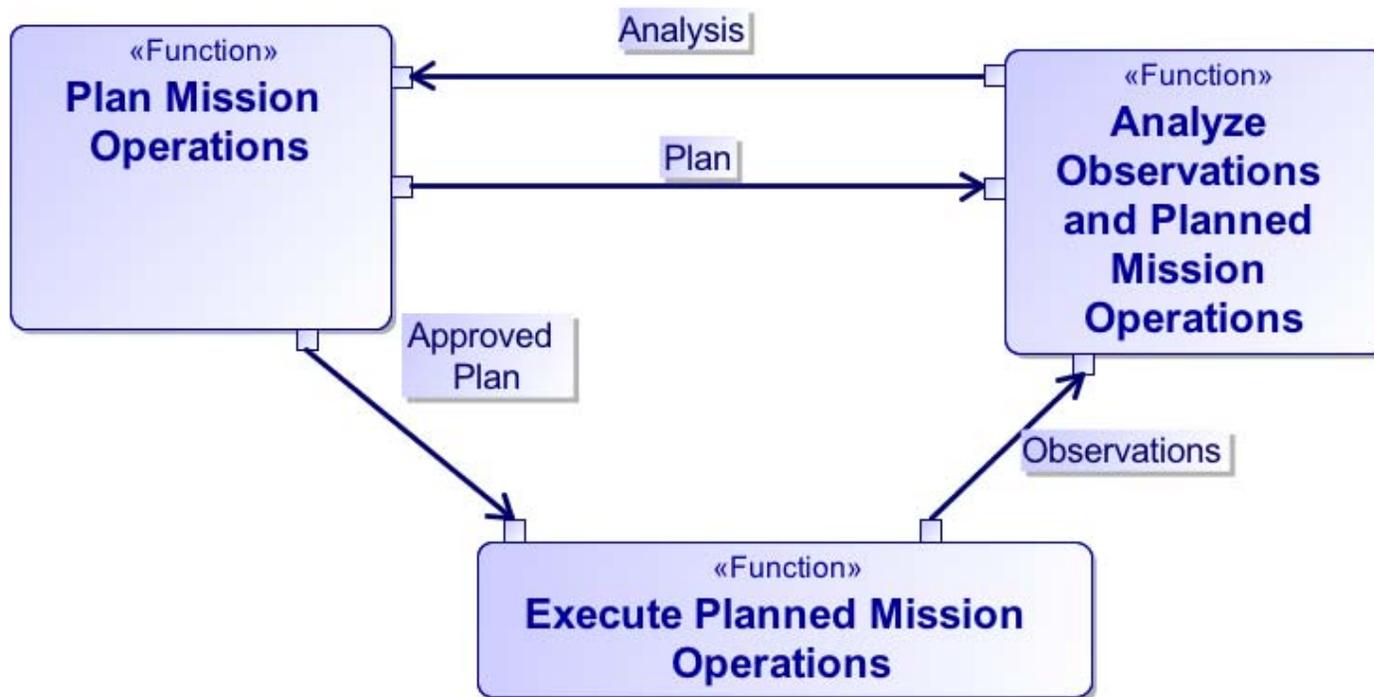
- Planned Activity Timelines
- Planned Command Timelines
- Predicted State Timelines
- Telemetry Timelines
- Inferred State Timelines
- ...



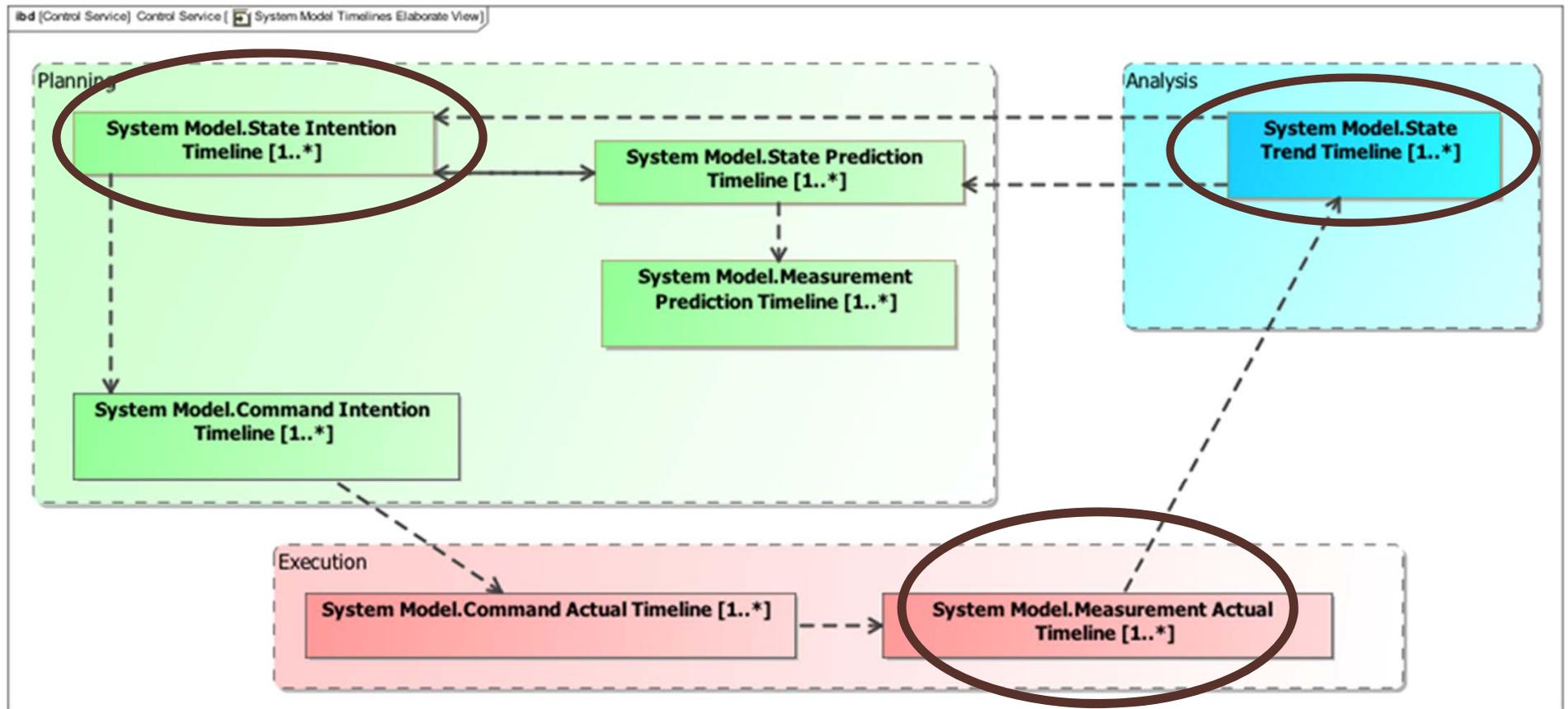
Elicit: MOS does Uplink & Downlink



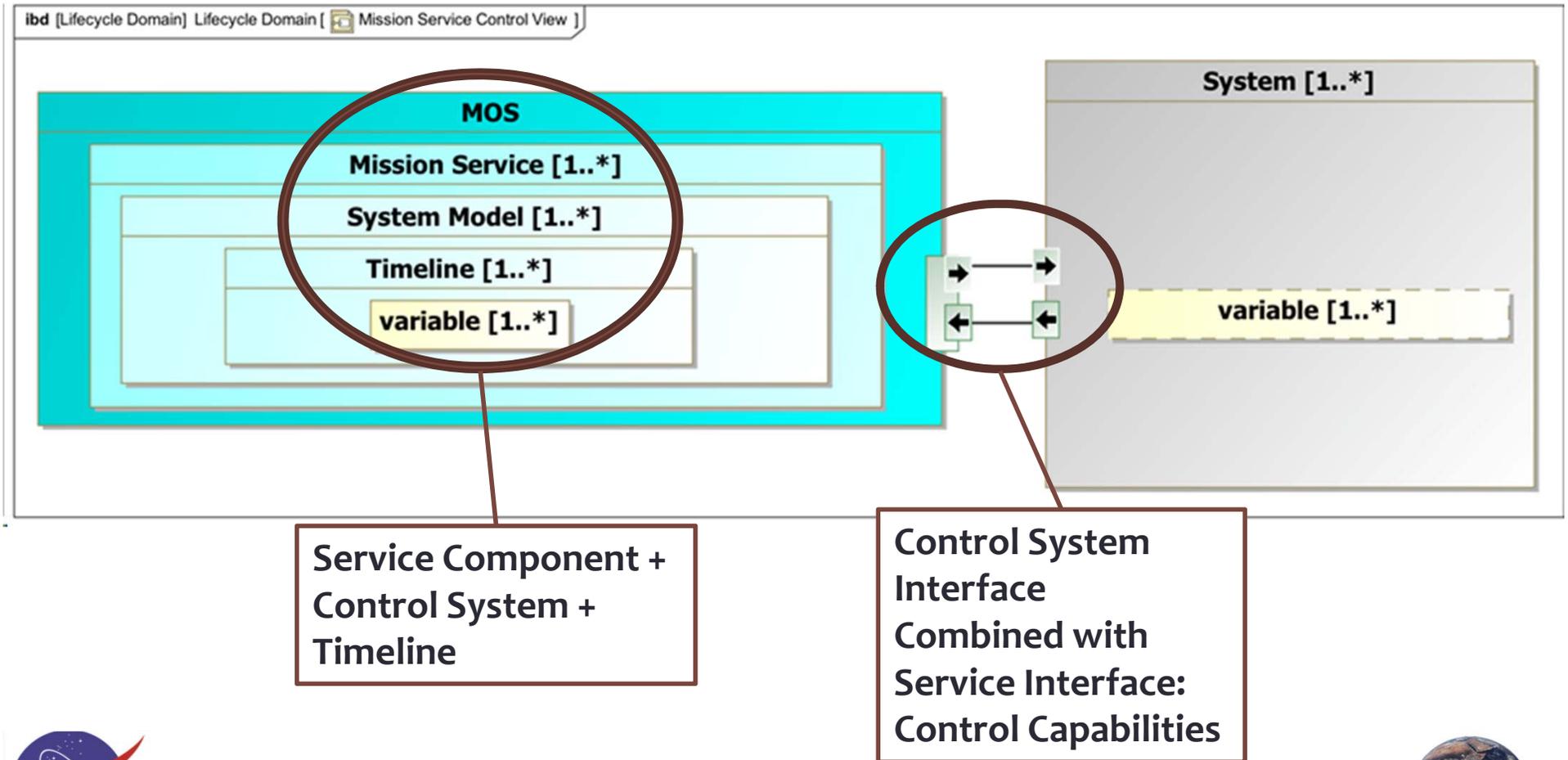
Discovery: MOS Controls the Mission



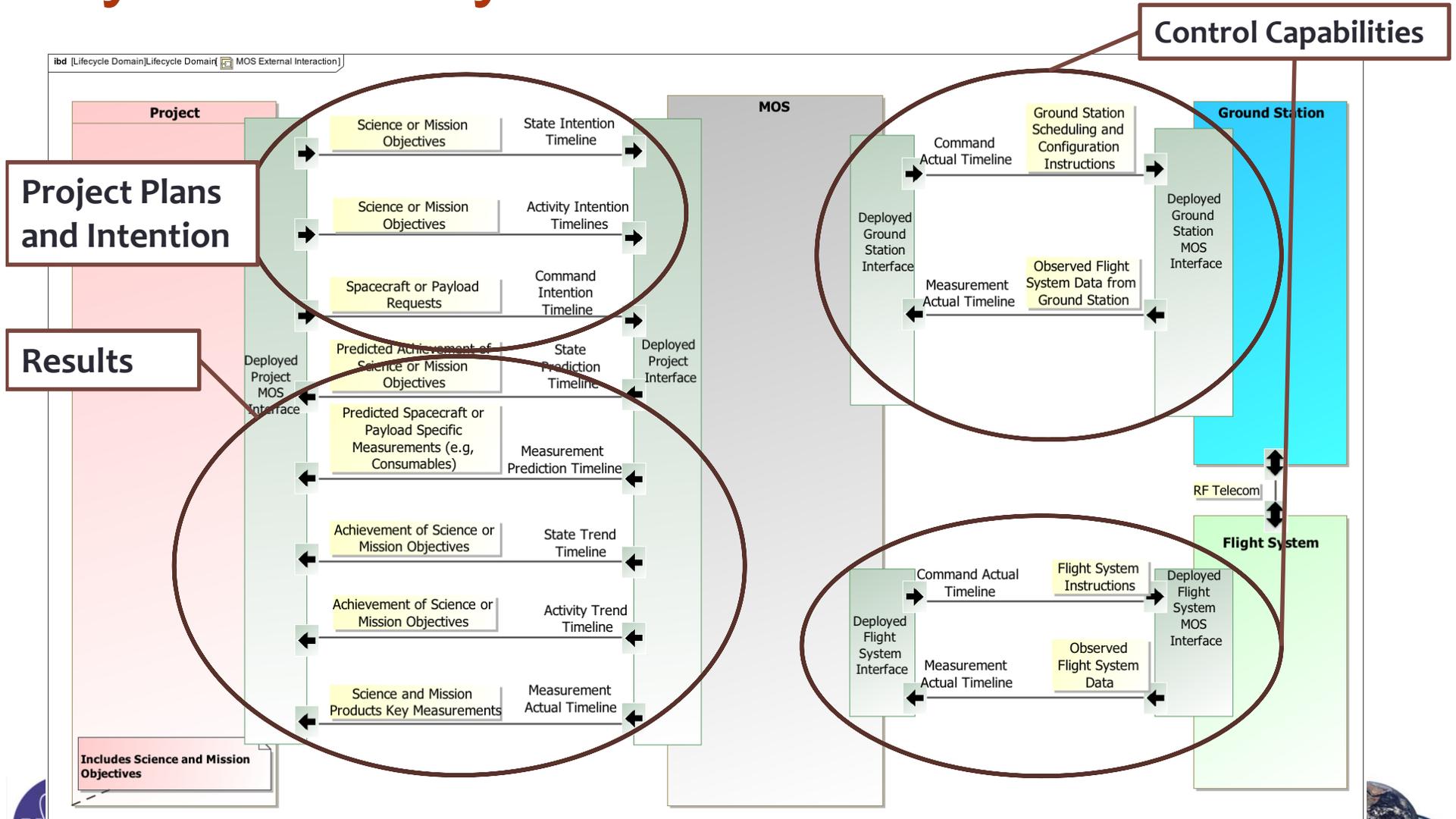
Synthesis: Control Oriented Timelines



Synthesis: Control as Service



Synthesis: System Framework



Issues and Challenges for MBSE

- Culture – inertia and skepticism
- Need for advocacy and support
- Hard to scope & estimate work
- Methods, tools, standards evolve (fast)
- Infrastructure is needed
 - DocGen/DocWeb have been vital for OpsRev
 - MagicDraw servers, licenses
- Trained modelers



Lessons & Best Practices

- Understand the problem first
- Know and keep working your value proposition(s)
 - Never quit advocating. Consider it part of your scope of work.
- Prototype, demo early and often
 - You must show value to your sponsors
- Build communities of practice
- Build stakeholder community



Lessons & Best Practices

- Find evolutionary paths from As-Is to To-Be
 - And know when you need to deprecate
- Leverage standards
 - Industry (SysML, UML, IEEE-1471...)
 - Your institution (e.g., JPL – Gate Transition Products)
- Think early about model organization & CM
 - It will evolve, but you need a plan
- Document and follow processes
 - We built a process for stakeholder engagement
- Be able to speak in stakeholder language



Summary

- MBSE has potential to generate efficiencies in all phases of Projects and throughout lifecycle of product lines
 - Major productivity gains are still low-hanging fruit.
- Rigor of modeling can yield clarity and new solutions to old problems
- Cultural issues are at least as important as the technical ones



Backup

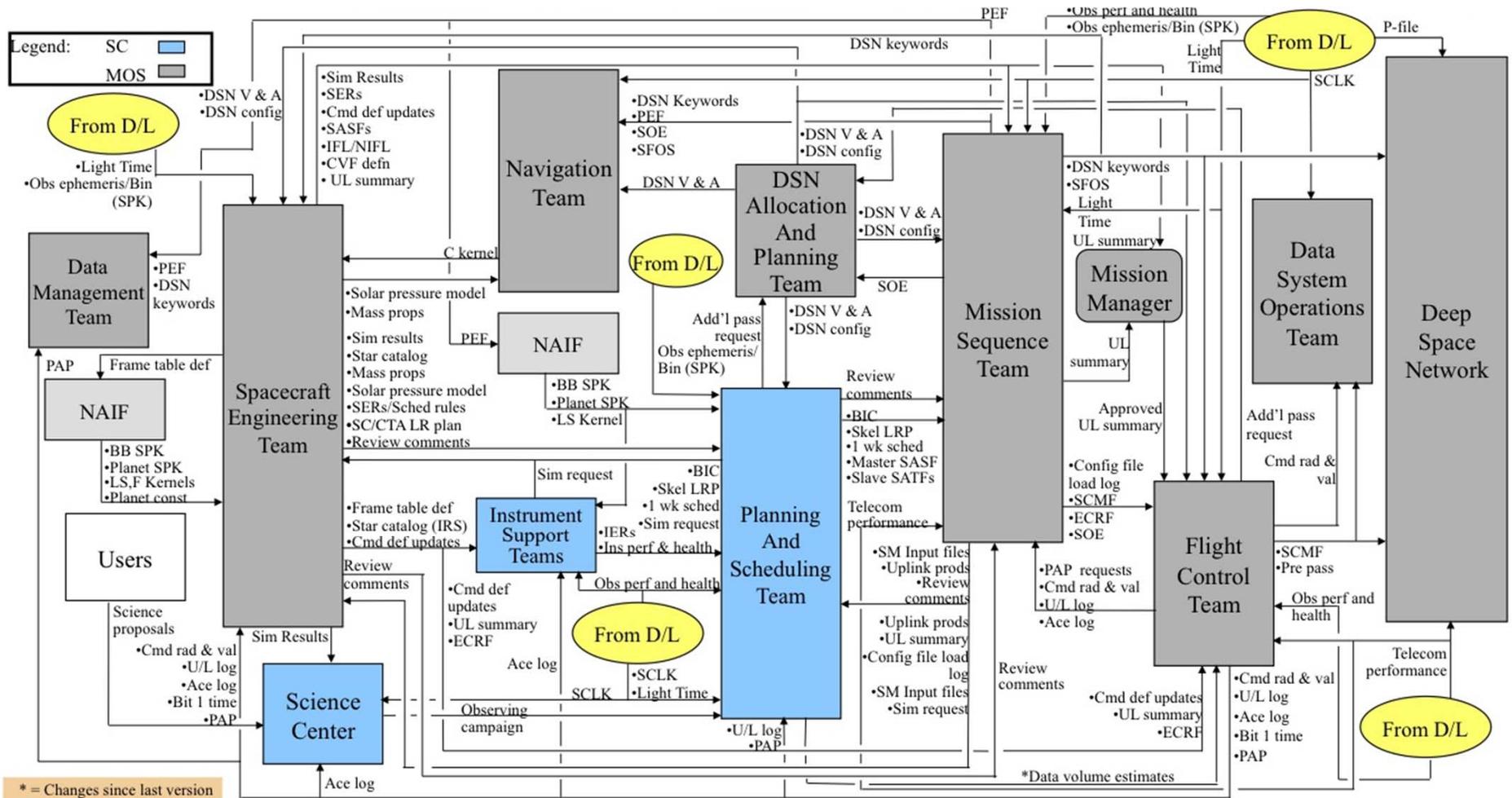


Implications of MOS 2.0

- Goals-based operations
 - Support for onboard autonomy
- Develop with what you fly with
 - Rapid-prototyping approach to development
- Paths to automation
 - Facilitate “lights-out” operations
- Paths to autonomy
 - Ability to transfer function from ground to flight vehicle



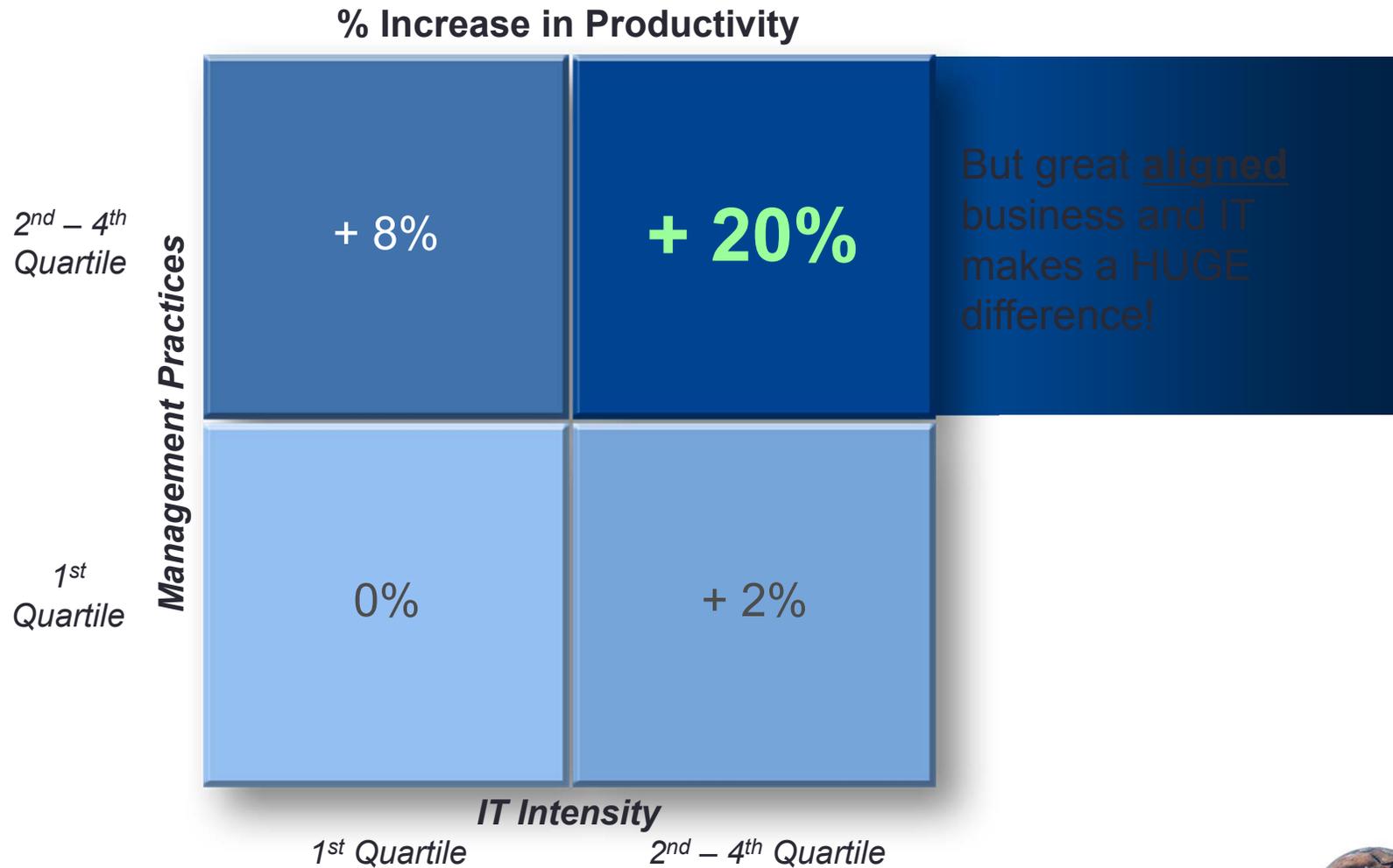
Opportunities to Improve



* = Changes since last version



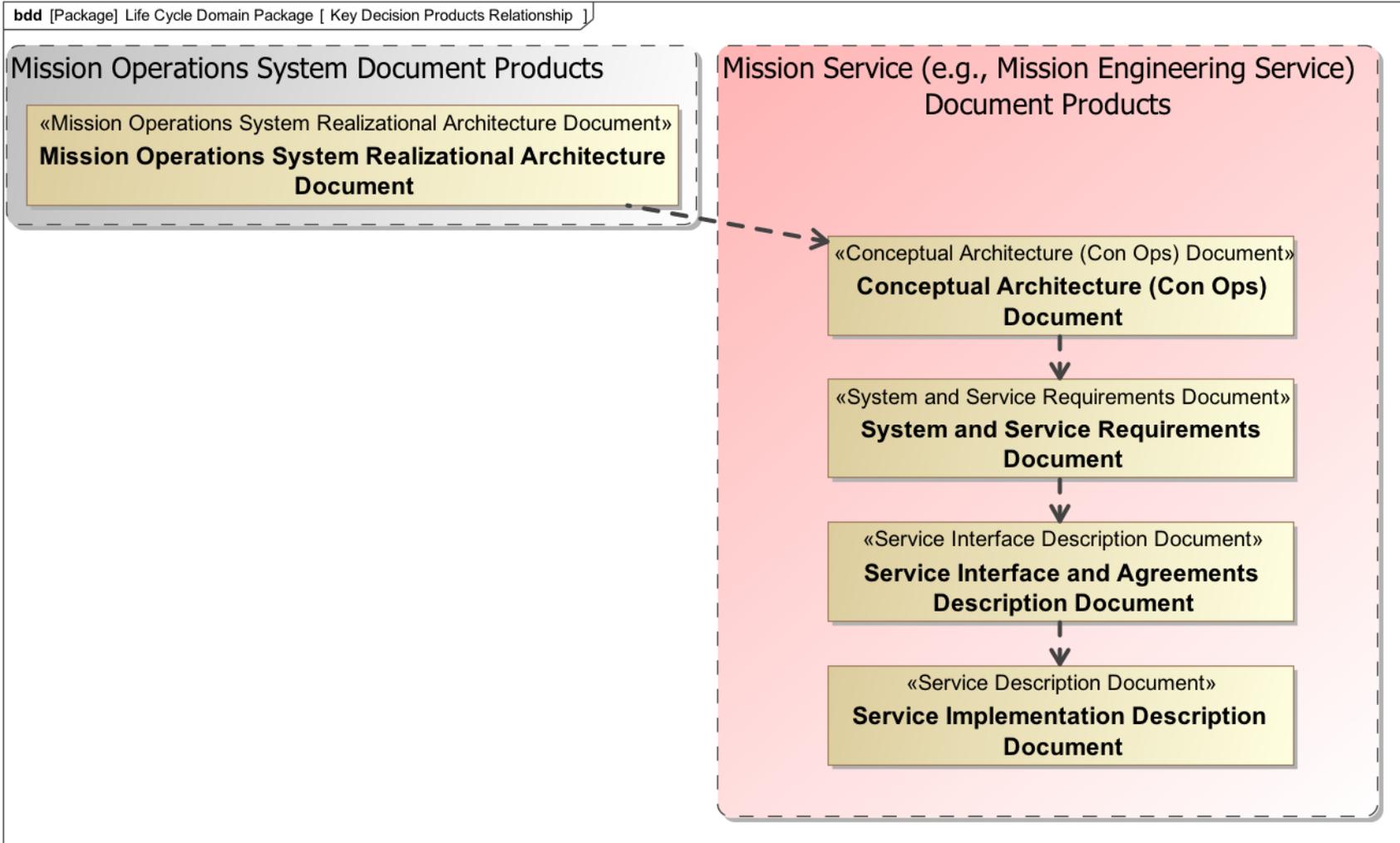
Business Case: IT-Process Alignment



Source: London School of Economics – McKinsey survey and analysis of 100 companies in France, Germany, UK and US

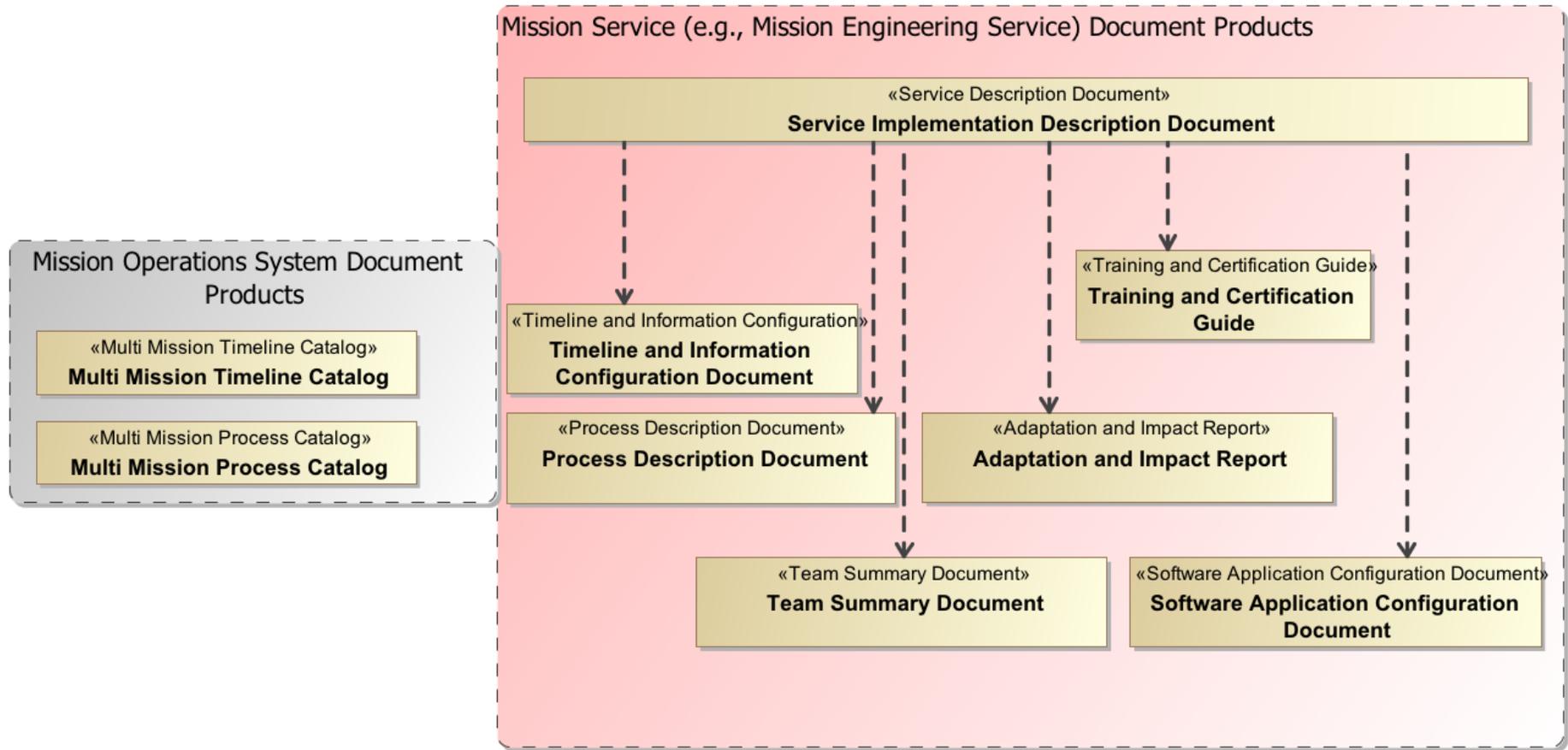


Architecture Products

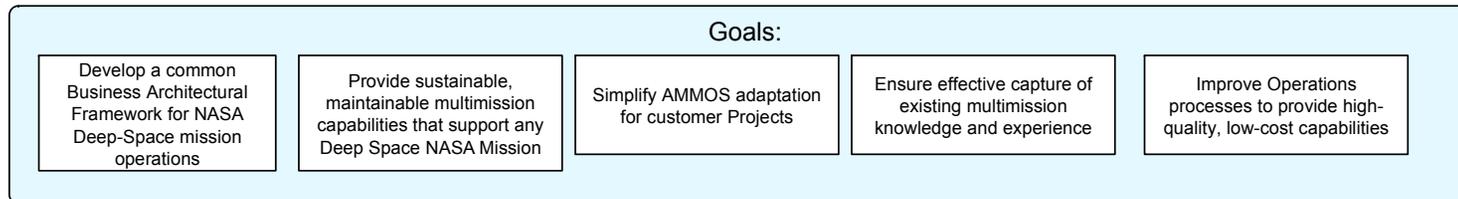


Architecture Products

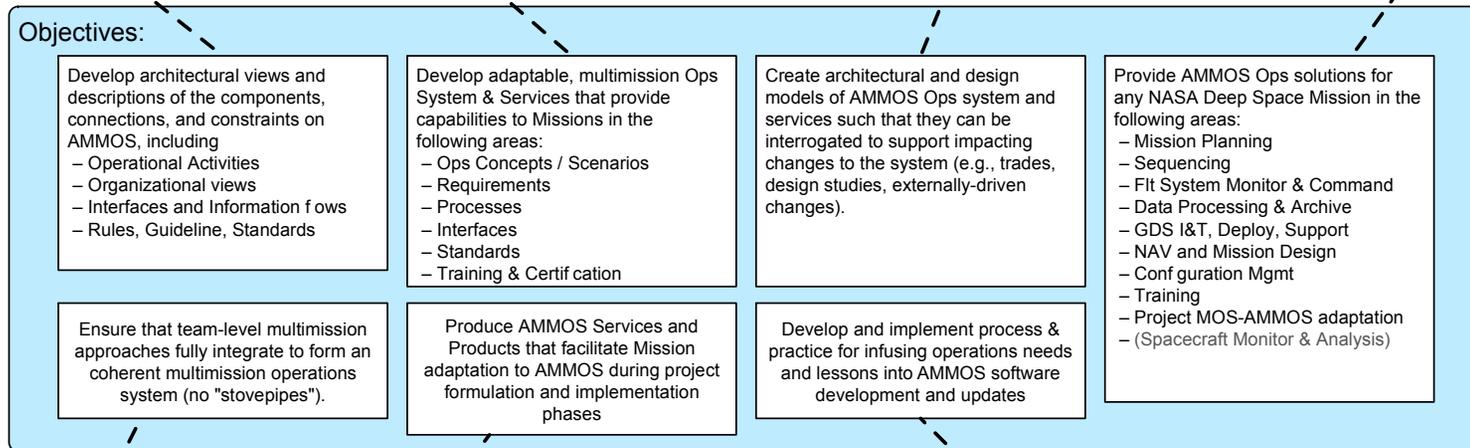
bdd [Package] Life Cycle Domain Package [Key Decision Products Relationship Service Implementation]



Establish Goals & Objectives



Produce MOS 2.0 Mission and Information Architectures Provide for a Mission's MOS needs throughout the Project Lifecycle Produce MOS 2.0 Models that give measurable & practical insight Implement key Services for use by any NASA deep-space Mission



Ensure a Cohesive, Integrated MOS 2.0 Facilitate Mission Usage and Adaptation of MOS 2.0 Capture and Apply Lessons Learned

12/01/10



Adopt Principles

- Principles guide the system
 - “Moral guidance” for design and implementation
 - Not requirements

– Primacy of Principles	– Technology Independence
– Close The Loop	– Universality of Information Security
– Customer Focus	– Use of Common Services
– Info Accessibility	– <i>MOS is a Control System</i>
– Interoperability (open standards)	– <i>Develop With What You Fly With</i>
– Learn from Experience	



Next Steps / Future Plans

- Implementing Mission Services for MOS
 - Multi-mission (adaptable) designs
- Collaboration/support of AMMOS S/W efforts
 - SEQR, ISCA, IMS, TMS...
 - Information and process architectures are key connection points
- Collaboration with APL Ops community
- Process facilitation & automation
 - BPM, process “dashboards”
 - DocGen/DocWeb for model-based docs



Ops Revitalization Team

- **Current**

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- Marc Sarrel (318)
- Rob Smith (318)
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- Jennifer Mindock (343)
- Jeannette Illsley (314)
- Glen Havens (318)
- Carole Boyles (680)
- Ben Holden (intern)
- Ryan Wollaeger (intern)

And Stakeholders too numerous to list...

