

## Henry Hotz (JPL)

### JPL's kaserver to Kerberos 5 Upgrade

As this presentation is given JPL will be in the middle of upgrading from the traditional AFS kaserver to the Heimdal Kerberos 5 KDC. The process is basically very simple, but there are a host of details to be handled in order to minimize service interruptions. We have a good set of requirements, which shows that neither Heimdal, nor MIT provide all the capabilities we will need. We also have a comprehensive list of all the details that have to be taken care of including: converting administration scripts from kas to kadmin, operational procedures that need to be available, Firewall exceptions and database replication.

ABST

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# JPL's Kerberos 5 Upgrade

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# Overview

- Preparation
- Requirements and Testing
- MIT/KTH (Heimdal) Tradeoff
- Doing the upgrade
- Follow-on
  - Migrating clients
  - New/Additional capabilities

# Preparation

- Download and read the AFS to Krb5 migration kit
  - <ftp://ftp.cmf.nrl.navy.mil/pub/kerberos5/afs-krb5-2.0.tar.gz>
  - This package includes really good descriptions of all the technical issues (in addition to patches and utilities you need to use MIT Kerberos).
- Ensure you have about 600MB disk space for KTH-Krb, Heimdal, and your database.
- Ensure you are not competing with a Windows Domain for your realm name.
  - Both Windows and Kerberos will use the same DNS SRV records to locate their servers.
  - Kerberos 5 will use DNS entries for anything not spelled out in the krb5.conf.

# Requirements and Testing

- When a job is big enough some formality is a good idea.
  - Given good requirements you can do a test for each of the requirements and then check off the requirements that have been tested prior to deployment.
- Requirements types
  - Basic — realm name, ticket handling, password change
  - Strength — encryption types, password strength and reuse
  - Legacy — existing interfaces that have to keep working
  - Compatibility — client OS's to support
  - Support — performance and availability monitoring and alarms
  - Operations — administrative and client procedures
  - Backup — (don't backup the master key with the database)
  - Evolution — future requirements and legacy capabilities to phase out

# MIT/KTH (Heimdal) Tradeoff

Feature	MIT	KTH/Heimdal	Requirement
Cracklib	Patch available	Yes	1.1.4
Kerb 5 to 4 translation	Non-MIT daemon	Yes	1.1.8, and 4.3
kaserver emulation	Non-MIT daemon	Yes	1.1.8, and 4.4
Replay cache	Yes	No	None (but 1.1.9 says we “should”)
V4 addressless	No	Configurable	1.2.1 (need it both ways, req. missing)
Password history	Yes, but. . .*	No	1.2.4
SecureID	Patch available	No	1.2.7
NASA password req's	No**	No	1.2.8, and 1.2.9
AFS string-to-key	Supported	Supported	4.1
Microsoft compatible	Yes	Yes	4.3
Updatable master key	No	Yes	None
Incremental propagation	No	Yes	None
PKINIT	No	Yes	None

\* Implemented history checking does not match JPL requirement

\*\* Requires patch and custom code.

# Server Upgrade Procedure Outline

- Download/install berkeley db3, KTH-Krb4, Heimdal, cracklib, and cracklib shim routine
  - Cracklib shim needs customizing for site policy
  - Install krb5.conf and master key file on all db servers
- Convert kaserver database to Heimdal database with hprop | hpropd
  - Add principals needed for kdc/kpasswd/kadmin operation
  - Create /var/heimdal/kadmind.acl file with list of AFS admin principals.
- Shut down kaserver, and startup kdc, kpasswd, and kadmind
  - Add stuff to /etc/rc\* and /etc/inetd.conf to do this automatically
  - Update /etc/services
- Repeat for slave servers
  - Create hprop service principals and keytab files for all slaves
  - Start hpropd (or ipropd) instead of kpasswd and kadmind.

# ToDo List

- Some requirements take more work than others.
  - Sometimes you discover requirements late.
- JPL-unique wordlist for cracklib.
- Expiring password notification process.
- Procedure for reverting to the kaserver if the upgrade fails.
- KDC log rotation and backup
- Extra security for admin principals.
- Password expiration and ticket renewal limit not set by kaserver import.

# Client migration

- All existing interfaces continue to work
  - Except password change
- Need K5 initial authorization
  - Unix
    - SSH - in flux, but progressing (3.8 has some support)
    - PAM - pam\_krb5afs
    - Other - ak[5]log or gssklog command line
  - MacOS X
    - Current: aklog plugin
    - Future: need PAG in terms of Mach Security Context
      - Would allow kernel module to get the afs token itself
  - Windows
    - WolfCall <http://www.eos.ncsu.edu/wolfcall/>
    - Wake <http://www.rose-hulman.edu/TSC/software/wake/>
    - KfW <http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/>
      - Unlike the base MIT package AFS integration is included

# Deferred Implementation

- Multi-Factor Authentication
- Web support
- Password History