

## **External Calibration for the Space Interferometry Mission**

Joe Catanzarite  
California Institute of Technology

Mark Miifornia, Milto Papalexandris,  
Stuart Shaklan, and Ipek Basdogan  
Jet Propulsion Laboratory

### **Abstract**

The Space Interferometry Mission (SIM) will launch a space-borne optical interferometer with 10 meter baseline in 2009. It will have the capability to measure absolute angular positions of stars to accuracy of 4 microarcseconds; relative positions of stars within a 1-degree narrow-angle field will be measured to an accuracy of 1 microarcsecond.

The basic measurements of SIM's interferometer are delays:

$d = B \cdot S + C$ , where  $d$  = delay,  $B$  = baseline vector,

$S$  = unit vector to the star being measured,

$C$  is a scalar field-dependent correction that needs to be periodically updated.

The basic calibration problem is to correct the delay for the field-dependent term.

Our approach to this problem is 'external' -- we determine  $C$  from measurements on a specially chosen field of calibration stars.

This external calibration method will be presented, along with results of astrometric simulations demonstrating its feasibility.

This work was carried out at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, under contract with NASA.